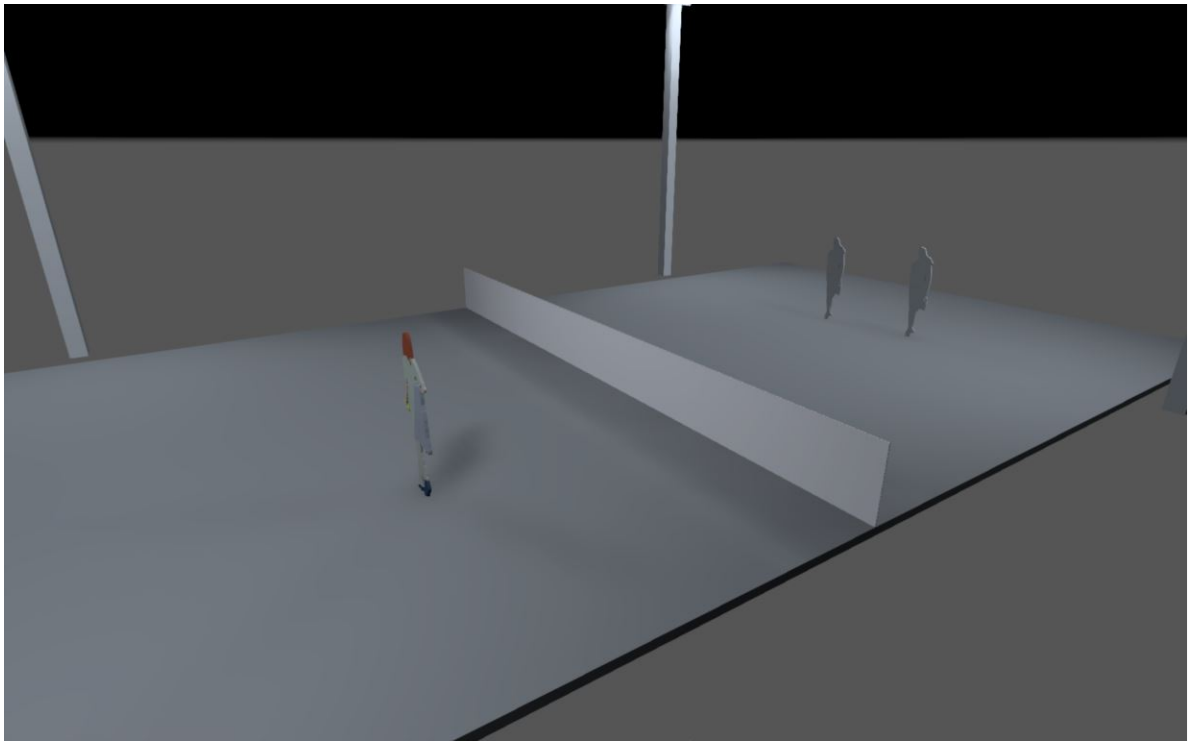


Simulazione illuminotecnica Italian Padel proiettori 110W ASY

Created with DIALux

Preliminary remarks

Notes on planning:

The energy consumption quantities do not take into account light scenes and their dimming levels.

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Site 1

Building 1

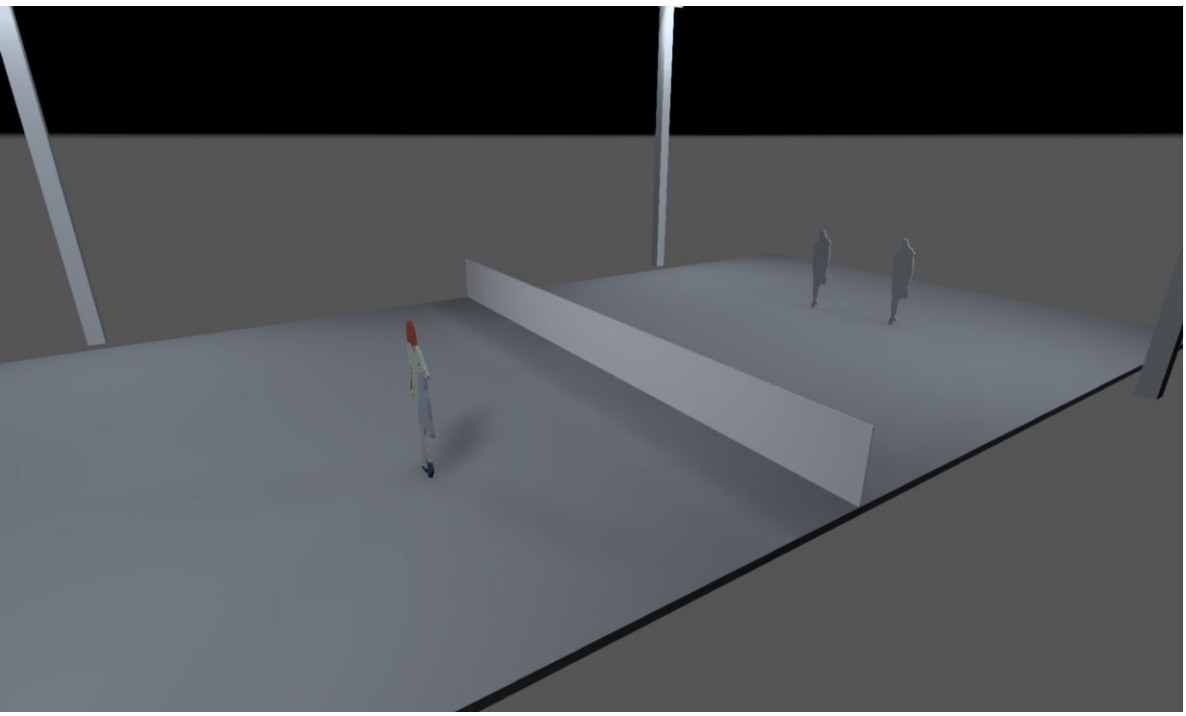
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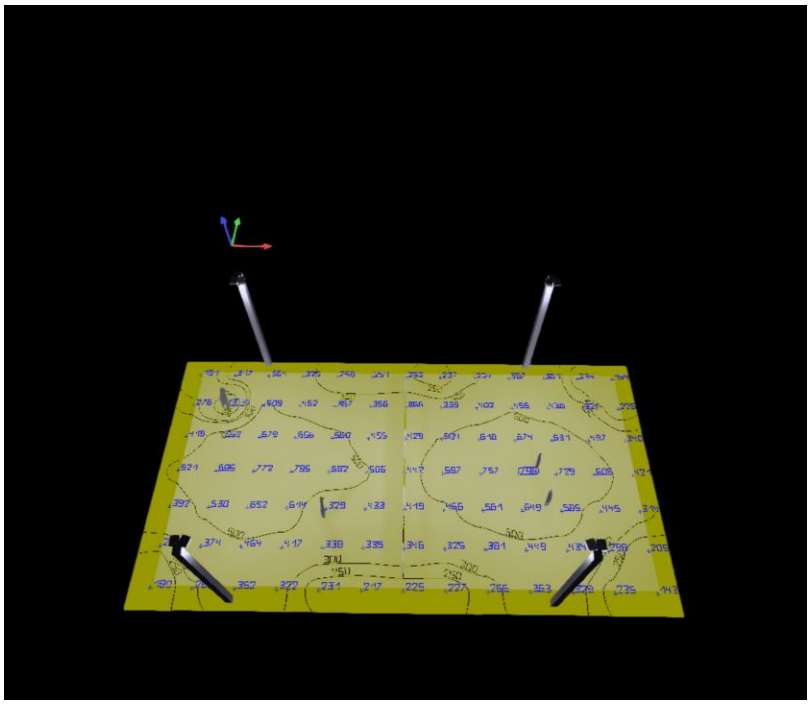


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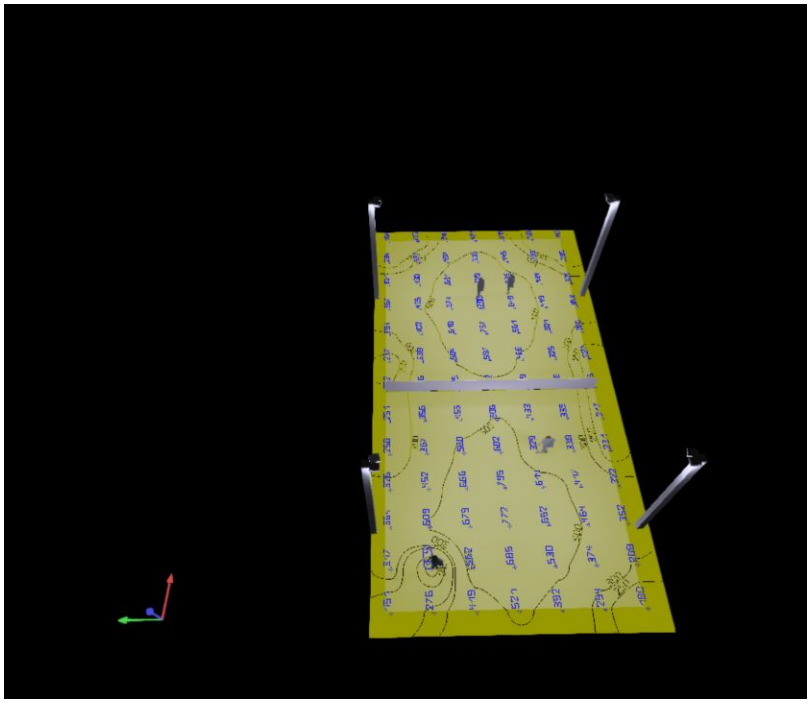
Simulazione con fari 150W rispetto normativa EN12193 competizioni amatoriali, allenamento interno/esterno

Images

Site 1 (5)

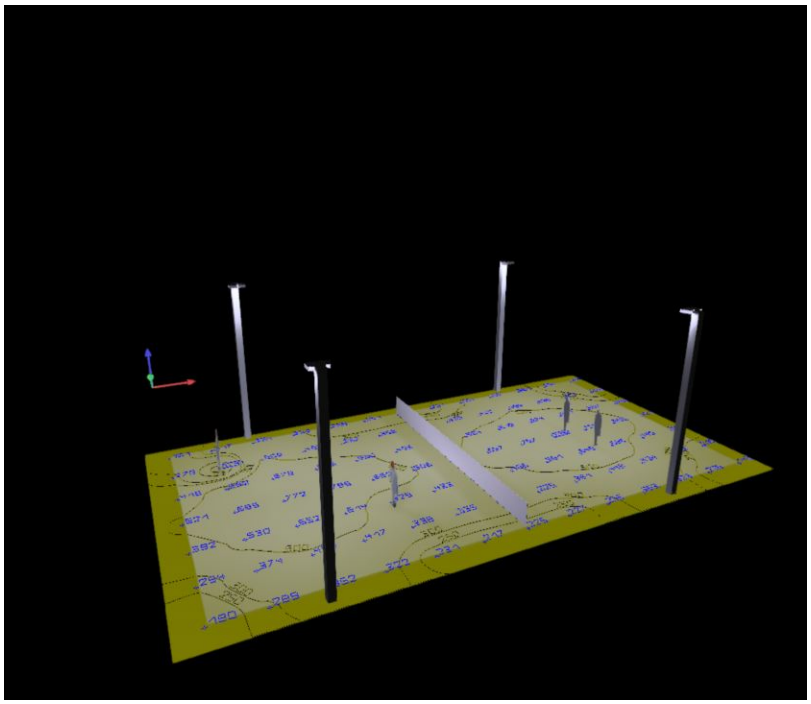


Site 1 (6)



Images

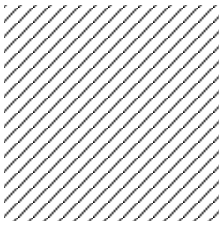
Site 1 (7)



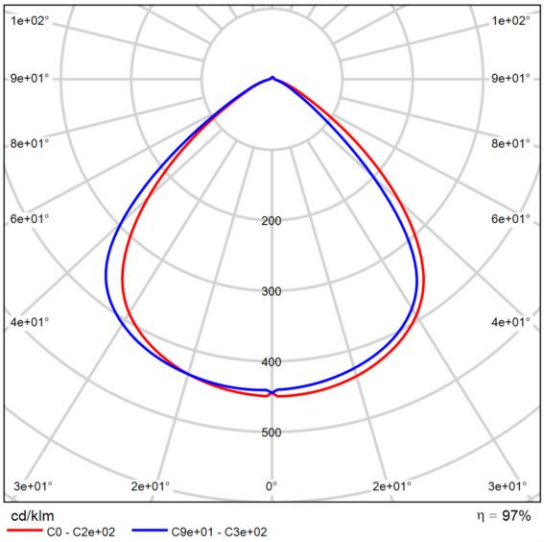
Luminaire list

Φ_{total}	P_{total}	Luminous efficacy
177328 lm	1200.0 W	147.8 lm/W

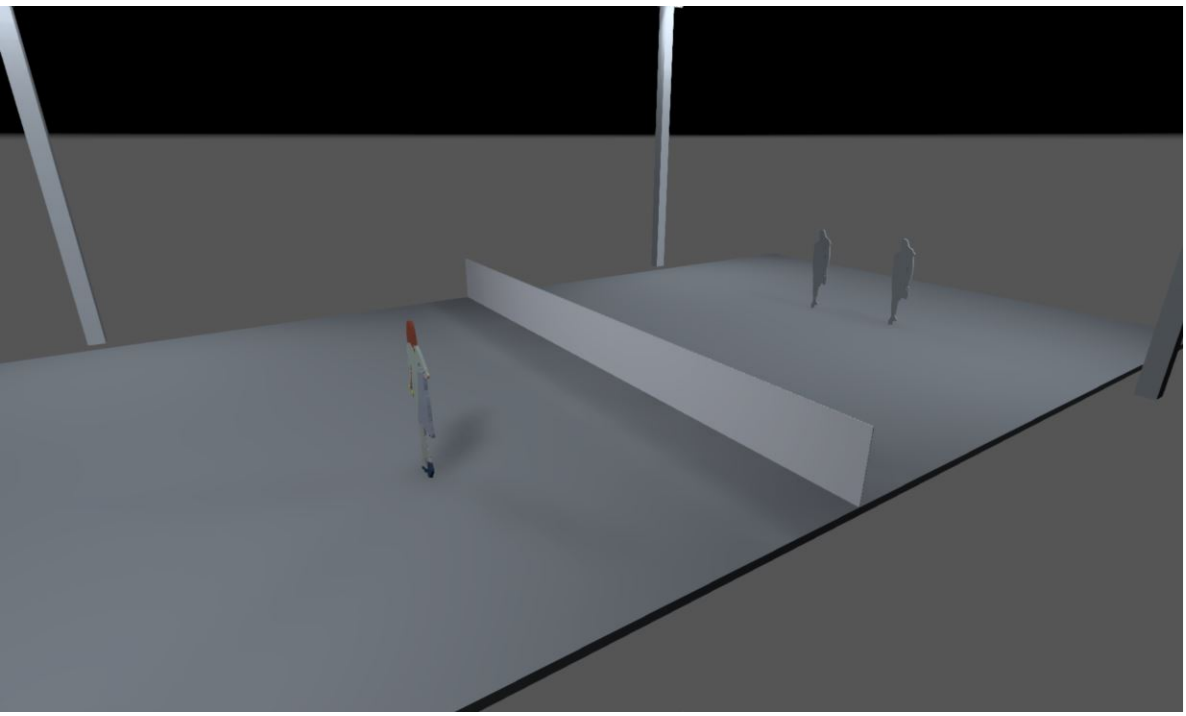
pcs.	Article No.	Article name	P	Φ	Luminous efficacy
8	SLIM G2 LED FLOOD LIGHT	FL150RECH-PS	150.0 W	22166 lm	147.8 lm/W



Article No.	SLIM G2 LED FLOOD LIGHT
P	150.0 W
Φ_{Lamp}	22800 lm
$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	22166 lm
η	97.22 %
Luminous efficacy	147.8 lm/W
CCT	4000 K
CRI	80



Polar LDC

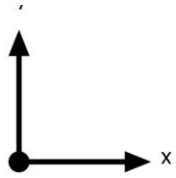


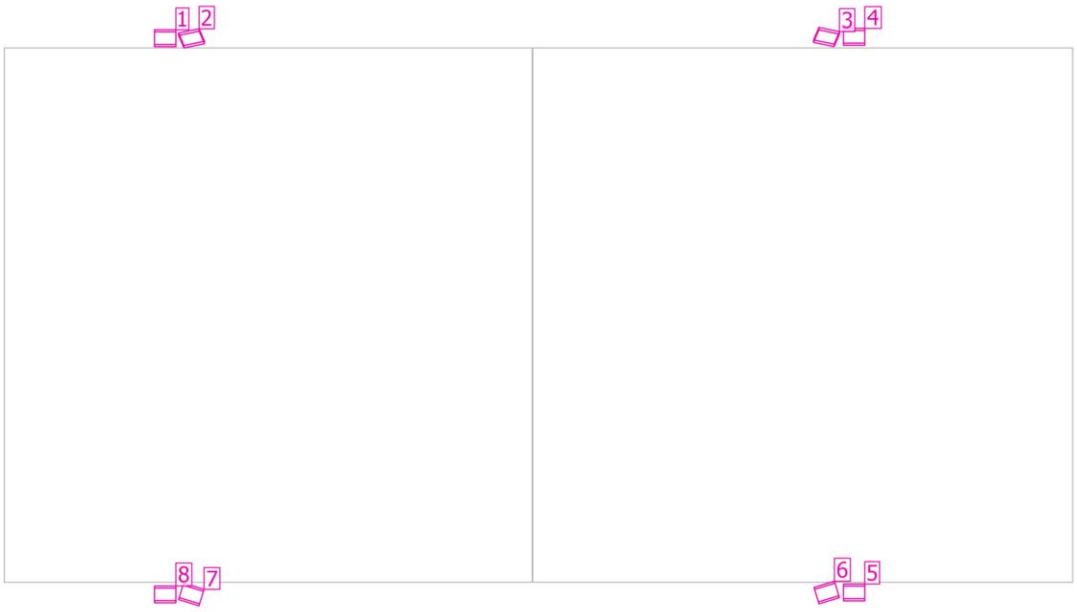
Site 1

Description

Site 1

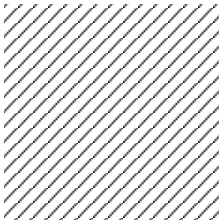
Luminaire layout plan

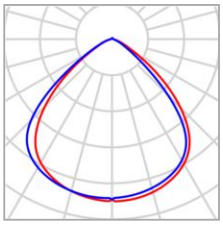




Site 1

Luminaire layout plan





Article No.	SLIM G2 LED FLOOD LIGHT
Article name	FL150RECH-PS
Fitting	1x Led pcb 192pz 2835 Philips

P	150.0 W
$\Phi_{Luminaire}$	22166 lm

Individual luminaires

X	Y	Mounting height	Luminaire
3.130 m	-8.297 m	6.604 m	1
3.623 m	-8.297 m	6.604 m	2
15.510 m	-8.272 m	6.578 m	3
16.028 m	-8.272 m	6.578 m	4
16.028 m	-18.711 m	6.600 m	5
15.520 m	-18.711 m	6.600 m	6
3.613 m	-18.747 m	6.600 m	7
3.130 m	-18.747 m	6.600 m	8

Site 1

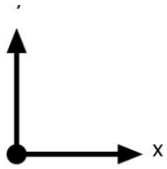
Luminaire list

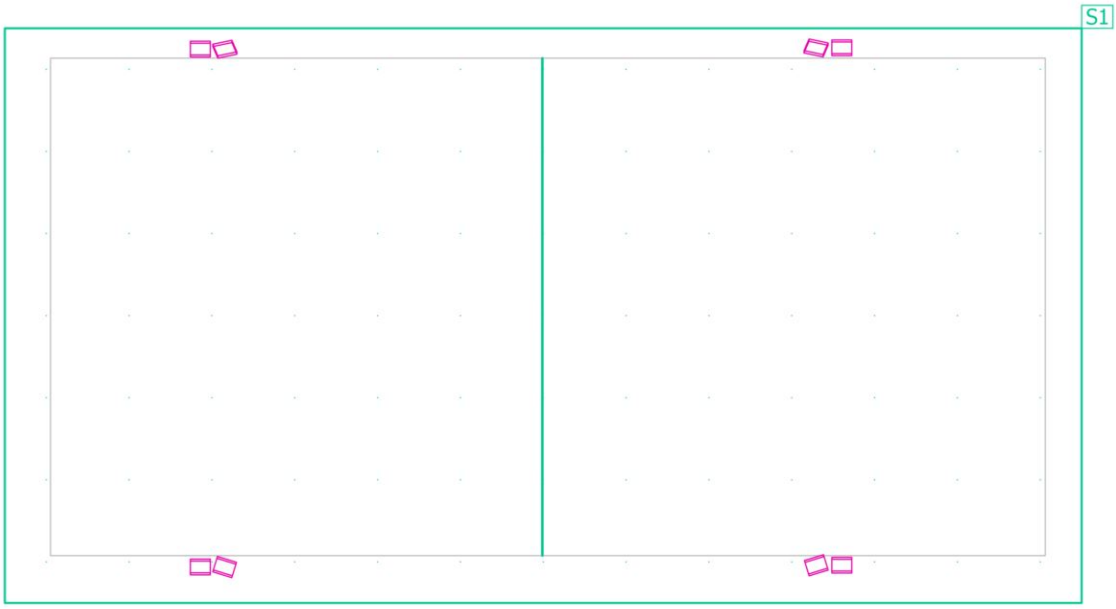
Φ_{total}	P_{total}	Luminous efficacy
177328 lm	1200.0 W	147.8 lm/W

pcs.	Article No.	Article name	P	Φ	Luminous efficacy
8	SLIM G2 LED FLOOD LIGHT	FL150RECH-PS	150.0 W	22166 lm	147.8 lm/W

Site 1

Calculation objects





Site 1

Calculation objects

Calculation surfaces

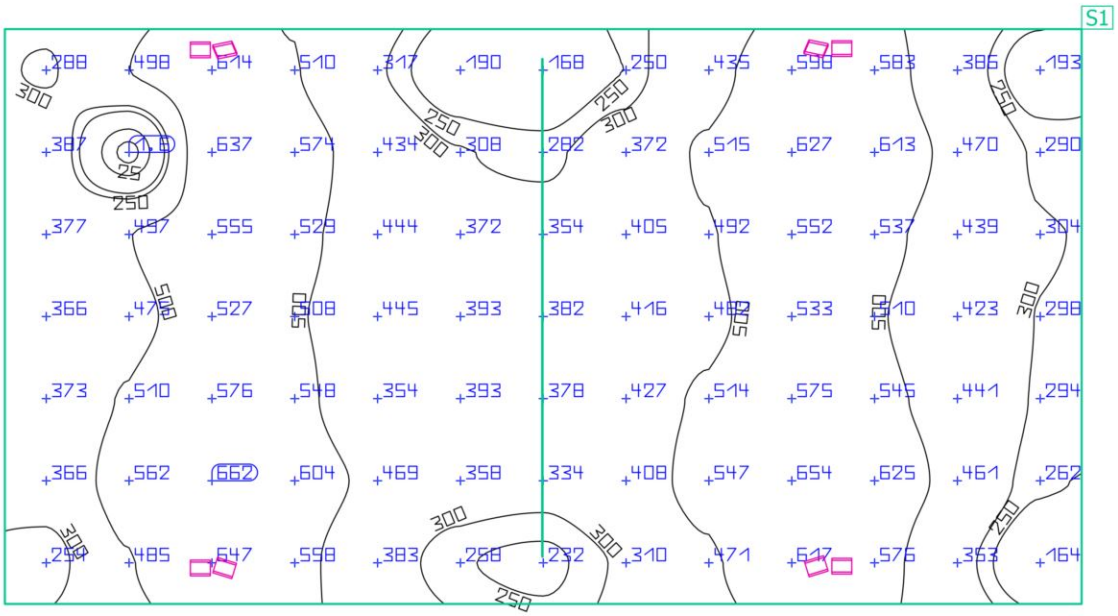
Properties	$\bar{E}$	E_{min}	E_{max}	g_1	g_2	Index
Calculation surface 1 Perpendicular illuminance Height: 1.000 m	436 lx	1.62 lx	662 lx	0.004	0.002	S1

Utilisation profile: DIALux presetting, Standard (outdoor transportation area)

Site 1

Calculation surface 1





Properties	Ē	E_{min}	E_{max}	g_1	g_2	Index
Calculation surface 1 Perpendicular illuminance Height: 1.000 m	436 lx	1.62 lx	662 lx	0.004	0.002	S1

Utilisation profile: DIALux presetting, Standard (outdoor transportation area)



Building 1

Description

Building 1 · Storey 1

Description

Glossary

A

A	Formula symbol for a surface in the geometry

B

Background area	The background area borders the direct ambient area according to DIN EN 12464-1 and reaches up to the borders of the room. In larger rooms, the background area is at least 3 m wide. It is located horizontally at floor level.

C

CCT	(Engl. correlated colour temperature) Body temperature of a thermal radiator which serves to describe its light colour. Unit: Kelvin [K]. The lesser the numerical value the redder; the greater the numerical value the bluer the light colour. The colour temperature of gas-discharge lamps and semi-conductors are termed "correlated colour temperature" in contrast to the colour temperature of thermal radiators. Allocation of the light colours to the colour temperature ranges acc. to EN 12464-1: Light colour - colour temperature [K] warm white (ww) < 3,300 K neutral white (nw) ≥ 3,300 – 5,300 K daylight white (dw) > 5.300 K
Clearance height	The designation for the distance between upper edge of the floor and bottom edge of the ceiling (in the completely furnished status of room).
CRI	(Engl. colour rendering index) Designation for the colour rendering index of a luminaire or a lamp acc. to DIN 6169: 1976 or CIE 13.3: 1995. The general colour rendering index Ra (or CRI) is a dimensionless figure that describes the quality of a white light source in regards to its similarity with the remission spectra of defined 8 test colours (see DIN 6169 or CIE 1974) to a reference light source.

D

Daylight factor	Ratio of the illuminance achieved solely by daylight incidence at a point in the inside to the horizontal illuminance in the outer area under an unobstructed sky. Formula symbol: D (Engl. daylight factor) Unit: %

Glossary

Daylight quotient effective area	A calculation surface within which the daylight quotient is calculated.

E

Eta (η)	(light output ratio) The light output ratio describes what percentage of the luminous flux of a free radiating lamp (or LED module) is emitted by the luminaire when installed. Unit: %

G

g1	Often also Uo (Engl. overall uniformity) Designates the overall uniformity of the illuminance on a surface. It is the quotient from Emin to Ē and is required, for instance, in standards for illumination of workstations.
g2	Actually it designates the "non-uniformity" of the illuminance on a surface. It is the quotient of Emin to Emax and is generally only relevant for certifying the emergency lighting acc. to EN 1838.

I

Illuminance	Describes the ratio of the luminous flux that strikes a certain surface to the size of this surface ($lm/m^2 = lx$). The illuminance is not tied to an object surface. It can be determined anywhere in space (inside or outside). The illuminance is not a product feature because it is a recipient value. Luxometers are used for measuring. Unit: Lux Abbreviation: lx Formula symbol: E
Illuminance, adaptive	For the determining of the middle adaptive illuminance on a surface, this is rastered "adaptively". In the area of large illuminance differences within the surface, the raster is subdivided finer; within lesser differences, a rougher classification is made.
Illuminance, horizontal	Illuminance that is calculated or measured on a horizontal (level) surface (this can be for example a table top or the floor). The horizontal illuminance is usually identified by the formula letter Eh.
Illuminance, perpendicular	Illuminance that is calculated or measured plumb-vertical to a surface. This needs to be taken into account for tilted surfaces. If the surface is horizontal or vertical, then there is no difference between the perpendicular and the horizontal or vertical illuminance.

Glossary

Illuminance, vertical	Illuminance that is calculated or measured on a vertical surface (this can be for example the front of some shelves). The vertical illuminance is usually identified by the formula letter Ev.

L

LENI	(Engl. lighting energy numeric indicator) Lighting energy numeric indicator acc. to EN 15193 Unit: kWh/m² year
LLMF	(Engl. lamp lumen maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Lamp flux maintenance factor that takes the luminous flux reduction into account of a luminaire or an LED module in the course of the operating time. The lamp flux maintenance factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no luminous flux reduction existing).
LMF	(Engl. luminaire maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Luminaire maintenance factor that takes the soiling into account of the luminaire in the course of the operating time. The luminaire maintenance factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no soiling existing).
LSF	(Engl. lamp survival factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Lamp survival factor that takes the total failure into account of a luminaire in the course of the operating time. The lamp survival factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no failures existing within the time concerned or prompt replacement after the failure).
Luminance	Dimension for the "brightness impression" that the human eye has of a surface. The surface itself can emit light thereby or light striking it can be reflected (emitter value). It is the only photometric value that the human eye can perceive. Unit: Candela per square metre Abbreviation: cd/m² Formula symbol: L
Luminous efficacy	Ratio of the emitted luminous flux Φ [lm] to the absorbed electrical power P [W] Unit: lm/W. This ratio can be formed for the lamp or LED module (lamp or module light output), the lamp or module with control gear (system light output) and the complete luminaire (luminaire light output).

Glossary

Luminous flux	Dimension for the total light output that is emitted from one light source in all directions. It is thus an "emitter value" that specifies the entire emitting output. The luminous flux of a light source can only be determined in a laboratory. A difference is made between the lamp or LED module luminous flux and the luminaire luminous flux. Unit: Lumen Abbreviation: lm Formula symbol: Φ
Luminous intensity	Describes the intensity of the light in a certain direction (emitter value). The luminous intensity is a matter of the luminous flux Φ that is emitted in a certain spherical angle Ω. The radiation characteristics of a light source are presented graphically in a light distribution curve (LDC). The luminous intensity is an SI base unit. Unit: Candela Abbreviation: cd Formula symbol: I

M

Maintenance factor	See MF
MF	(Engl. maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Maintenance factor as decimal number between 0 and 1 that describes the ratio of the new value of a photometric planning parameter (e.g. of the illuminance) to a maintenance value after a certain time. The maintenance factor takes into account the soiling of luminaires and rooms as well as the luminous flux reduction and the failure of light sources. The maintenance factor is taken into account either overall or determined in detail acc. to CIE 97: 2005 by the formula RMF x LMF x LLMF x LSF.

P

P	(Engl. power) Electric power consumption Unit: watt Abbreviation: W

R

Reflection factor	The reflection factor of a surface describes how much of the striking light is reflected back. The reflection factor is defined by the colour of the surface.

Glossary

RMF	(Engl. room maintenance factor)/acc. to CIE 97: 2005 Room maintenance factor that takes the soiling into account of the space encompassing surfaces in the course of the operating time. The room maintenance factor is specified as a decimal digit and can have a maximum value of 1 (no soiling existing).

S

Surrounding area	The ambient area directly borders the area of the visual task and should be planned with a width of at least 0.5 m according to DIN EN 12464-1. It is at the same height as the area of the visual task.

U

UGR (max)	(unified glare rating) Measure for the psychological glare effect in interiors. In addition to luminaire luminance, the UGR value also depends on the position of the observer, the viewing direction and the ambient luminance. Among other things, EN 12464-1 specifies maximum permissible UGR values for various indoor workplaces.
UGR observer	Calculation point in the room, for the DIALux the UGR value is determined. The location and height of the calculation point should correspond to the typical observer position (position and eye level of the user).

V

Visual task area	The area that is needed for carrying out the visual task in accordance with DIN EN 12464-1. The height corresponds with the height at which the visual task is executed.

W

Wall zone	Circumferential area between working plane and walls which is not taken into account for the calculation.
Workplane	Virtual measuring or calculation surface at the height of the visual task that generally follows the room geometry. The working plane may also feature a wall zone.

Raptor

Code:RA-FL-YYYW-8XX

Rev 5.24

MADE IN ITALY



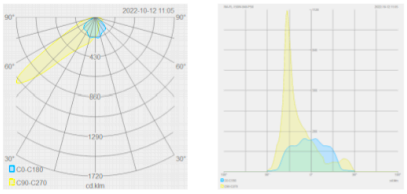


1-10 V | DALI | CLASS II | QUICK | 1 m | WATER STOP | IP 66

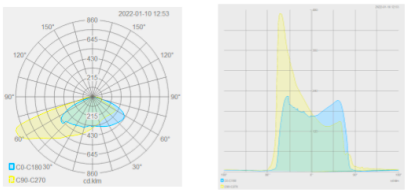
General information	Power supply:	200V-240VAC 50/60Hz (Optional 120Vac)
	IP Grade:	IP66
	Power supply:	Eletronic 98% PF active
	Body	Aluminim die casting AC-12, A304 grade screws
	Glass:	Temperated glass 4mm, ultra white
	Sealing material:	Silicone foam strip applied by robot
	Installation Type:	Ceiling - wall
	Working temperature	-20+60°C
	Weight:	Look left tab
LED	Tecnology	Philips Fortimo 2024 version
	CRI	>80
Lens	LM80B10 (Ta 45°C)	70.000Hrs
	Lm/w from source	210 Lm/w
Norms	Light diffusion	Direct Light
	Lens	PMMA grade UV protected
	Norms	IEC 60598-1:2020 CE
	IEC 62471	Exempt group
	Warranty	5 Yrs Warranty

Diagram

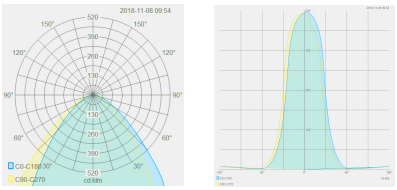
50°



65°



90°



Product family	CCT	Function	Optional
RA-FL-100W-840 = 100W **RA-FL-150W-840 = 150W** **RA-FL-180W-840 = 180W**	**830=** 3000K **840=** 4000K **850**=5000K (optional)	**N** = not dimming **M** = Motion Sensor **N** = Smart Sensor **D** = DALI **A** = 1-10V	**EME8** = emergency pack 8W output 180minute backup

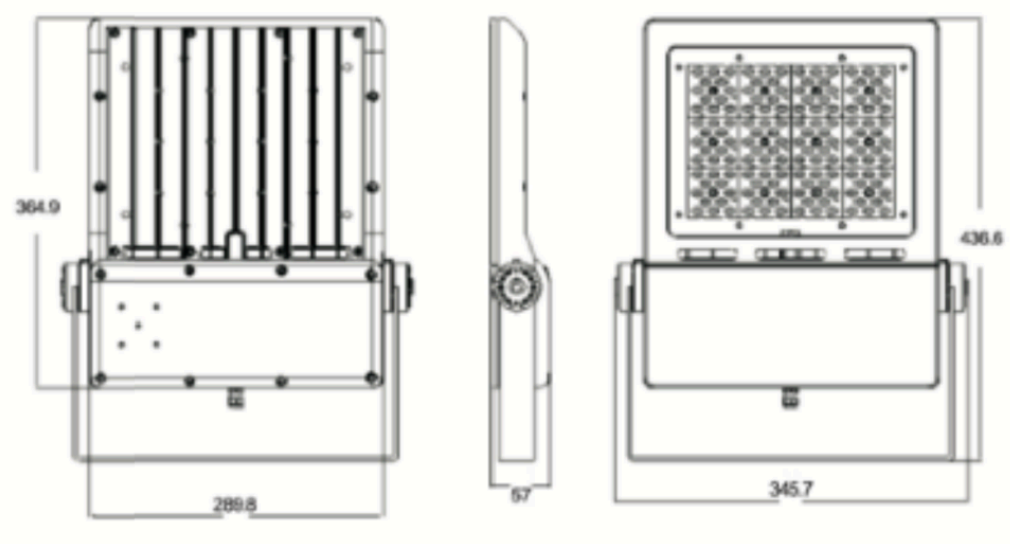
Example: RA-FL-150W-840-D-EME8

Models

Codes	System Watts	Led	Color temperature (K)	Lm. 60°C Tc
RA-FL-100W-840	100W	SMD	4000	15000
RA-FL-150W-840	150W	SMD	4000	26000
RA-FL-180W-840	180W	SMD	4000	30500

Note: Due to rapid and continuous advances in LED technology, LED luminaire data is subject to change without notice and at the discretion of MGE Lighting. Lumen output by optic type will vary slightly. See IES files when available. All technical data is subject to change.

Photometric



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