MANCHESTER CITY COUNCIL

Town & Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

Refusal of Planning Permission

Part 1 – Particulars of the application/development

Proposal:

Erection of a single storey extension to the rear and side to form self contained massage centre (sui generis).

Location:

7 Reginald Street Manchester M11 1PS

Application reference:

145612/FO/2026

Applicant:

Mr Marian Ilie

Date of application:

16 April 2026

Part 2 – Particulars of decision

Manchester City Council gives notice that the development referred to in Part 1 has been **refused** in accordance with the application and plans submitted for the reasons listed below.

Article 35 Declaration

Reason(s) for decision

1) The development would involve the operation of a massage business (sui generis) that would have an incongruous relationship to the residential context of the application site. It would also potentially result in overly intensive activity in the vicinity of the application site leading to increased noise, disturbance, traffic generation and on-street car parking. The development would thereby detract from the residential character of the surrounding area and be harmful to the amenity and well-being of neighbouring residents, which would be contrary to policies SP1 and DM1 of the Core Strategy for the City of Manchester and policies JP-P1: Sustainable places and JP-P6: Health contained within Sustainable Development Joint Development Plan Document - Places for Everyone.

2) The design of the proposed development would fail to achieve a coherent and cohesive relationship the adjoining 7 Reginald Street and neighbouring housing through: the incongruous use of grey cladding and absence of articulation and glazing to the principal elevation of the extension. The development would thereby be harmful to amenities of the area and the character of the streetscene, contrary to policies SP1 and DM1 of the Core Strategy for the City of Manchester and policies JP-P1: Sustainable places and JP-P6: Health contained within Sustainable Development Joint Development Plan Document - Places for Everyone.

3) It has not been demonstrated the development would be supported with appropriate and satisfactory arrangements for waste and recycling management, including measures to ensure that bins (with satisfactory capacities) would be appropriately stored within the application site. The development is thereby contrary to policies SP1, EN19 and DM1 of the Core Strategy for the City of Manchester and policies JP-P1: Sustainable places and JP-P6: Health contained within Sustainable Development Joint Development Plan Document - Places for Everyone.

Date: 08 July 2026

Signed: 
Julie Roscoe
Director of Planning, Building Control & Licensing

Manchester City Council, P O Box 532, Town Hall, Manchester M60 2LA

Notes

1. This permission refers only to that required under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment, byelaw, order or regulation.

2. If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, they may appeal to the Secretary of State in accordance with Section 78(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) within six months of the date of the notice of the decision. However, if an enforcement notice has been served for the same or very similar development within the previous 2 years, the time limit is:

   - 28 days from the date of the LPA decision if the enforcement notice was served before the decision was made yet not longer than 2 years before the application was made.

   - 28 days from the date the enforcement notice was served if served on or after the date the decision was made (unless this extends the appeal period beyond 6 months).

   The Planning Inspectorate have introduced an online appeals service that can be used to make appeals online. This service is available through the gov.uk website – www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision The Inspectorate will publish details of your appeal on the internet. Alternatively If you are unable to access the online appeal form, please contact the Planning Inspectorate to obtain a paper copy of the appeal form on tel: 0303 444 5000.

   The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but they will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances that excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

   If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the City Council (planning@manchester.gov.uk) and the Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. Further details are on GOV.UK.

3. The statutory requirements are those set out in Section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), namely Sections 70(1) and 72(1) of the Act.

4. If either the local planning authority of the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that they can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.

   In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

5. In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to them. The

circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in Section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

Right of challenge on planning application decision

A third party does not have a right of appeal against a decision on a planning application. Instead, there is a right of challenge (a Judicial Review) which is limited to lawfulness of the procedure that we have taken in coming to that decision.

Any challenge must be based on the following and not the merit of the decision:

- Procedural irregularity
- Irrationality
- Illegality

Any application for permission to bring such a challenge (which is through the High Court) must be made within 6 weeks of the date of the decision being issued.