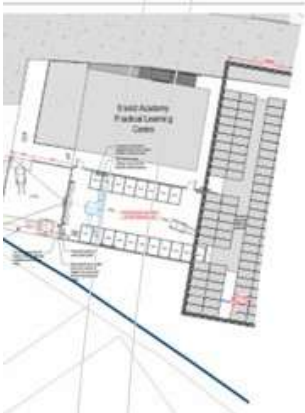




**EARTH ENVIRONMENTAL
& GEOTECHNICAL**
A Technics Group Company



Phase II GeoEnvironmental

Site Investigation

Openshaw Campus

Manchester College

October 2025



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PHASE II GEOENVIRONMENTAL GROUND INVESTIGATION

**OPENSHAW CAMPUS
FOR
THE MANCHESTER COLLEGE**

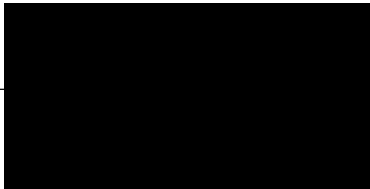
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

A site investigation has been commissioned by Manchester College (the 'Client') to examine ground conditions for the construction of a new college building with associated servicing and vehicular access.

1.2 Existing Planning Applications

EEG is not aware of any planning applications submitted to the local council.

1.3 Terms of Reference

The Client has commissioned Earth Environmental and Geotechnical Ltd (EEG) to undertake a site investigation in accordance with proposal A7009/25 dated 4th August 2025.

The objectives of this investigation are as follows:

- *Provide factual information on the work undertaken, including sampling location plan, borehole logs, trial pit logs, geotechnical/ chemical testing, and monitoring.*
- *Tier 1 (semi-quantitative) risk assessment will be undertaken. This will compare the concentrations of soil and ground gas identified against current and relevant published guidelines, in relation to identified receptors, such as existing or future end-users and site neighbours.*
- *Classification of soils for off-site disposal.*
- *Assessment of ground conditions for foundation and soakaway design.*

1.4 Report Scope

This report presents complete factual records of the site work carried out, the ground conditions encountered in the exploratory holes, and the in situ and laboratory test results. All information collected has been used to provide an interpretation of the ground conditions, along with recommendations on geotechnical design and potential risks of ground contamination for the proposed development.

1.5 Limitations of the Study

The report is written in the context of an agreed scope of work and budget and should not be used in a different context. New information, improved practices, or changes in legislation may require a reinterpretation of the report in whole or in part. EEG reserves the right to amend either conclusions or recommendations in light of any further information that may become available. The report is provided for the sole use of the client and is confidential to them.

Recommendations within this report are also based on exploratory records and examination of samples and, where applicable, laboratory tests. No liability can be accepted for conditions not revealed by the boreholes and trial pits, particularly at intervening locations.

Whilst every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the data supplied, all opinions expressed regarding the spatial distribution of strata between sampling locations are for guidance only, and no responsibility is accepted for their accuracy.

2.0 SITE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION

The site is located at the southern end of Manchester College, Openshaw Campus, Manchester.

The approximate National Grid Reference for the centre of the site is SJ 87587 97264 (X: 387587, Y: 397264), with the closest postcode being M11 2WH.

The site is an approximately rectangular parcel of land located to the rear of the Openshaw campus. The site comprises a hardstanding parking area and a small strip of soft landscaping along the southern edge of the site.

The broader site within the Openshaw Campus, with further parking areas to the north and east, is bounded by a campus boundary of trees to the south and a footpath and slope leading to additional parking to the west.

The site location is shown in the aerial photograph presented as Figure 1, below.

Figure 1: Aerial Photograph Showing Site Location



General site photographs are presented in Figure 2 overleaf.

Figure 2: General Site Photographs

Photograph taken across the site, facing south west.



Photograph looking south showing cable percussion drilling rig in use.





Photograph of WS03 soil samples



Photograph of TP01 showing deeply made ground



2.1 Geology

The British Geological Survey shows the site to be underlain by the geological succession outlined below.

The BGS states that artificial deposits do not underlie the site.

The site is recorded to be underlain by superficial deposits of Devensian Till, which generally comprises clay, silt, sand and gravel with or without boulders.

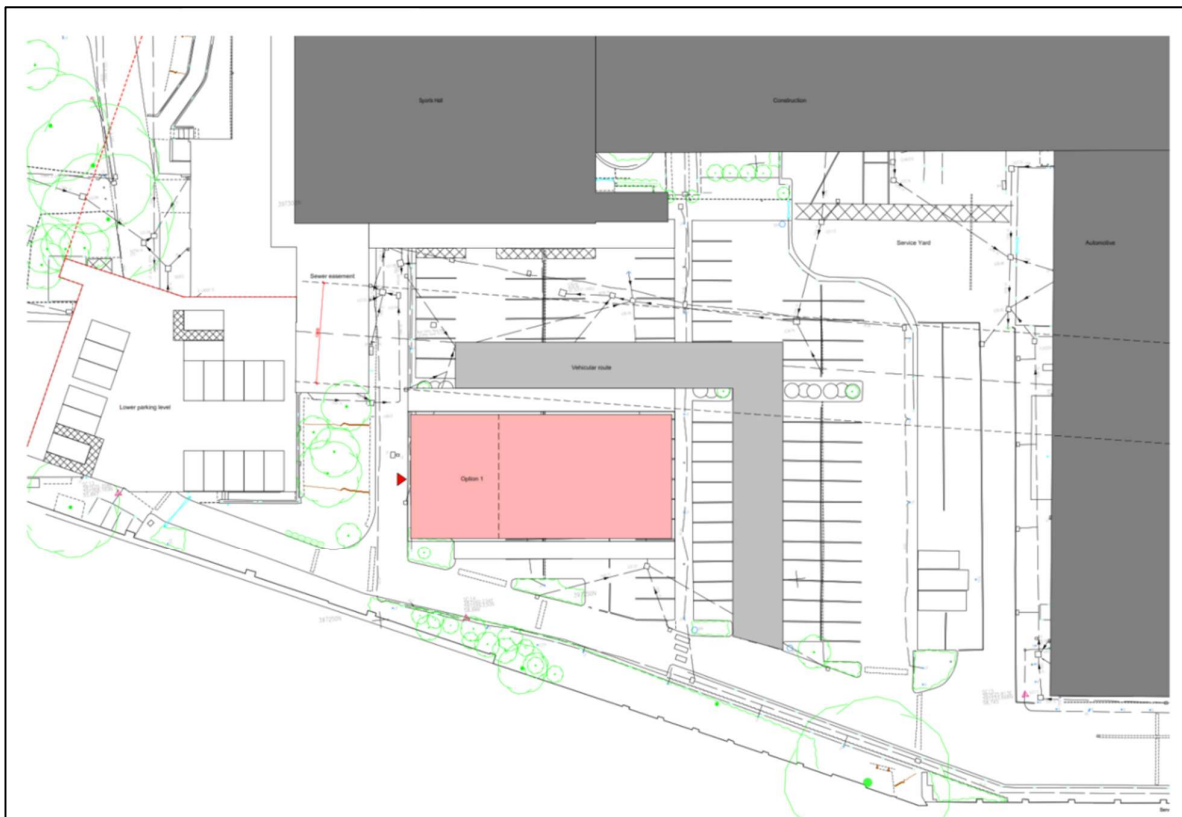
The solid geology beneath the north of the site is recorded to be the Chester Formation, which generally comprises reddish orange sandstone.

2.2 Proposed Development

It is understood that the Client intends to construct a new college building, with associated parking.

The proposed development layout details are shown in Figure 3 below.

Figure 3: Proposed Development Plan



3.0 SITE INVESTIGATION

3.1 Exploratory Fieldwork

The fieldwork was carried out by EEG between 14th and 20th August 2025.

The logging of soils and rocks has been carried out in accordance with BS5930^(2015+A1:2020) except where superseded by the soil and rock description methodology in BS EN14688-1⁽²⁰⁰²⁾, BS EN 14688-2⁽²⁰⁰⁴⁾ and BS EN 14689-1⁽²⁰⁰³⁾.

The fieldwork comprised:

- Five window sample boreholes (designated WS01 – WS05) were sunk to depths of between 1.00 and 5.00m below existing ground level. Window sampler boring was carried out using a small, track-mounted rig that employs a chain-driven trip hammer to drive sampling tubes or penetrometers into the ground. These tools are coupled to the anvil of the hammer by solid drill rods. Sampling tubes comprise “windowless samplers,” which are plain sampler tubes in which a continuous disturbed sample is recovered within a semi-rigid plastic liner. In order to reduce friction within the borehole, sampling tubes of progressively smaller diameter are used as the borehole depth increases. Sampler diameters generally range from approximately 90mm to 50mm. Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were undertaken in the boreholes in accordance with BS EN ISO 22476-3. Groundwater observations were noted where possible. These observations relate to the time of the investigation only and do not necessarily reflect seasonal fluctuations. Exploratory hole logs are included in Appendix 1.
- 50mm diameter monitoring standpipes were installed in all window sample boreholes at depths of between 1.00 to 5.00m below ground level. Installation and backfill details are shown with the appropriate borehole log sheet. EEG carried out groundwater and ground gas monitoring in standpipes after the fieldwork period, the results of which are presented in Section 8.
- Two 150mm diameter boreholes (designated CP01 to CP02) were sunk to depths of 11.00m below existing ground level. The holes had a target depth of 15.00m bgl, however refusals in the underlying mudstone bedrock terminated the holes early. All five 150mm boreholes were drilled using a cable percussion boring rig. With this type of rig boreholes are advanced by the percussive action of drill tools suspended on a winch-driven steel cable. The tools generally include a clay-cutter for penetrating fine-grained soils, and a shell for use in coarse-grained, or “granular,” soils. Representative disturbed samples were recovered as boring proceeded. In addition, “undisturbed” 100mm diameter samples (U100's) were recovered, as appropriate, using standard thick-walled, open-drive samplers, with a steel cutting shoe, dynamically driven by a sliding hammer. Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were undertaken in the boreholes in accordance with BS EN ISO 22476-3. Chiselling techniques, using a chisel or shell, were employed where necessary to advance the boreholes through obstructions or into hard strata. Details of groundwater conditions were noted and are indicated on the attached borehole logs. These observations relate only to the time of boring and do not necessarily reflect possible seasonal fluctuations. They may have been affected by the installation of casing or the addition of water to aid boring.

- Exploratory Hole Logs are included in Appendix 1.
- Two trial pits (designated TP01 to TP02) were excavated using an 8-tonne tracked digger to a depth of 1.40m below the existing ground level. The trial pits were excavated for the purpose of conducting infiltration rate testing in accordance with BRE Digest 365 (2016). Trial pits were backfilled immediately on completion of testing.

Trial pit logs are presented in Appendix 1.

Exploratory hole locations were chosen based on the proposed development and located on-site by an EEG engineer, avoiding known or suspected services. Table 1 below outlines the targeted features.

Table 1: Sampling Location Justification

Exploratory Hole	Sampling Location
WS01	Beneath the proposed development.
WS02	Beneath the proposed development.
WS03	Beneath the proposed development.
WS04	Beneath the proposed development.
WS05	Beneath the proposed development.
CP01	Beneath the proposed development.
CP02	Beneath the proposed development. (Obstruction)
CP02A	Beneath the proposed development.
TP01	Area of proposed soakaway
TP02	Area of proposed soakaway

Each exploratory location was scanned using a Cable Avoidance Tool (CAT) in order to locate unrecorded underground services, and the exploratory locations were repositioned if necessary.

On completion, samples recovered from the site were taken to specialist laboratories for chemical and geotechnical testing.

Soil samples were recovered in 60g glass amber jars, 258g glass amber jars and 1kg plastic tubs. Water samples were retrieved in 1-litre glass bottles, 500-ml plastic bottles, 40-ml glass vials, and bottles with red, yellow, blue, and black lids. All the samples were labelled and stored in cool boxes prior to being collected by courier at the end of the day for delivery to the Envirolab laboratory.

If collection was not possible the same day, then samples were stored in the sample storage fridge at the EEG offices below 4°C.

Samples were tracked using the appropriate Chain of Custody forms provided by Envirolab Ltd. It should be noted that hexavalent chromium soil is analysed using the USEPA recommended method of alkaline leach. This method limits chromium (VI) reduction to chromium (III).

The descriptive terminologies, such as "firm," formerly used within older versions of BS5930 to describe strength, now solely relate to consistency.

Shear strength is now defined in relation to results obtained in the field (using a hand vane, for example) or in the laboratory (from triaxial tests), as detailed in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Shear Strength Definitions

Term based on measurement	Undrained Strength (c_u) definition in kN/m ² (from BS EN ISO 14688-2: 2004, 5.3, Table 5)
Extremely Low Strength	<10
Very Low Strength	10 to 20
Low Strength	20 to 40
Medium Strength	40 to 75
High Strength	75 to 150
Very High Strength	150 to 300
Extremely High Strength	300 to 600

An Exploratory Hole Location Plan is presented as Figure 4, overleaf.

A summary of exploratory holes and tests undertaken during the investigation is presented in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Summary of Exploratory Holes Undertaken

Hole	Type*	Depth (m)	Date Started	Date Finished	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	Backfill Details**
WS01	WS	1.20	14/08/2025	14/08/2025	387562.7	397269.23	M
WS02	WS	1.20	14/08/2025	14/08/2025	387576.02	397256.4	M
WS03	WS	5.00	14/08/2025	14/08/2025	387565.97	397273.02	M
WS04	WS	5.00	14/08/2025	14/08/2025	387580.88	397271.18	M
WS05	WS	1.20	14/08/2025	14/08/2025	387569.62	397252.65	M
CP01	CP	11.00	18/08/2025	19/08/2025	387562.3	397275.46	A
CP02	CP	11.00	19/08/2025	20/08/2025	387579.37	397276.36	A
CP02A	CP	1.50	19/08/2025	19/08/2025	387577.75	397262.61	A
TP01	TP	1.40	15/08/2025	15/08/2025	387570	397246	A
TP02	TP	1.40	15/08/2025	15/08/2025	387576	397243	A
*CP = Cable Percussive Borehole, TP = Trial Pit, WS = Window Sample							
**A=Arising, MW= Installed							

Figure 4: Exploratory Hole Location Plan



3.2 Laboratory Testing

3.2.1 Geotechnical Testing

A programme of laboratory testing was carried out on samples taken from the various strata to assist in classification and determine the engineering properties of the materials underlying the site. The tests were scheduled by EEG and carried out by Murray Rix. The test procedures used were generally in accordance with the methods described in BS1377:1990. Details of the specific tests used in each case are given in Table 4, below.

Table 4: Summary of Laboratory Geotechnical Tests Undertaken

TEST	STANDARD	No.
Moisture Content	BS1377:1990 Part 2, Clause 3.2	7
Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, Plasticity Index	BS1377:1990 Part 2, Clause 4/5	7
Sulphate content of 2:1 soil: water extract	BS1377:1990 Part 3, Clause 5	6
pH value	BS1377:1990 Part 3, Clause 9	6
Particle Size Distribution (Wet)	BS1377:1990 Part 2, Clause 9.2	4
Triaxial Test: Undrained with Multistage Loading	BS1377:1990 Part 2, Clause 9	3

The results of the laboratory geotechnical tests are discussed in Section 6 and are included in Appendix 2.

3.2.2 Environmental Testing

The environmental chemistry of the ground was investigated by specialist chemical analysis of selected samples, scheduled by EEG, and carried out by Envirolab, a UKAS and MCERTS accredited laboratory.

Chemical analyses were carried out on 8no. soil samples and were submitted for the following suite of determinants:

Asbestos Screen, Arsenic, Barium, Beryllium, Boron, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Nickel, Selenium, Vanadium, Zinc, Cyanide, Phenol, Sulphate (SO₄), Sulphide, pH, Soil Organic Matter, Speciated Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) and Speciated Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

A total of 2no. soil samples were additionally submitted for Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) testing.

The results of the laboratory chemical tests are discussed in Section 7 and are included in Appendix 3.

4.0 GROUND CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED

4.1 Soil Profile Encountered

Generally, the sequence of strata encountered beneath the site is as follows:

- **MADE GROUND** - was encountered in all exploratory hole locations between ground level and to a maximum depth of 5.00m bgl, generally comprising:
 - Grey Asphalt
 - Greyish brown, slightly clayey sandy, angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of limestone, sandstone, concrete and brick with or without glass and ash.
 - Stiff brown, sandy, gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse sandstone, mudstone, concrete, brick, coal and ash, and ash.
 - Grass over dark brown clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse sandstone, concrete, brick and mudstone.
 - Dark brown clayey sandy fine to coarse GRAVEL of brick, concrete, metal, ash, sandstone and mudstone with low cobble content of brick.
- **Superficial Deposits** - Variable superficial deposits were encountered in all exploratory holes, to a minimum depth of 11.00m bgl.
 - Stiff brown gravelly CLA. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone.
 - Very stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY with low cobble content of sandstone. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone.

The depths of the various materials encountered in the exploratory holes are summarised in Table 5, overleaf.

4.2 Observable Indications of Contamination

There was no visible or olfactory evidence of contamination during the site investigation.

4.3 Obstructions

Obstructions within the made ground were encountered in WS01, WS02 and WS05, CP02, TP01 and TP02.

4.4 Groundwater

Groundwater was not encountered during the ground investigation.

During subsequent monitoring visits, groundwater was encountered in all window sample boreholes (WS01 and WS05) between 2.93-4.40m.

Table 5: Summary of Ground Conditions Encountered

Borehole Location	Depth to Stratum (m bgl)			Groundwater Strike During Drilling (m bgl)
	Made Ground		Superficial	
	Granular	Cohesive	Clay	
WS01	GL-0.60	0.60-1.20+	-	DRY
WS02	GL-1.20+	-	-	DRY
WS03	GL-3.60	3.60-4.40	4.40-5.00+	DRY
WS04	GL-2.42	2.42-4.22	4.22-5.00+	DRY
WS05	GL-1.20+	-	-	DRY
CP01	GL-3.20	3.20-5.00	5.00-11.00+	DRY
CP02	GL-3.50	3.50-4.50	4.50-11.00+	DRY
CP02A	GL-1.50+	-	-	DRY
TP01	GL-1.40+	-	-	DRY
TP02	GL-1.00+	-	-	DRY

5.0 ENGINEERING PROPERTIES OF SOILS ENCOUNTERED

5.1 General

The following sections discuss the engineering properties of the strata encountered, based on results of in situ testing and laboratory testing obtained during this investigation.

The results of laboratory geotechnical testing are summarised below in Table 6.

Table 6: Summary of Laboratory Geotechnical Test Results

Location	Depth (m)	Strata	CLASSIFICATION										STRENGTH Undrained Triaxial Shear Strength (kN/m ²) & Undrained Angle of Internal Friction	CHEMICAL	
			Moisture Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Modified Plasticity Index (%)	PSD Gravel (%)	PSD Sand (%)	PSD Silt (%)	PSD Clay (%)	Bulk Density (Mg/m ³)	Dry Density (Mg/m ³)	pH Value	Water Soluble Sulphate SO ₄ (mg/l)
WS03	4.7	Clay	31.6	40	18	22	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.6	220
WS04	4.60	Clay	32.6	42	20	22	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.2	180
CP01	5.00-5.45	Clay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.09	1.71	-	-
CP01	6.5-7.00	Clay	-	-	-	-	-	1	17	67	15	-	-	-	-
CP01	7.00-7.45	Clay	14.6	36	14	22	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.3	290
CP01	9.50-10.00	Clay	-	-	-	-	-	3	15	64	18	-	-	-	-
CP01	10.10-10.45	Clay	13.1	34	14	20	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.3	320
CP02	6.00-6.45	Clay	18.1	38	17	21	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.2	370
CP02	8.00-8.45	Clay	15	40	17	23	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CP02	4.50-5.0	Clay	-	-	-	-	-	7	20	58	15	-	-	-	-
CP02	5.0-5.45	Clay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.09	1.71	-	-
CP02	7.0-7.45	Clay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.23	1.86	-	-
CP02	9.0-9.45	Clay	13.8	36	15	21	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.3	380
CP02	10.0-10.45	Clay	-	-	-	-	-	17	40	29	14	-	-	-	-

5.2 Made Ground

Made Ground was encountered in all exploratory hole locations between ground level and a maximum depth of 5.00m bgl. No geotechnical testing was undertaken within made ground.

5.3 Superficial Deposits

As discussed in Section 5, superficial material was encountered as variable clay in all of the exploratory hole locations.

5.3.1 Cohesive

Cohesive material comprising clay was encountered in all exploratory hole locations, below the made ground.

SPT tests carried out in the cohesive material resulted in **SPT N values** of between 27 and 50, as shown on the SPT v Depth Plot in Figure 6 (overleaf). This result suggests the cohesive material is firm to very stiff.

These results show a general trend of increasing SPT N values with depth. Atterberg Limit tests were carried out on 7no. samples of the clay. Results of the test reported **liquid limit** values in the range of 36% to 42% and **plastic limit** values in the range of 14% to 20%, resulting in values of **plasticity index** in the range of 20% to 23%. These results suggest the clay to be of **low to intermediate plasticity**. Results are shown on the Plasticity Chart in Figure 6, overleaf.

The **water-soluble sulphate** content of the 6no. clay samples ranges from 180mg/l to 380mg/l SO₄, together with **pH values** of 7.2 to 7.6.

A total of 3no. multi-stage undrained triaxial testing was conducted on undisturbed samples collected from the clay strata. The results indicate an undrained shear strength range of 41-144kN/m².

Recommended N values and derived design values for the cohesive soils are summarised in Table 7.

Table 7: Summary of Design Parameters (Cohesive)

Depth	SPT N Value Range	Design N Value*	Equivalent Undrained Shear Strength** (kN/m ²)	Coefficient of Volume Compressibility** (m ² /MN)
6.00	24-27 (2 tests)	24.75	127 (High Strength)	0.08 (Low)
7.00	31 (1 tests)	31	159 (Very High Strength)	0.006 (Low)
8.00	33 (1 tests)	33	169 (Very High Strength)	0.006 (Low)
9.00	36-37 (2 tests)	36.25	186 (Very High Strength)	0.005 (Low)
10.00	50 (1 test)	50	257 (Very High Strength)	0.004 (Very Low)
*Based on lower quartile N value and correlations by Peck Hanson and Thornburn ⁽¹⁹⁷⁴⁾				
**Based on correlation by Stroud & Butler ⁽¹⁹⁷⁵⁾				

It is recommended that for assessing ultimate bearing capacities, where the lower values are critical, the lower quartile value of N values is used. Based on the N Values in the above table, the equivalent shear strength values are between 127 and 257kN/m².

For design purposes, a value of plasticity index = 22% is recommended, based on the average value.

The SPT data indicate a strong linear correlation of strength with depth, as shown in Figure 5, with a linear equation of $y = 0.1744X + 1.933$. Thus, the N value of any depth below 5m can be given by

$$N \text{ Value} = (\text{Depth}/0.1774) - 11.085$$

The **coefficient of volume compressibility (mv)** has been estimated using the following correlation by Stroud and Butler⁽¹⁹⁷⁵⁾: for a clay with a plasticity index of 22%. This correlation gives a value of coefficient of volume compressibility of 0.08 to 0.04m²/MN, as shown in Table 7, above. The results suggest the clay has a **low to very low compressibility**.

In accordance with NHBC Chapter 4.2 Building Near Trees ⁽²⁰⁰³⁾, soils can be classified in terms of volume change potential, using the relationship:

$$I'_p = I_p \times \frac{\% \text{ less than } 425\mu\text{m}}{100\%}$$

I'_p = modified plasticity index,
 I_p = plasticity index.

Based on the laboratory test results, the above relationship and Table 1 of NHBC Chapter 4.2, the samples of clay are shown to have a **medium to low volume change potential**.

The **Natural Moisture Content** (NMC) and **Liquid Limit** (LL) of the soil can be used to give an indication of **soil desiccation**, i.e., where the NMC is less than 40% of the LL, the soil is inferred to be desiccated, as summarised in Table 8, below.

Table 8: Soil Desiccation Indicators in the Clay

Location	Depth (m)	Liquid Limit (%)	40% Liquid Limit (%)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Desiccation
WS03	4.7	40	16	31.6	No
WS04	4.6	42	16.8	32.6	No
CP01	7.00-7.45	36	14.4	14.6	No
CP01	10.00-10.45	34	13.6	13.1	Yes
CP02	6.0-6.45	38	15.2	18.1	No
CP02	8.0-8.45	40	16	15	Yes
CP02	9.0-9.45	36	14.4	13.8	Yes

The results in the above table show that 3no. of the clay samples tested show evidence of desiccation.

Figure 5: SPT v Depth Plot

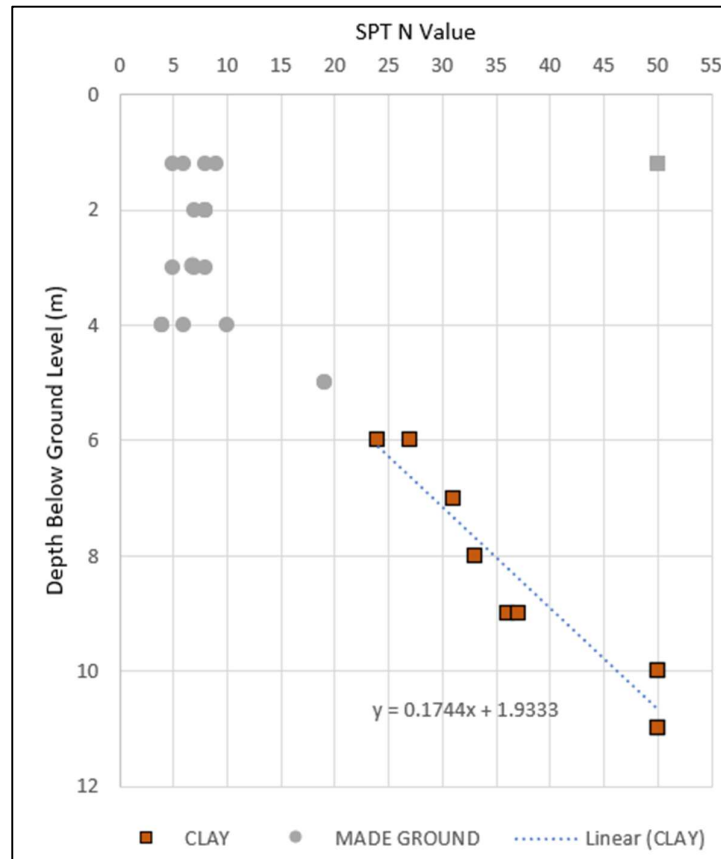
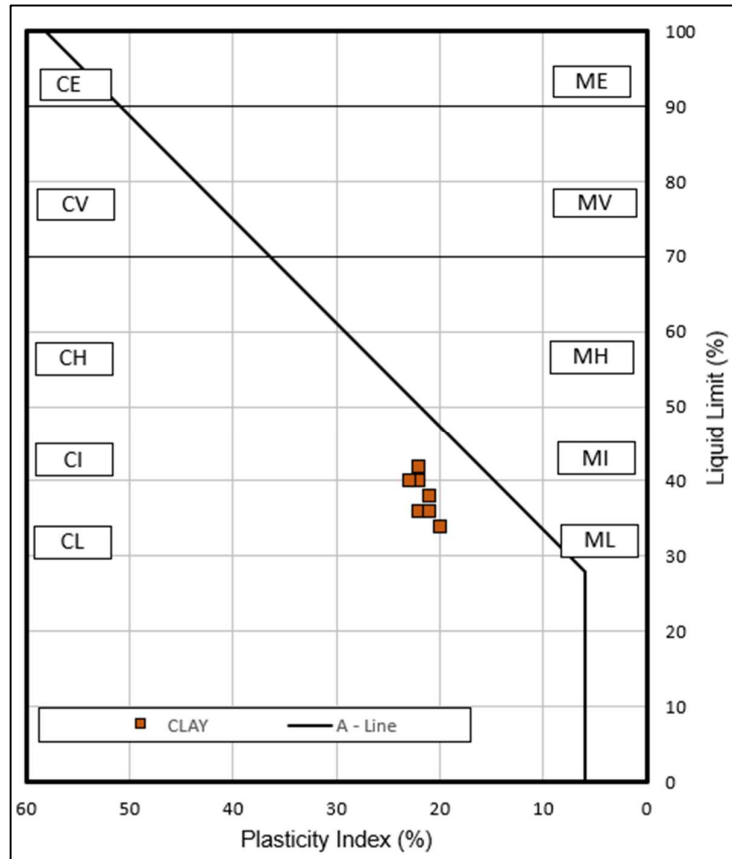


Figure 6: Plasticity Chart



6.0 GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

6.1 Proposed Development

It is understood that the Client intends to construct a new college building, with associated parking.

Detailed information regarding structural loadings and proposed foundation type was not available at the time of authoring this report.

6.2 Ground Conditions Encountered

The exploratory holes generally encountered cohesive made ground between ground level and a maximum depth of 5.00m bgl, underlain by natural clay to a minimum depth of 11.00m.

6.3 Foundation Considerations

Based on the ground conditions encountered, conventional shallow depth foundations (strip/pad/trench) would not be suitable for any new structures.

Therefore, alternative foundation solutions will be required at this site, such as driven/bored piles or vibro stone columns.

6.3.1 Piled Foundation Solution

Based on the ground conditions encountered in the area of the proposed structure, a conventional shallow depth foundation (strip/pad) is not suitable due to the made ground extending to 5.00m below the existing ground level.

The proposed development may be founded on a system of ground beams spanning onto piles driven into medium-dense sands or deeper, stiff clays.

A variety of pile types may be used, including bored and continuous flight auger (CFA) piles.

Driven piles may be suitable, subject to environmental constraints. Additionally, careful consideration will need to be given to the potential presence of services that traverse the site.

Because of the various advantages and limitations of each pile type, and the cost implications, advice should be sought from specialist piling contractors to determine the most suitable and cost-effective type.

They should also be able to provide recommended pile diameters and depths, as well as likely pile capacities, with guaranteed performance.

It is recommended that a pile test be carried out to confirm pile capacities. When assessing pile capacities, contractors should make allowances for the effects of negative skin friction, particularly in made ground and soft clays.

There may be differential settlement between piled structures and the surrounding ground level.

Provision should, therefore, be made to make up ground levels at threshold positions, loading bays, vehicle access doorways, etc.

Alternatively, these materials should be removed and replaced in a controlled manner by suitable existing materials or imported engineered fill.

It is essential that the advice of a specialist piling contractor is sought and that the piling contractor provides positive assurances that their proprietary system is capable of providing the required working loads in the ground conditions encountered.

Floor slabs should be designed as suspended if the piled solution is used.

6.3.2 Vibro-Stone Columns

Alternatively, ground treatment (e.g. vibro displacement) may be an option.

For example, vibro stone columns are often used to solve a wide range of static, dynamic, and seismic foundation problems by using powerful depth vibrators to densify soils of form stone columns that compact or reinforce soils in situ. Vibro systems can be used to treat granular deposits, fills, made ground and soft clays/silts.

Soils treated by vibro could offer an allowable bearing pressure in the range 100kN/m² to 150kN/m², depending on column spacings and ground encountered.

Once the treatment has been carried out, spread foundations may be adopted across the site, and designed to the loadings given above.

Providing that any imported fill material between the tops of the columns and the underside of the floor slab is placed in a controlled manner, floor slabs may be ground bearing.

Positive assurances should be sought from an experienced specialist contractor that the proprietary system proposed is capable of providing the required working loads in the ground conditions encountered, with a guarantee on maximum settlement for both footings and floor slabs.

6.4 Pavement Design

The exploratory boreholes generally encountered Made Ground or topsoil at a subgrade level. Based on the recommendations for design CBR values provided in Interim advice note 73/06, Revision 1 (2009), a conservative design CBR value of 1% should be adopted in areas where Made Ground is encountered at a subgrade level.

Consideration should be given to the potential differing ground conditions near the surface, which could cause pavements to be constructed on variable-made ground. In this context, a flexible pavement design may be required.

Consideration should also be given to the use of geotextiles to reduce capping thickness. For example, biaxial geogrids such as Tensar SSLA20 and SSLA30 are often used to reduce capping thickness. The advice of a suitable contractor should be sought as to the most appropriate type of geotextile to use in the ground conditions encountered at this site.

For guidance, the following table gives a comparison of granular layer thickness with and without the use of a geotextile, in accordance with the requirements of HA25/94 Part 2.

It should be noted that the type of construction will depend on the proposed finished pavement levels across the site, and it is recommended that the pavement design be reviewed once these levels are known. In this context, it is essential that further in situ CBR testing is carried out once formation levels are known to confirm design CBR values.

Table 9: Comparison of Capping Thickness with and without Geotextile

CBR	Unreinforced			Reinforced with Tensar Geogrid				
	Sub-base	Capping	Total	Sub-base	Capping	No. of grids	Total	Thickness saving
0.5%	Design not suitable			200mm	400mm	2	600mm	-
1.0%	150mm	600mm	750mm	400mm	0	1	400mm	350mm
1.5%	150mm	600mm	750mm	310mm	0	1	310mm	440mm
2.0%	150mm	600mm	750mm	260mm	0	1	260mm	490mm
3.0%	150mm	350mm	500mm	210mm	0	1	210mm	290mm
4.0%	150mm	300mm	450mm	175mm	0	1	175mm	275mm
5.0%	150mm	250mm	400mm	160mm	0	1	160mm	240mm
These figures are suitable for light access roads and car parks, based on 1000 standard axles. For heavier loaded pavements, the advice of specialist contractor should be sought.								

All formation excavations should be examined by a suitably experienced engineer or inspector to check for soft or unsuitable material, which should be removed and replaced with compacted granular fill. Also, to ensure good compaction and remove unevenness, the formation should be compacted with equipment suitable for use in the ground conditions encountered. Careful inspection of this work will also help identify any soft spots at or just below the formation level.

6.5 Soil Infiltration Testing

Two trial pits, TP01 and TP02, were excavated to a depth of 1.40m and 1.00m bgl at the client specified locations.

Due to obstruction and made ground encountered at the location of the trial pits, no infiltration testing was conducted, as made ground is not suitable for infiltration due to potential contamination issues.

Therefore, as made ground was found extensively across the site, the use of soakaways at this site is not considered to be feasible and alternative drainage solutions will be required.

6.6 Chemical Attack on Buried Concrete

Chemical tests (see Appendices) show low levels of water-soluble sulphates and generally neutral or slightly alkaline conditions.

Based on these conditions, it is recommended that for concrete placed in the soils, the Design Sulphate Class for the site, as defined in BRE Special Digest 1⁽²⁰⁰⁵⁾, be taken as DS-1, and the Aggressive Chemical Environment for Concrete (ACEC) site classification be taken as AC-1s.

The recommendations of BRE Special Digest 1 should be followed for concrete foundations and ground-bearing floor slabs.

6.7 Suitability of Excavated Materials

Acceptability criteria and testing methods, as well as compaction/placement methods, will depend on the type of contract and specification used for the construction of the proposed development. It is recommended that earthworks specifications be reviewed by a suitably qualified engineer once the relevant parties have prepared them.

Granular made ground and clay could be suitable for reuse as structural fill, provided it is not contaminated and does not contain excessive amounts of clay and provided moisture contents are controlled during placement. The control of moisture content will be important as the cohesive content of this stratum is likely to be sensitive to moisture content changes.

6.8 Temporary Works

Formations will be susceptible to damage both by weather and trafficking, and should be protected immediately on exposure, particularly in areas where construction plant will access the site.

Excavations in clay are likely to be unstable and should be battered back to an angle of 1 in 2, or a system of close sheeting and shoring adopted to ensure stability, and in particular where personnel are required to enter excavations. All excavations should be adequately supported where personnel are required to enter.

Groundwater seepages could be encountered near surface within excavations, particularly during the wetter months of the year. Pumping of excavations from a suitable located sump is likely to be required to keep excavations dry.

7.0 SOIL CONTAMINATION RISK ASSESSMENT

7.1 Tier I Human Health Soil Risk Assessment – Groundworkers During Development

To assess the risk of soil contamination to construction and ground workers during development, guidelines from the HSE Document 'Protection of workers and the general public during development of contaminated land' ⁽¹⁹⁹¹⁾ are used. The document assesses soil contamination test results and classifies the site as being uncontaminated or contaminated with varying degrees of contamination from 'slight' to 'unusually heavy.' The guideline values and laboratory test results are summarised in the following table:

Table 10: Summary of Guideline Values for Protection of Workers and the General Public During the Development of Contaminated Land

Contaminant	Typical Values* for:					Test Results	Class
	Uncontaminated Soils	Slight Contamination	Contaminated	Heavy Contamination	Unusually Heavy Contamination		
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D	Class E		
pH (acid)	6 – 7	5 – 6	4 – 5	2 – 4	<2	-	-
pH (alkaline)	7 – 8	8 – 9	9 – 10	10 – 12	12	7.70-8.5	A-B
Arsenic	0 – 30	30 – 50	50 – 100	100 – 500	500	8-59	A-C
Cadmium	0 – 1	1 – 3	3 – 10	10 – 50	50	0.4-1.7	A-B
Chromium	0 – 100	100 – 200	200 – 500	500 – 2500	2500	15-540	A-D
Copper	0 – 100	100 – 200	200 – 500	500 – 2500	2500	20-323	A-C
Lead	0 – 500	500 – 1000	1000 – 2000	2000 – 1%	1.0%	10-1100	A-C
Mercury	0 – 1	1 – 3	3 – 10	10 – 50	50	<1	A
Nickel	0 – 20	20 – 50	50 – 200	200 – 1000	1000	16-172	A-C
Zinc	0 – 250	250 – 500	500 – 1000	1000 – 5000	5000	37-242	A
Boron	0 – 2	2 – 5	5 – 50	50 – 250	250	1.1-1.7	A
Selenium	0 – 1	1 – 3	3 – 10	10 – 50	50	<2-8	A-C
Barium	0 – 500	500 – 1000	1000 – 2000	2000 – 1.0%	1.0%	32-687.9	A-B
Beryllium	0 – 5	5 – 10	10 – 20	20 – 50	50	<0.5-4.1	A
Vanadium	0 – 100	100 – 200	200 – 500	500 – 2500	2500	22-295	A-C
Sulphate	0 – 2000	2000 – 5000	5000 – 1%	1% – 5%	5.05%	224-3363	A-B
Sulphide	0 – 10	10 – 20	20 – 100	100 – 500	500	<5	A
Cyanide (free)	0 – 1	1 – 5	5 – 50	50 – 100	100	<1	A
Phenol	0 – 2	2 – 5	5 – 50	50 – 250	250	<2	A

Based on the above results, the soils range from uncontaminated to contaminated. Therefore, there is a **LOW** potential risk from soil contamination to construction workers, ground workers and members of the public during construction.

Appropriate measures, such as PPE, site health plans, and appropriate disposal of material arising, will further mitigate this risk.

7.2 Tier I Human Health Soil Risk Assessment – Future Site Users

The following section provides a Human Health Soil Assessment for future site users. Based on the proposed development type, the following section compares the results of contamination analyses to residential types of end development as specified by Defra/LQM/CIEH. As part of the contamination assessment, the chemical results obtained by EEG have been screened against accepted compliance criteria, namely:

- Defra C4SL Health Criteria Values (March 2014), where available; and
- Tier 1 assessment values - based on LQM/CIEH Sutable 4 Use Levels ⁽²⁰¹⁵⁾ (S4ULs).

The contaminated land guidance has recently changed the evaluation of risk from 'minimal' (SGVs) to 'low' (referred to as Lowest Level of Toxicological Concern (LLTCs)). The policy companion document and supporting letter by DEFRA, states that C4SLs 'could be used under the planning regime, as well as within Part 2A'.

Based on these comments, EEG considers the justifications and assumptions used to generate 'low' risk are suitable for the planning regime.

Where no C4SLs have been generated, EEG will use the LQM S4ULs. Similar assumptions and land use to C4SLs have been used. However, toxicological information has been based on the concept of 'minimal risk' as per previous guidelines and assumptions. If contaminants are not present as C4SLs or S4ULs, then EEG will use CL:AIRE GACs. These follow the 'minimal' risk principle and more stringent exposure parameters and will be conservative.

EEG consider the main risk drivers for PAHs to be benzo(a)pyrene (B(a)P) and naphthalene. This is due to B(a)P possibly being a carcinogen and the most toxic of the PAHs, and naphthalene being the most volatile and soluble. The new C4SLs indicate B(a)P as a surrogate marker for carcinogenic PAHs, since the risk from other non-carcinogenic PAHs is considered negligible. Naphthalene will be treated separately using the LQM S4ULs.

The average Soil Organic Matter Content for the site is 9.29%, there an assessment criterion of 6% SOM will be used.

As a preliminary screening assessment, all results have been compared to residential areas without homegrown produce end use criteria. As the site is within a college, no new areas of soft landscaping will be created.

The soil chemical testing results are summarised in Table 11, overleaf.

Table 11: Soil Results Comparison with C4SL/S4UL Values

Determinand	C4SL/S4UL Levels Resi wo/ HP SOM 6% (mg/kg)	WS01 0.40m MG	WS01 0.90m MG	WS02 0.40m MG	WS03 0.60m MG	WS03 2.70m MG	No of Exceedances
Metals							
Arsenic	40	14	8	14	16	59	1
Beryllium	1.7	1.8	0.8	1	< 0.5	1	1
Boron	11000	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	1.1	0
Cadmium	150	< 0.2	< 0.2	0.7	< 0.2	0.4	0
Chromium	910	29	28	68	70	104	0
Chromium VI	21	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Copper	7100	20	31	225	64	120	0
Lead	310	10	16	203	67	397	1
Inorganic Mercury	300	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	0
Nickel	180	33	38	64	152	33	0
Selenium	430	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Vanadium	1200	39	23	40	28	295	0
Zinc	40000	99	42	242	37	233	0
Petroleum Hydrocarbons							
Benzene	3.3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	0
Toluene	3900	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0
Ethylbenzene	440	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	0
o-xylenes	430	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0
m-p-xylenes	180	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	0
p-xylenes	480	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0
Aliphatic EC >5-6	160	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0
Aliphatic EC >6-8	530	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0
Aliphatic EC >8-10	150	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	4	0
Aliphatic EC >10-12	760	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Aliphatic EC >12-16	4300	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3	0
Aliphatic EC >16-21	110000	8	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3	0
Aliphatic EC >21-35	110000	115	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0
Aromatic EC >5-7	1400	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0
Aromatic EC >7-8	3900	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0
Aromatic EC >8-10	270	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Aromatic EC >10-12	1200	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	4	0
Aromatic EC >12-16	2500	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	6	0
Aromatic EC >16-21	1900	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3	7	0
Aromatic EC >21-35	1900	20	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons							
Naphthalene	85	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.11	< 0.1	0.85	0
Acenaphthylene	6000	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0
Acenaphthene	6000	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.15	0
Fluorene	4500	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.12	< 0.1	< 0.1	0
Phenanthrene	1500	0.2	0.19	1.22	< 0.1	1.02	0
Anthracene	37000	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.28	< 0.1	0.18	0
Fluoranthene	4500	0.83	0.24	2.17	< 0.1	0.9	0
Pyrene	3800	1.42	0.25	1.97	< 0.1	0.84	0
Benzo(a)anthracene	15	0.68	0.14	1.54	< 0.1	0.59	0
Chrysene	32	0.73	0.16	1.31	< 0.1	0.51	0
Benzo(a)pyrene	4	0.99	0.21	1.39	< 0.1	0.62	0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	110	0.33	< 0.1	0.58	< 0.1	0.26	0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.3	1.11	0.21	1.31	< 0.1	0.56	0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	46	0.66	0.15	0.72	< 0.1	0.32	0
Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene	0.32	0.13	< 0.1	0.17	< 0.1	< 0.1	0
Benzo(ghi)perylene	360	0.57	0.16	0.56	< 0.1	0.39	0
Phenols							
Phenol	760	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0

Determinand	C4SL/S4UL Levels Resi wo/ HP SOM 6% (mg/kg)	WS04 1.20m MG	WS05 0.50m MG	TP02 0.3m MG	No of Exceedances
Metals					
Arsenic	40	33	14	11	0
Beryllium	1.7	4.1	< 0.5	0.6	1
Boron	11000	< 1	< 1	1.7	0
Cadmium	150	< 0.2	1.7	0.6	0
Chromium	910	19	540	15	0
Chromium VI	21	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Copper	7100	111	232	85	0
Lead	310	101	1100	114	1
Inorganic Mercury	300	< 1	< 1	< 1	0
Nickel	180	47	172	16	0
Selenium	430	< 2	8	< 2	0
Vanadium	1200	60	133	22	0
Zinc	40000	116	191	174	0
Petroleum Hydrocarbons					
Benzene	3.3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	0
Toluene	3900	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0
Ethylbenzene	440	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	0
o-xylenes	430	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0
m-xylenes	180	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	0
p-xylenes	480	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0
Aliphatic EC >5-6	160	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0
Aliphatic EC >6-8	530	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0
Aliphatic EC >8-10	150	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Aliphatic EC >10-12	760	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Aliphatic EC >12-16	4300	< 3	< 3	< 3	0
Aliphatic EC >16-21	110000	< 3	< 3	4	0
Aliphatic EC >21-35	110000	< 10	< 10	164	0
Aromatic EC >5-7	1400	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0
Aromatic EC >7-8	3900	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0
Aromatic EC >8-10	270	< 2	< 2	< 2	0
Aromatic EC >10-12	1200	5	< 2	< 2	0
Aromatic EC >12-16	2500	4	< 2	< 2	0
Aromatic EC >16-21	1900	< 3	< 3	4	0
Aromatic EC >21-35	1900	< 10	< 10	< 10	0
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Naphthalene	85	0.4	< 0.1	< 0.1	0
Acenaphthylene	6000	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0
Acenaphthene	6000	< 0.1	0.13	< 0.1	0
Fluorene	4500	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0
Phenanthrene	1500	0.37	0.83	0.92	0
Anthracene	37000	< 0.1	0.21	0.23	0
Fluoranthene	4500	0.24	1.32	2.05	0
Pyrene	3800	0.24	1	1.83	0
Benzo(a)anthracene	15	0.17	0.48	1.25	0
Chrysene	32	0.18	0.5	1.04	0
Benzo(a)pyrene	4	0.18	0.5	1.4	0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	110	< 0.1	0.14	0.52	0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.3	0.12	0.37	1.29	0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	46	< 0.1	0.17	0.86	0
Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene	0.32	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.18	0
Benzo(ghi)perylene	360	< 0.1	0.22	0.82	0
Phenols					
Phenol	760	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0

Based on the above table, 5no. contaminant concentrations from the soil samples were found in excess of the screening criteria relevant to a residential without homegrown produce end use.

Asbestos fibres and fragments were identified in 6no. of the 8no. soils samples analysed.

Table 12: Soil Asbestos Summary

Location	Depth (m bgl)	Asbestos	Sample Matrix	Quantification %
WS01	0.40	Chrysotile	Fibre bundles	<0.001
WS02	0.40	Chrysotile	Microscopic insulation debris	0.002
WS03	0.60	Chrysotile	Microscopic insulation debris	0.001
WS04	1.20	Amosite	Fibre Bundles	0.001
WS05	0.50	Chrysotile	Fibre bundles	0.006
TP02	0.30	Chrysotile	Fibre bundles	0.002

Due to the elevated concentration (>0.001%) of asbestos found in samples from across the site, an Asbestos Management Plan in accordance with CAR2012 will be required.

7.3 Soil Waste Assessment

An assessment of the disposal characteristics of the soil in accordance with Environment Agency guidance WM3.1, edition of June 2018, "Guidance on the classification and assessment of waste" has been carried out on soils recovered from the site, using HazWasteOnline.

The results are summarised in Table 13 below and presented in full in Appendix 4.

Table 13: Waste Classification of Soils

Location	Depth (m bgl)	WM3.1 Classification	WAC Testing Classification	Comments
WS01	0.40	Non-Hazardous	-	-
WS01	0.90	Non-Hazardous	-	-
WS02	0.40	Non-Hazardous	-	-
WS03	0.60	Non-Hazardous	Stable Non-reactive Hazardous Waste	Excess Fluoride
WS03	2.70	Non-Hazardous		-
WS04	1.20	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous	Elevated TOC and Loss on Ignition
WS05	0.50	Non-Hazardous	-	-
TP02	0.30	Non-Hazardous	-	-

The above table shows that all of the tested samples collected from the site have been classified as **Non-Hazardous** in accordance with WM3.1.

Two of the soil samples have been submitted for Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) testing. One of the tested samples (WS03 at 0.60m) is recorded to exceed the criteria for disposal at an Inert Waste facility due to elevated Fluoride. The sample tested WS04 at 0.50m is recorded to exceed the criteria for disposal at a hazardous waste landfill, due to elevated Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and Loss on Ignition.

For Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) testing, EEG have compared solid waste and leachate values with guideline values in Landfill Regulations. The following table summarises the results of the solid waste analysis and leachate testing, together with limit values for Non-Hazardous waste and Hazardous waste as described in the Landfill Regulations.

Table 14: Summary of WAC Test Results

Determinand	Landfill Regulations Limits (mg/kg unless otherwise indicated)			WS03 0.60m (mg/kg)	WS04 1.20m (mg/kg)
	Inert Waste	Stable Non- Reactive non- hazardous waste	Hazardous Waste		
TOC (%)	3%	5%	6%	1.1	13
Loss on ignition (%)	-	-	10%	2.04	11.50
BTEX (mg/kg)	6	-	-	< 0.05	< 0.05
Sum of PCBs (mg/kg)	1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
Mineral Oil (mg/kg)	500	-	-	< 10	< 10
Total PAH (mg/kg)	100	-	-	< 1.7	1.9
pH (units)	-	< 6	-	8.1	8.1
Acid Neutralisation Capacity (mol/kg)	-	<i>To be evaluated</i>		<1	1.1
Arsenic	0.5	2	25	0.005	0.007
Barium	20	100	300	0.729	0.775
Cadmium	0.04	1	5	< 0.002	< 0.002
Chromium	0.5	10	70	0.054	0.002
Copper	2	50	100	0.036	0.059
Mercury	0.01	0.2	2	0.0033	0.0054
Molybdenum	0.5	10	30	0.068	0.230
Nickel	0.4	10	40	0.0057	0.0057
Lead	0.5	10	50	< 0.002	0.004
Antimony	0.06	0.7	5	< 0.002	< 0.002
Selenium	0.1	0.5	7	0.0016	0.0028
Zinc	4	50	200	0.04	0.09
Chloride	800	15000	25000	43	171
Fluoride	10	150	500	27.9	13.1
Sulphate	1000	20000	50000	71	246
Total Dissolved Solids	4000	60000	100000	705	1387
Phenol Index	1	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
DOC	500	800	1000	47	42.3

8.0 GROUND GAS AND RADON GAS CONTAMINATION RISK ASSESSMENT

8.1 Radon Gas

The site is located in a Radon Affected Area, where less than 1% of residential properties are above the Action Level. Therefore, radon protection measures will not be required.

8.2 Analyses of Monitoring Results

The potential risk associated with gases being generated in the ground (whether from natural or man-made sources) depends on the concentrations of gas and its flow rate to the surface. These factors are assessed by monitoring the gas installations in the boreholes. The variable nature of gas generation and the effect of barometric pressure on gas flow mean that the volume of gas potentially reaching the ground surface is normally inconsistent over time.

Three monitoring visits have been conducted between 22nd August and 2nd October 2025. The results recorded methane (CH₄) levels of 0.0% to 0.0% v/v with carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels of 0.3% to 6.2% v/v. Oxygen concentrations of between 9.7% and 16.4% v/v were also recorded.

An absence of positive flow rates was detected during the monitoring period. For assessment purposes, a flow rate of 0.1 litres/hour has been used based on the limit of detection of the flow meter.

Atmospheric pressure was recorded to be between 989mb and 1011mb.

Full results of the monitoring are presented in Appendix 5.

Table 15 overleaf, adapted from Table 1 of the technical paper Risk and Reliability in Gas Protection Design by Card et al. 2019, shows a summary of the current UK practice with respect to appropriate gas protection measures based upon a Gas Screening Value (GSV). A GSV for the site has been obtained by multiplying the maximum concentration of gas by the steady flow rate of 0.1l/h adopted for assessment purposes.

- Methane: Steady flow rate = 0.1 l/hr, max concentration = 0.0%.
- Carbon dioxide: Steady flow rate = 0.1 l/hr, max concentration = 6.2%

Based on the above figures, the GSV is calculated as:

- **Methane:** $GSV = 0.1 \times 0.0 / 100 = 0.000 \text{ litres/hour}$
- **Carbon Dioxide:** $GSV = 0.1 \times 6.2 / 100 = 0.0062 \text{ litres/hour}$

The CIRIA guidance document notes that ‘...the GSV is a guideline value and not an absolute threshold’.

The above results suggest the site can be given a Characteristic Situation 1, i.e., ‘low risk’, in accordance with Table 15 below. However, the elevated Carbon Dioxide concentration of 6.2% recorded during a period of low pressure would require an increase to Characteristic Situation 2.

Therefore, a detailed ground gas risk assessment has been conducted in Section 8.3.

Table 15: Characteristic Situation (Wilson et al 2006/2007 modified from Wilson and Card, 1999)

Characteristic Situation	Risk Classification	Gas Screening Value CH₄ or CO₂ (l/hr)	Additional Factors	Typical source of generation
1	Very Low	<0.07	Typically, < 1% methane Typically, < 5% carbon dioxide	Typical made ground
2	Low	<0.7	Borehole air flow rate to not exceed 70l/hr otherwise consider increase to Characteristic Situation 3	Typical made ground
3	Moderate	<3.5		Old landfill, inert waste, flooded mine workings
4	Moderate to High	<15	Quantitative risk assessment	Mine workings susceptible to flooding, completed landfill
5	High Risk	<70		Mineworking unflooded inactive with shallow workings near surface
6	Very High Risk	>70		Recent landfill site

8.3 Detailed Analysis

EEG have referred to *Ground Gas Information Sheet No. 1, Using Ternary Plots for Interpretation of Ground Gas Monitoring Results (July 2018)*, which reports that carbon dioxide is widespread in the sub-surface environment at concentrations of up to 21% and is generated by microbial and geochemical processes. Elevated carbon dioxide concentrations are commonly elevated in Glacial Till, Chalk, River Terrace Gravel, Thanet Sand, Lambeth Group and Made Ground.

It is reported that when monitoring wells are installed in these materials, small volumes of organic material are exposed to oxygen, which results in biological respiration or oxidation of the material, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide. Weathering of pyrites and subsequent reactions of

acidic pore water with carbonate material can also cause increased concentrations of carbon dioxide in the monitoring well headspace.

Organic material in Made Ground can also degrade to produce carbon dioxide and or methane, in which case the carbon dioxide may be generated so slowly that it will not be emitted from the ground surface in quantities or at a rate that is sufficient to pose a risk to overlying development.

Based on the above information, the gas monitoring data from this investigation has been analysed in respect of methane, carbon dioxide, oxygen, and nitrogen gas ratios, to deduce the potential source of the ground gas, as shown in Figures 7 to 9 overleaf.

Figure 7 shows the ground gas monitoring results from this site investigation, plotted alongside the gas composition from different sources, adapted from Teasdale et al. (2015). The results show that the gas composition within the monitoring wells at the site is unlikely to be landfill gas. The results generally correspond to the air on the gas ratios ternary plot.

Figure 8 shows that the points that plot to the left of the biological respiration and oxidation of methane lines are caused by dissolution of gas from the ground (or pore) water and from the reaction of rainwater with soil. The points to the right of the biological respiration line are caused by biological respiration (i.e., oxidation of organic material in the soil). The majority of the points plot to the right of the biological respiration line, indicating the source of the elevated CO₂ is biological respiration within the monitoring wells rather than an external source.

Figure 9 presents an assessment of the nitrogen/oxygen and carbon dioxide ratios. The figure shows the monitoring results plotted on the left side of the graph, which represents minimal oxygen consumption.

Therefore, from the above results and assessment suggested that the site should continue to be given a Characteristic Situation 1, i.e., 'low risk', in accordance with Table 15 above.

Therefore, ground gas protection measures are not considered necessary at the site.

Figure 7: Gas Ratio Ternary Plot

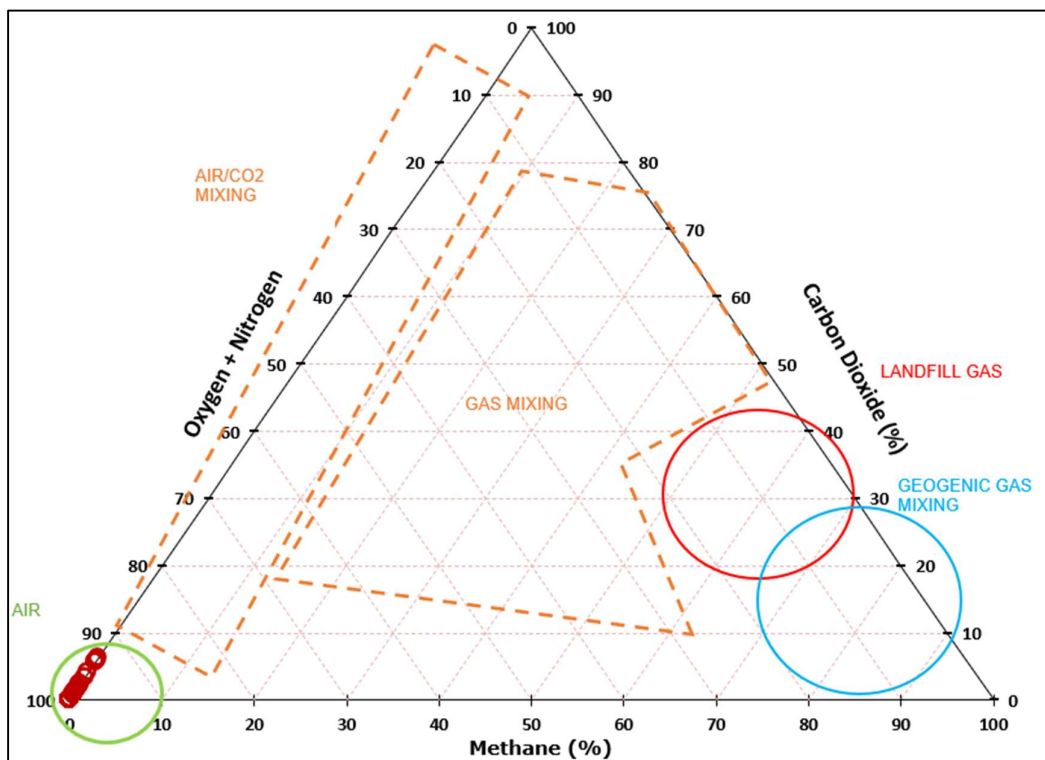


Figure 8: Carbon Dioxide: Oxygen Ratio Plot

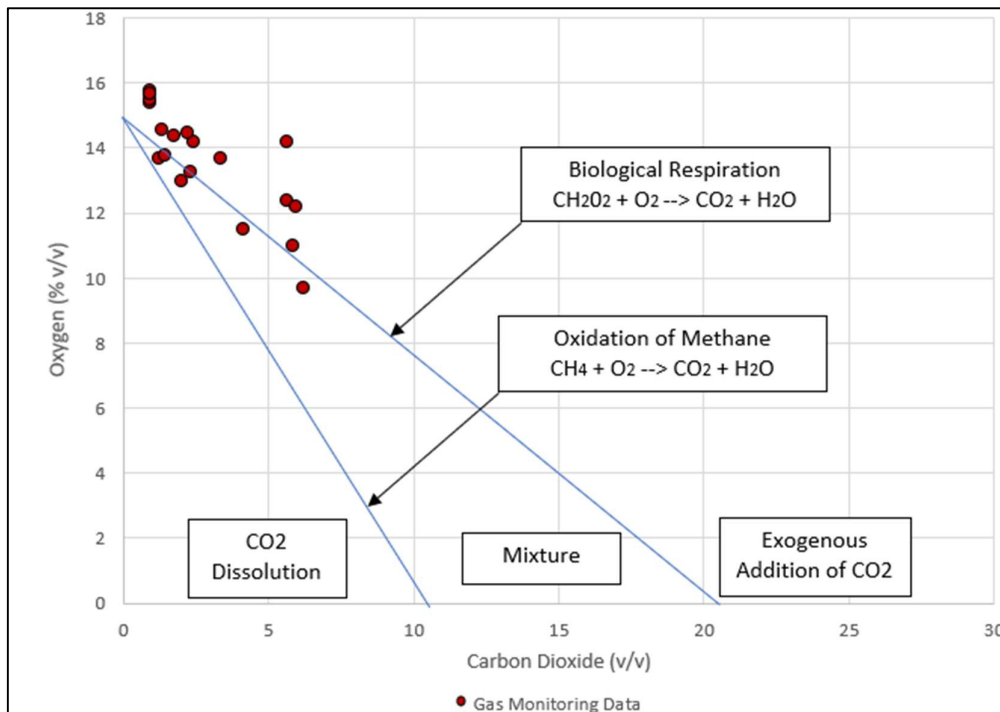
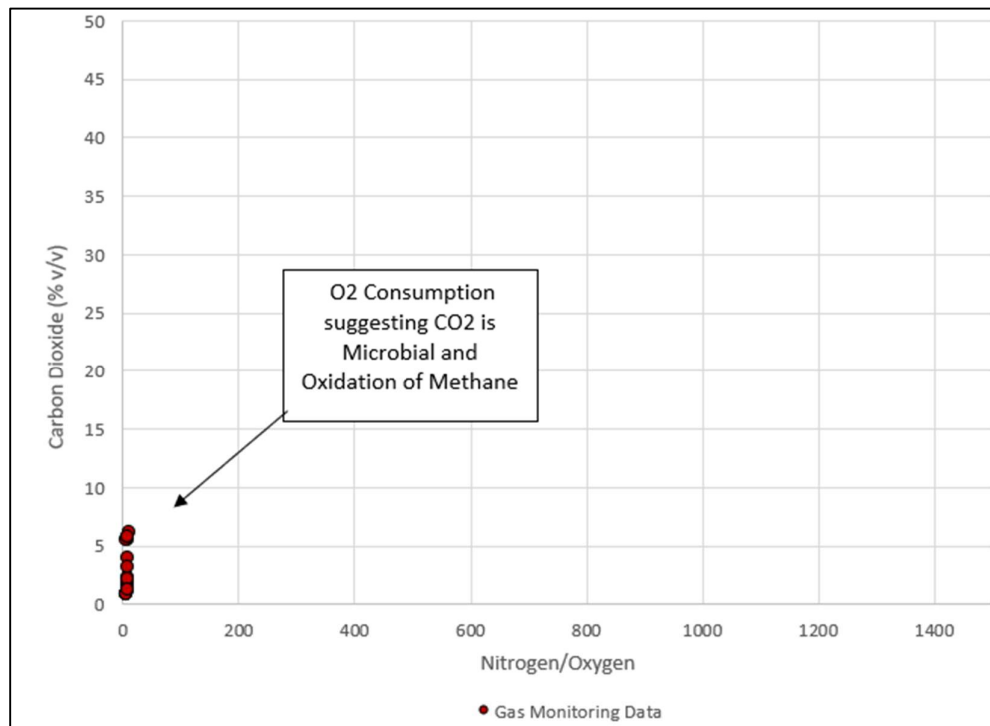


Figure 9: Carbon Dioxide: Oxygen Ratio Plot



9.0 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

9.1 Soil Contamination

There is a low potential risk of soil contamination to construction workers and ground workers during development, and appropriate measures, such as PPE, site health plans, and the proper disposal of material arisings, will be required to mitigate this risk.

Based on the chemical testing, 5no. contaminant concentrations from the soil samples were found in excess of the screening criteria relevant to a residential area without homegrown produce end use.

However, as the proposed development plan contains no new areas of soft landscaping and all the exceedances are for metals, there will be no new pathways created, breaking any pollutant linkage and therefore no remediation will be required at this site.

9.2 Asbestos in soils

Asbestos fibres and fragments were identified in 6no. of the 8no. soils samples analysed.

Due to the elevated concentration (>0.001%) of asbestos found in samples from across the site, an Asbestos Management Plan in accordance with CAR2012 will be required.

9.3 Foundations

Based on the ground conditions encountered, conventional shallow depth foundations (strip/pad/trench) would not be suitable for any new structures.

Therefore, alternative foundation solutions will be required at this site, such as piles or vibro stone columns.

It is recommended that for foundations and any potential ground floor slabs in contact with soils, the Design Sulphate Class should be taken as DS-1, and the Aggressive Chemical Environment for Concrete (ACEC) site classification should be taken as AC-1.

9.4 Surface Water Soakaways

The installation of soakaways at this site is not considered to be suitable due to the made ground encountered at depth across the site and underlying cohesive deposits.

9.5 Soil Disposal

Soils should be disposed of at a suitable site, registered to take the levels of contamination encountered. Soil samples collected have been classified mainly as Non-Hazardous for off-site disposal in accordance with Environment Agency guidance WM3.1.

Two of the soil samples have been submitted for Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) testing. One of the tested samples (WS03 at 0.60m) is recorded to exceed the criteria for disposal at an Inert Waste facility due to elevated Fluoride. The sample tested WS04 at 0.50m is recorded to exceed the criteria for disposal at a hazardous waste landfill, due to elevated Total Organic Carbon and Total Loss on ignition.

We recommend that further advice be sought from local landfills and waste facilities in regards to the acceptance of this material.

9.6 Pavement Design

Based on the findings of the site investigation, the soil type at the subgrade level was typically Made Ground or topsoil. Based on the recommendations for design CBR values provided in Interim advice note 73/06, Revision 1 (2009).

A conservative design CBR value of 1% should be adopted in areas where Made Ground is encountered at the subgrade level.

9.7 Land Gas

Ground gas monitoring results indicate that the site can be given a Characteristic Situation 1, which should be elevated to Characteristic Situation 2 due to elevated Carbon Dioxide (6.2%). However, detailed analysis of the ground gas monitoring results indicates that the risk can be reduced to Characteristic Situation 1.

Therefore, no ground gas protection measures are required.

9.8 Risk to Buried (Water) Services

It is considered that, due to elevated hydrocarbons in the tested soils, standard materials may not be suitable for new water pipes. Further advice should be sought from the local water company.

Previous guidance on buried water pipes was contained in Water Regulations Advisory Scheme (WRAS) Guidance Note No. 9-04-03⁽²⁰⁰²⁾, however, this has been superseded by the UK Water Industry Research Report 'Guidance for the Selection of Water Supply Pipes to be used in Brownfield Sites' Ref 10/WM/03/21 (January 2011).

9.9 Site Personnel

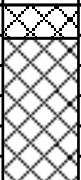
As with all construction sites, personnel working on the site during the construction period should be encouraged to maintain a high standard of personal hygiene, and on-site washing facilities should be available.

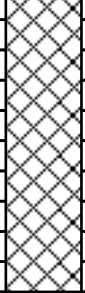
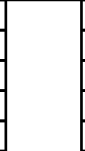
9.10 Other Matters

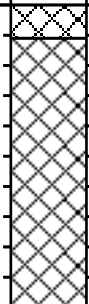
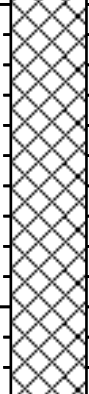
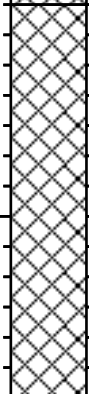
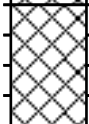
Due diligence is required during the construction period, and should any further evidence of contamination be found, appropriate investigation and/or action should be taken. The significance of any contamination not discovered by this investigation is outside the scope of this report.

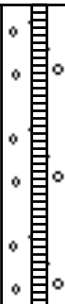
APPENDIX 1

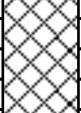
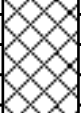
EXPLORATORY HOLE LOGS

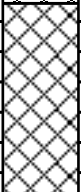
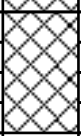
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			GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397269.23		E Coord: 387562.7																										
Date: 14/08/2025			Method: Drilling Rig		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL																										
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe																									
0.40	ES	pp 50/190mm			0.11	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT.																											
					0.60	MADE GROUND: Greyish brown slightly clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of limestone, sandstone, concrete and brick. Sand is fine to coarse.																											
0.90	ES				1.00	MADE GROUND: Stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, concrete, brick, coal and ash.																											
					1.20	End Of Borehole At 1.20 m																											
					2.00																												
					3.00																												
					4.00																												
KEY			REMARKS			Water Strikes																											
D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa ▽ - Groundwater Strike ▼ - Groundwater Level 			No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was installed with a monitoring well (0.5 plain, 0.7 slotted). Scale: 1:25			<table><tr><th>Date</th><th>Strike</th><th>Level</th><th>Minutes</th><th>Casing</th><th>Sealed</th></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																		
						Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																						
Daily Log Of Depths				Chiselling																													
<table><tr><th>Date</th><th>Casing</th><th>Water</th><th>From</th><th>To</th><th>Hours</th></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours																								
Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours																												

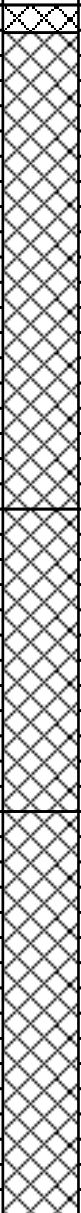
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Date: 14/08/2025			Method: Drilling Rig		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL				
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe			
0.40	ES	N=50 (5,6,14,25)			0.10	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT.					
					0.22	MADE GROUND: Grey sandy subround to round medium GRAVEL of limestone. Sand is fine to coarse.					
					1.00	MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash, glass and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.					
					1.20		End Of Borehole At 1.20 m				
					2.00						
					3.00						
					4.00						
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was installed with a monitoring well (0.5 plain, 0.7 slotted). Scale: 1:25			Water Strikes					
						Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
						Daily Log Of Depths			Chiselling		
						Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours

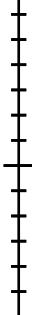
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Date: 14/08/2025			Method: Drilling Rig		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL				
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe			
0.60	ES	N=6 (1,1,2,2)			0.11	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT.					
					1.00	MADE GROUND: Brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.					
2.70	ES	N=8 (1,1,2,4)			2.00	MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.					
					2.30						
4.00	ES	N=7 (0,1,4,2)			3.00	MADE GROUND: Soft dark brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, brick, ash, clinker and coal.					
					3.60						
		N=4 (0,0,2,2)			4.00	Borehole Continues					
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa ▽ - Groundwater Strike ▼ - Groundwater Level 			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was installed with a monitoring well (1.0 plain, 4.0 slotted). Scale: 1:25			Water Strikes					
						Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
Daily Log Of Depths Chiselling			Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours			

			Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				WS03		
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Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe	
4.70	D	N=19 (3,3,5,8)			4.40	MADE GROUND: Soft dark brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, brick, ash, clinker and coal.			
					5.00	Stiff brown gravelly CLAY. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone.			
						End Of Borehole At 5.00 m			
					6.00				
					7.00				
					8.00				
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa ▽ - Groundwater Strike ▼ - Groundwater Level 			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was installed with a monitoring well (1.0 plain, 4.0 slotted). Scale: 1:25			Water Strikes			
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						Daily Log Of Depths		Chiselling	
						Date	Casing	Water	From

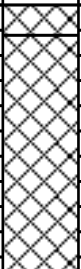
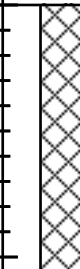
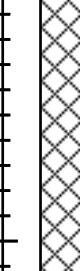
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Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe				
0.20	ES	N=9 (2,2,2,3)			0.10	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT.						
			0.37		MADE GROUND: Grey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete and brick. Sand is fine to coarse.							
			1.00		MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.							
1.20	ES		2.00									
		2.42	MADE GROUND: Soft brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, concrete, brick, coal, ash and clinker.									
		3.00										
		4.00		Borehole Continues								
KEY			REMARKS				Water Strikes					
D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level 			No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was installed with a monitoring well (1.0 plain, 4.0 slotted). Scale: 1:25				Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
							Daily Log Of Depths			Chiselling		
							Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours

 EARTH ENVIRONMENTAL & GEOTECHNICAL A Technica Group Company			Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				WS05				
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Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe			
0.50	ES	pp 50/75mm			0.14	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT.					
					0.80	MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash, glass and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.					
1.00	ES				1.00	MADE GROUND: Brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.					
					1.20	End Of Borehole At 1.20 m					
					2.00						
					3.00						
					4.00						
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa ▽ - Groundwater Strike ▼ - Groundwater Level 			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was installed with a monitoring well (0.5 plain, 0.7 slotted). Scale: 1:25			Water Strikes					
						Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
						Daily Log Of Depths			Chiselling		
						Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours

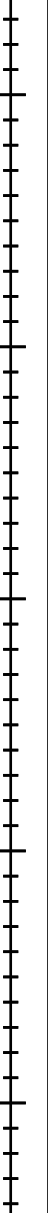
 EARTH ENVIRONMENTAL & GEOTECHNICAL A Technics Group Company			Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				CP01						
			Project Number: A7009		Client: SWF Consulting					Sheet 1 Of 3			
			GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397275.46		E Coord: 387562.3						
Date: 18/08/2025-19/08/2025			Method: Cable Percussion		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL						
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe					
1.20 - 1.65	D	N=5 (1,1,2,1)			0.11	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT.							
					1.00	MADE GROUND: Brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.							
					2.00	MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.							
					3.00	MADE GROUND: Firm dark brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, brick and coal.							
3.00 - 3.45	D	N=5 (1,1,2,1)		3.20	MADE GROUND: Firm dark brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, brick and coal.								
4.00 - 4.45	D	N=10 (2,2,2,4)		4.00	4.00 SV = 40Kpa @ 4.0m bgl.								
						Borehole Continues							
KEY			REMARKS			Water Strikes							
D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level 			No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was backfilled with arisings. Scale: 1:30			Date			Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
			Daily Log Of Depths			Chiselling							
			Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours					
						10	11	1 hour					

		Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				CP01																										
		Project Number: A7009		Client: SWF Consulting																												
		GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397275.46		E Coord: 387562.3																										
Date: 18/08/2025-19/08/2025		Method: Cable Percussion		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL																										
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe																								
5.00 - 5.45	U	N=24 (4,5,5,10)				MADE GROUND: Firm dark brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, brick and coal. Stiff brown slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone. 5.50 SV = 90Kpa @ 5.5m bgl.																										
6.00 - 6.45	D																															
6.50 - 7.00	B																															
7.00 - 7.45	D	N=31 (5,6,10,10)				7.50 SV = 100Kpa @ 7.5m bgl.																										
9.00 - 9.45	D	N=33 (6,7,10,10)				Very stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY with low cobble content of sandstone. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone. 8.50 SV = 72Kpa @ 8.5m bgl.																										
9.50 - 10.00	B																															
						Borehole Continues																										
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was backfilled with arisings. 			Water Strikes <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Date</th> <th>Strike</th> <th>Level</th> <th>Minutes</th> <th>Casing</th> <th>Sealed</th> </tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>			Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																		
Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																											
			Scale: 1:30			Daily Log Of Depths <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Date</th> <th>Casing</th> <th>Water</th> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>Hours</th> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td>10</td> <td>11</td> <td>1 hour</td> </tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>			Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours				10	11	1 hour												
Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours																											
			10	11	1 hour																											

			Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				CP01																																												
			Project Number: A7009		Client: SWF Consulting																																														
			GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397275.46		E Coord: 387562.3																																												
Date: 18/08/2025-19/08/2025			Method: Cable Percussion		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL																																												
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe																																											
10.00 - 10.45	D	pp 50/290mm				Very stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY with low cobble content of sandstone. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone. 10.00 SV = 95Kpa @ 10.0m bgl.																																													
		pp 50/210mm				End Of Borehole At 11.00 m																																													
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was backfilled with arisings. Scale: 1:30			Water Strikes <table><tr><th>Date</th><th>Strike</th><th>Level</th><th>Minutes</th><th>Casing</th><th>Sealed</th></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> Daily Log Of Depths <table><tr><th>Date</th><th>Casing</th><th>Water</th><th>From</th><th>To</th><th>Hours</th></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>1 hour</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																			Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours				10	11	1 hour						
Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																																														
Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours																																														
			10	11	1 hour																																														

 EARTH ENVIRONMENTAL & GEOTECHNICAL A Technics Group Company			Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				CP02							
			Project Number: A7009		Client: SWF Consulting									
			GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397276.36		E Coord: 387579.37							
Date: 19/08/2025-20/08/2025			Method: Cable Percussion		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL							
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe						
1.20 - 1.65	D	N=8 (2,2,2,2)			0.12	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT. MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.								
					1.00									
					2.00									
					3.00									
					3.50									
2.00 - 2.45	D	N=8 (1,2,1,4)		2.00	MADE GROUND: Firm dark brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, mudstone, brick and coal.									
3.00 - 3.45	D	N=8 (3,2,2,1)		3.00										
4.00 - 4.45	D	N=6 (1,2,1,2)		4.00										
4.50 - 5.00	B			4.50										
								Stiff brown slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone. Borehole Continues						
KEY			REMARKS			Water Strikes								
D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level 			No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was backfilled with arisings. Scale: 1:30			Date				Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
						Daily Log Of Depths		Chiselling						
						Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours			
									10	11	1 hour			

		Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				CP02																																
		Project Number: A7009		Client: SWF Consulting																																		
		GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397276.36		E Coord: 387579.37																																
Date: 19/08/2025-20/08/2025		Method: Cable Percussion		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL																																
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe																														
5.00 - 5.45	U	N=27 (5,7,7,8)				Stiff brown slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone. 5.00 SV = 105Kpa @ 5.0m bgl.																																
6.00 - 6.45	D																																					
7.00 - 7.45	U																																					
8.00 - 8.45	D	N=33 (7,7,10,9)				7.50 SV = 80Kpa @ 7.5m bgl.																																
8.50 - 9.00	B					Very stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY with low cobble content of sandstone. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone.																																
9.00 - 9.45	D																																					
		N=43 (7,10,13,13)				9.50 SV = 80Kpa @ 9.5m bgl. Borehole Continues																																
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was backfilled with arisings. Scale: 1:30			Water Strikes <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Date</th> <th>Strike</th> <th>Level</th> <th>Minutes</th> <th>Casing</th> <th>Sealed</th> </tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>			Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																								
Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed																																	
			Daily Log Of Depths <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Date</th> <th>Casing</th> <th>Water</th> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>Hours</th> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td>10</td> <td>11</td> <td>1 hour</td> </tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>			Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours				10	11	1 hour																					
Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours																																	
			10	11	1 hour																																	

			Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				CP02							
			Project Number: A7009		Client: SWF Consulting									
			GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397276.36		E Coord: 387579.37							
Date: 19/08/2025-20/08/2025			Method: Cable Percussion		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL							
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe						
10.00 - 10.45	D	pp 50/245mm				Very stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY with low cobble content of sandstone. Gravel is subangular to subround fine to coarse of sandstone and mudstone.								
		pp 50/220mm				End Of Borehole At 11.00 m								
KEY			REMARKS			Water Strikes								
D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level 			No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Groundwater was not encountered. 4. The borehole was backfilled with arisings. Scale: 1:30			Date				Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
						Daily Log Of Depths		Chiselling						
						Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours			
									10	11	1 hour			

			Project Title: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College				CP02A				
			Project Number: A7009		Client: SWF Consulting						
			GL (mAOD):		N Coord: 397262.61		E Coord: 387577.75				
Date: 19/08/2025			Method: Cable Percussion		Driller: PM Sampling		Logged By: CL				
Depth (m)	Type	Test Result	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description	Water	Standpipe			
					0.12	MADE GROUND: Grey ASPHALT. MADE GROUND: Brown clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse GRAVEL of concrete, brick, sandstone, mudstone, coal, ash and clinker. Sand is fine to coarse.					
					1.00						
					1.50						
					2.00	End Of Borehole At 1.50 m					
					3.00						
					4.00						
KEY D - Disturbed Sample B - Bulk Sample U - Undisturbed W - Water Sample S - Standard Penetration Test C - Cone Penetration Test N - Penetration Test 'N' Value V - Hand Shear Vane kPa  - Groundwater Strike  - Groundwater Level			REMARKS No Groundwater Encountered 1. Borehole was scanned and an inspection dug to 1.2mbgl. 2. No olfactory or visual evidence of contamination was encountered. 3. Borehole terminated due to brick and concrete layer. 4. The borehole was backfilled with arisings.  Scale: 1:30			Water Strikes					
						Date	Strike	Level	Minutes	Casing	Sealed
						Daily Log Of Depths					
						Date	Casing	Water	From	To	Hours



EARTH ENVIRONMENTAL & GEOTECHNICAL
Houldsworth Mill Business & Arts Centre, Houldsworth Street,
Stockport, SK5 6DA

Tel: 0161 975 6088

Email: info@earthenvironmental.co.uk

Web: www.earthenvironmental.co.uk

TRIAL PIT LOG

Project Name: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College.

Date: 15/08/2025

Project No.: A7009

Client: SWF Consulting Ltd

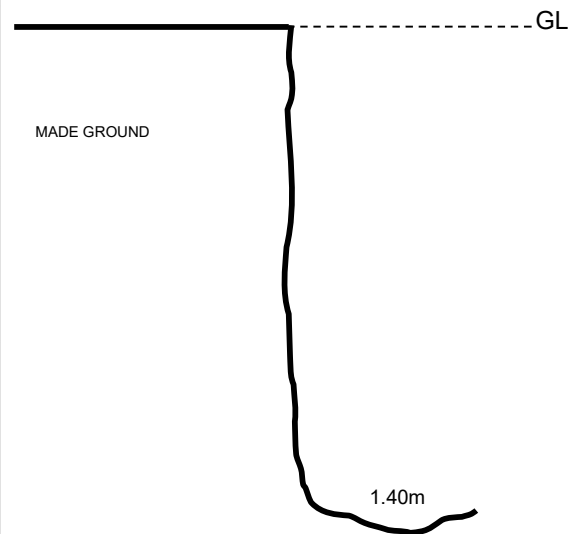
Hole Number: TP01

Logged By: C. Low

Total Depth: 1.40m

Remarks: Trail pit for infiltration testing

Schematic Profile:



NOT TO SCALE

Legend	Depth (m)	Description
	GL-0.38	MADE GROUND: Grass over dark brown clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, concrete, brick and mudstone.
	0.38-1.40	MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy fine to coarse GRAVEL of brick, concrete, metal, ash, sandstone and mudstone with low cobble content of brick. Sand is fine to coarse.

Trial pit terminated at 1.40m due to concrete obstruction.

Trial pit stable.
Infiltration test aborted due to deep made ground deposits.

Environmental sample taken at 0.2m and 0.9m bgl.

Pictures:



TP01: Overview of trial Pit



TP01: Internal view of excavation



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Stockport, SK5 6DA

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Email: info@earthenvironmental.co.uk
Web: www.earthenvironmental.co.uk

TRIAL PIT LOG

Project Name: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College.

Date: 15/08/2025

Project No.: A7009

Client: SWF Consulting Ltd

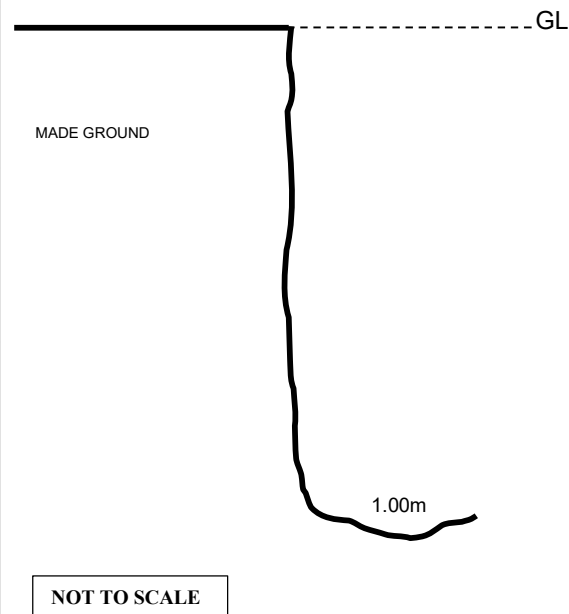
Hole Number: TP02

Logged By: C. Low

Total Depth: 1.00m

Remarks: Trail pit for infiltration testing

Schematic Profile:



Legend	Depth (m)	Description
	GL-0.40	MADE GROUND: Grass over dark brown clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of sandstone, concrete, brick and mudstone.
	0.40-1.00	MADE GROUND: Dark brown clayey sandy fine to coarse GRAVEL of brick, concrete, metal, ash, sandstone and mudstone with moderate cobble content of brick. Sand is fine to coarse.

Trial pit terminated at 1.00m due to concrete obstruction.

Trial pit stable.
Infiltration test aborted due to deep made ground deposits.

Environmental sample taken at 0.3m bgl.

Pictures:



TP02: Overview of trial Pit



TP02: Internal view of excavation

APPENDIX 2

LABORATORY GEOTECHNICAL TESTING RESULTS

TEST REPORT

Client Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd

Address Houldsworth Mill Business & Arts Centre
Houldsworth Mill
Reddish
Stockport
SK5 6DA

Contract A7009 -
Openshaw Campus, Manchester College

Job Number MRN 25001/64
Date of Issue 22 September 2025
Page 1 of 16

Approved Signatories

S J Hutchings, O P Davies

Notes

- 1 All remaining samples and remnants from this contract will be disposed 28 days from the date of this report unless you notify us to the contrary.
- 2 Result certificates, in this report, not bearing a UKAS mark, are not included in our UKAS accreditation schedule.
- 3 Opinions and interpretations expressed herein are outside the scope of our UKAS accreditation.
- 4 Certified that the samples have been examined and tested in accordance with the terms of the contract/order and unless otherwise stated conform to the standards/specifications quoted.
- 5 The results included within the report are representative of the samples submitted for analysis.
- 6 This certificate should not be reproduced, except in full, without the express permission of the laboratory.



Andrew House, Hadfield Street, Dukinfield, Cheshire SK16 4QX Tel: 0161 475 0870
Email: enquiries@murrayrix.com Website: www.murrayrix.com

Also at: London: 020 8523 1999

Murray Rix is the trading name of Murray Rix (Northern) Limited. Registered in England 2878361

MURRAY RIX
ANDREW HOUSE, HADFIELD STREET,
DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870

TEST CERTIFICATE
PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

BS EN ISO 17892-4:2016

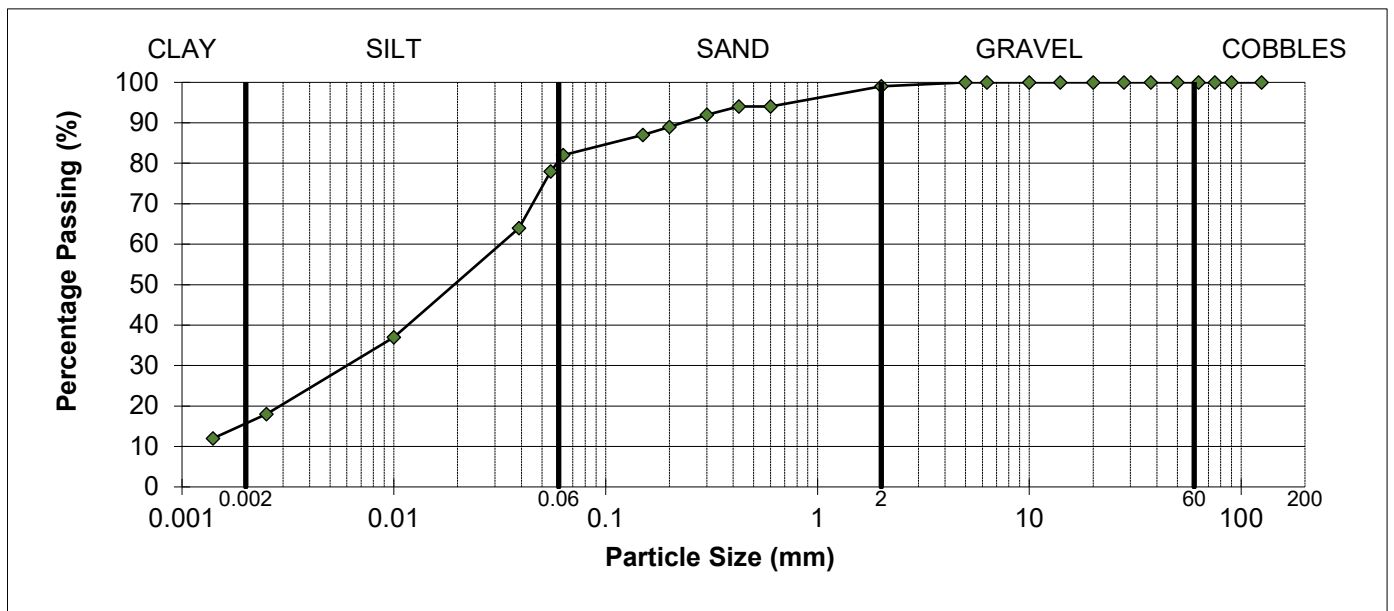
Determination of Water Content in accordance with BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022 (Oven Dry)

CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd		
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College		
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64		

SAMPLE LABEL	CP01 6.5-7.0m B	DATE SAMPLED	18-Aug-25
LAB SAMPLE No	5159022	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample		

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)
125	100		2	99	
90	100		0.6	94	
75	100		0.425	94	
63	100		0.3	92	
50	100		0.2	89	
37.5	100		0.15	87	
28	100		0.063	82	
20	100		0.055	78	
14	100		0.039	64	
10	100		0.01	37	
6.3	100		0.0025	18	
5	100		0.0014	12	

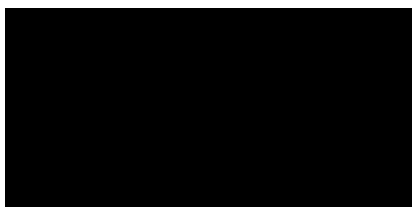


REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME

Page 2 of 16



DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX
ANDREW HOUSE, HADFIELD STREET,
DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870

TEST CERTIFICATE
PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

BS EN ISO 17892-4:2016

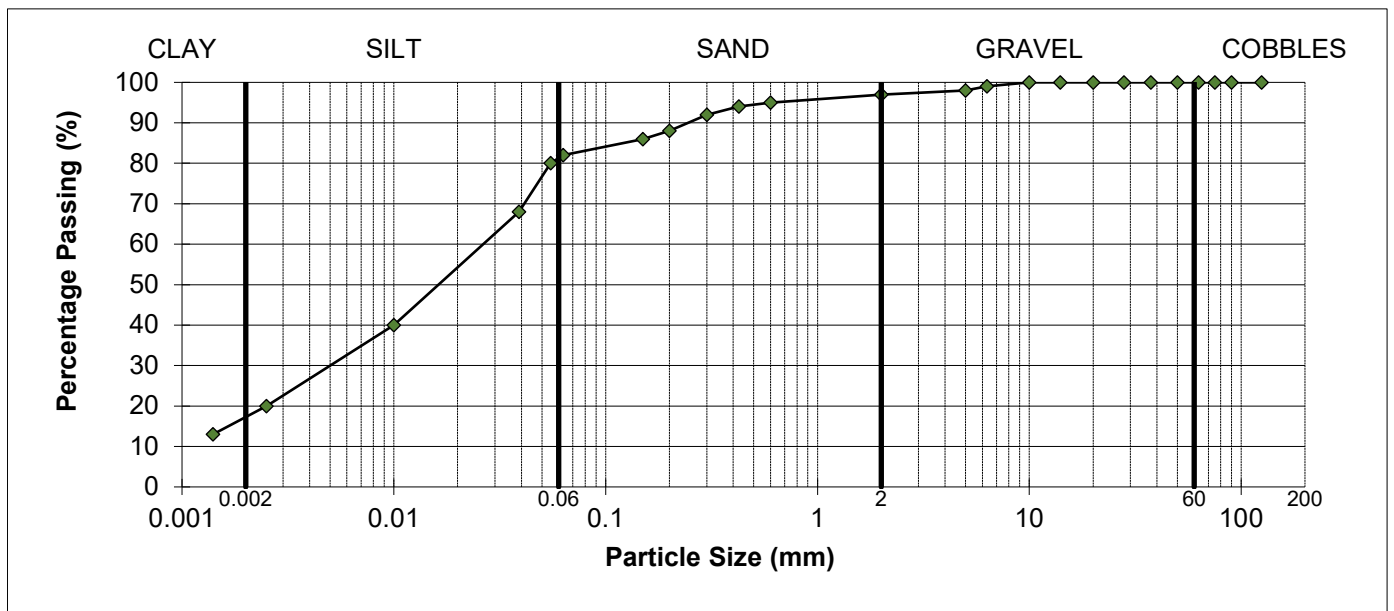
Determination of Water Content in accordance with BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022 (Oven Dry)

CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd		
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College		
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64		

SAMPLE LABEL	CP01 9.5-10.0m B	DATE SAMPLED	18-Aug-25
LAB SAMPLE No	5159023	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample		

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)
125	100		2	97	
90	100		0.6	95	
75	100		0.425	94	
63	100		0.3	92	
50	100		0.2	88	
37.5	100		0.15	86	
28	100		0.063	82	
20	100		0.055	80	
14	100		0.039	68	
10	100		0.01	40	
6.3	99		0.0025	20	
5	98		0.0014	13	



REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME

DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX

ANDREW HOUSE, HADFIELD STREET,
DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870

TEST CERTIFICATE

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

BS EN ISO 17892-4:2016

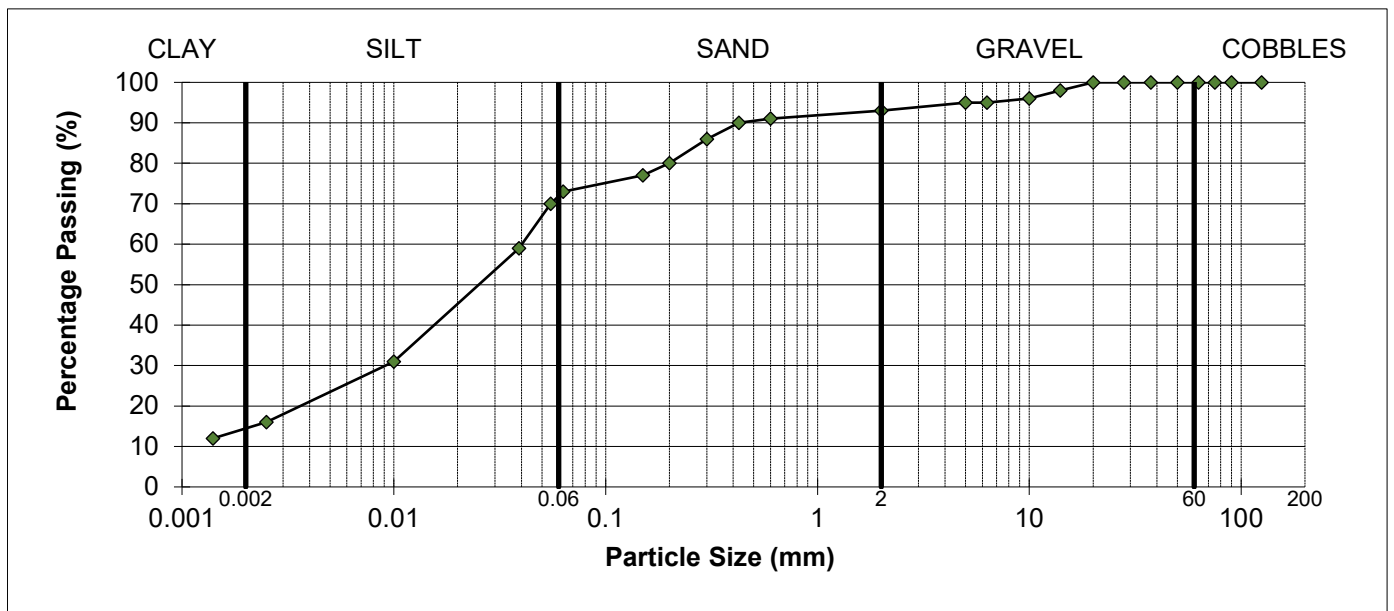
Determination of Water Content in accordance with BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022 (Oven Dry)

CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP02 4.5-5.0m B	DATE SAMPLED	19-Aug-25
LAB SAMPLE No	5159024	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)
125	100		2	93	
90	100		0.6	91	
75	100		0.425	90	
63	100		0.3	86	
50	100		0.2	80	
37.5	100		0.15	77	
28	100		0.063	73	
20	100		0.055	70	
14	98		0.039	59	
10	96		0.01	31	
6.3	95		0.0025	16	
5	95		0.0014	12	



REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME

DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX
ANDREW HOUSE, HADFIELD STREET,
DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870

TEST CERTIFICATE
PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

BS EN ISO 17892-4:2016

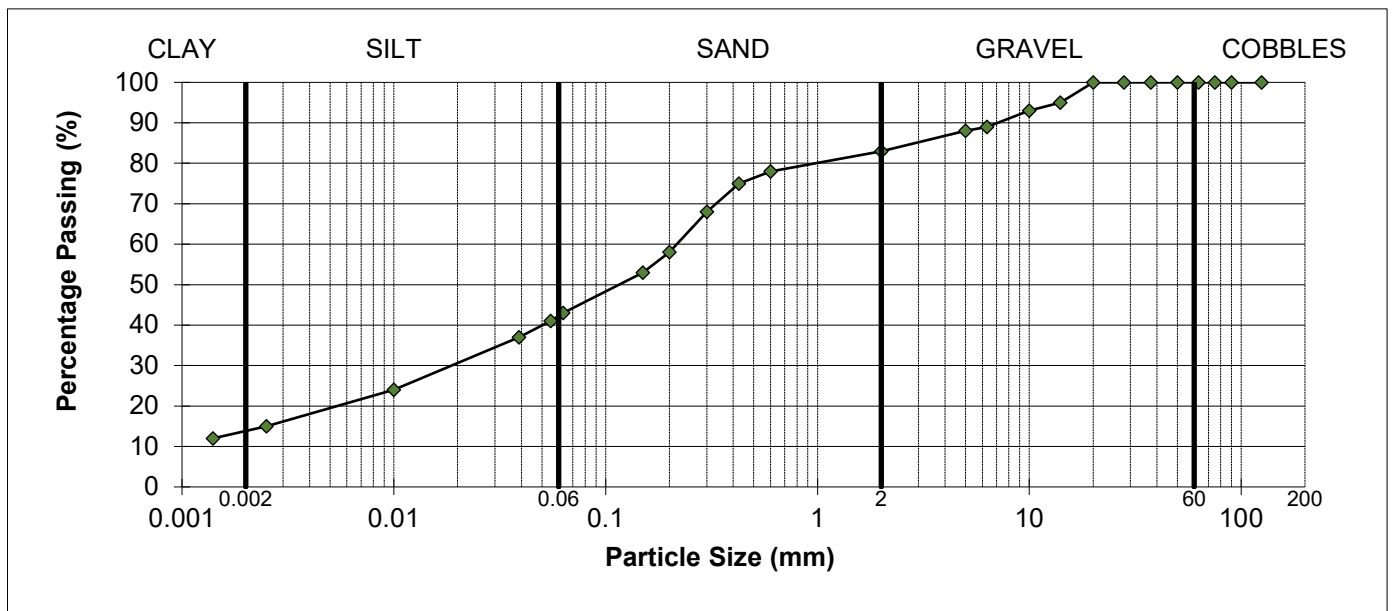
Determination of Water Content in accordance with BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022 (Oven Dry)

CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd		
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College		
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64		

SAMPLE LABEL	CP02 10.0-10.45m D	DATE SAMPLED	20-Aug-25
LAB SAMPLE No	5159016	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample		

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing (%)	Specification (%)
125	100		2	83	
90	100		0.6	78	
75	100		0.425	75	
63	100		0.3	68	
50	100		0.2	58	
37.5	100		0.15	53	
28	100		0.063	43	
20	100		0.055	41	
14	95		0.039	37	
10	93		0.01	24	
6.3	89		0.0025	15	
5	88		0.0014	12	

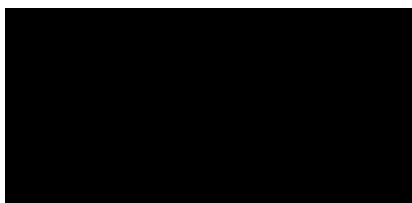


REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME

Page 5 of 16



DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX

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TEL 0161 475 0870



TEST CERTIFICATE

LIQUID LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.3 (30° FALL CONE) 1 POINT METHOD
PLASTIC LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.5
WATER CONTENT METHOD BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022

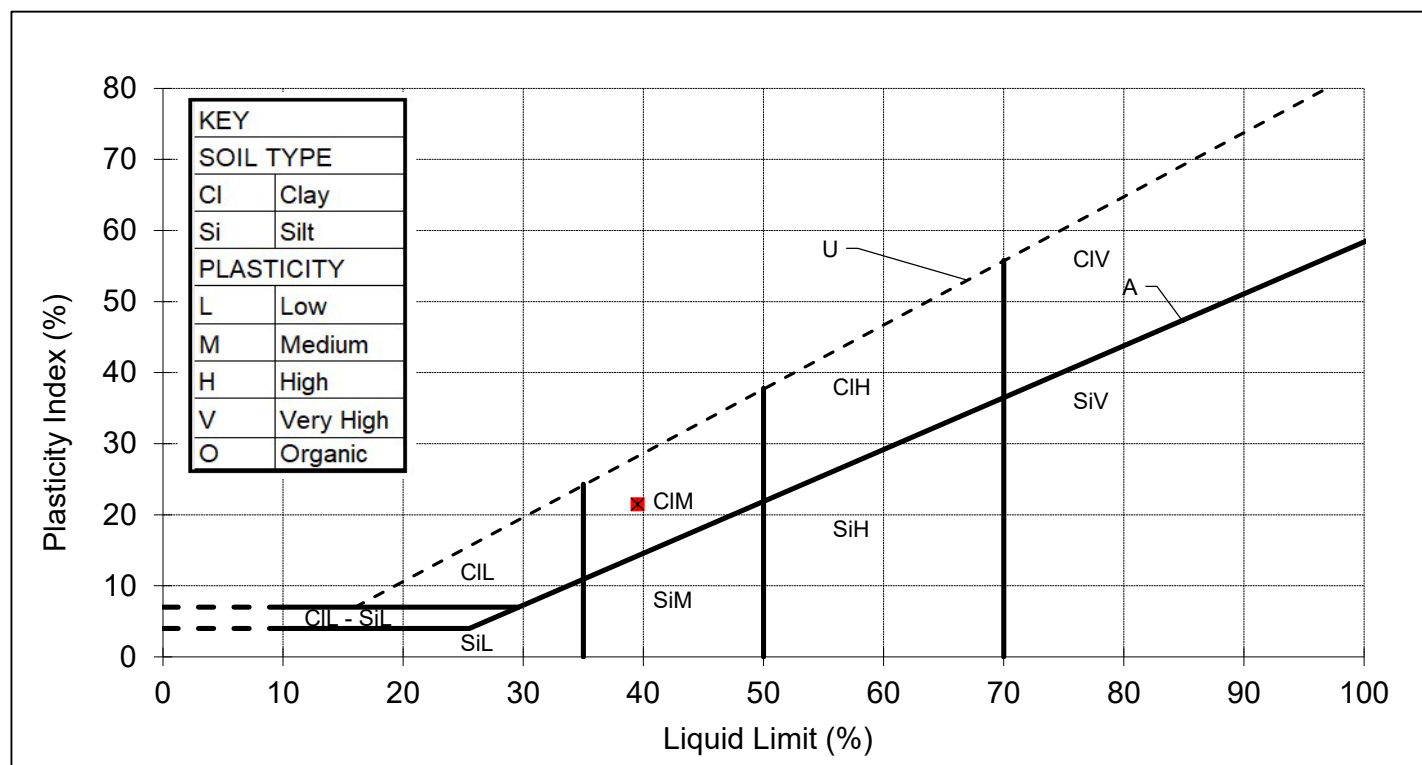
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	WS03 4.7m D	DATE SAMPLED	14-Aug-25
SAMPLE No.	5159017	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	01-Sep-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Grey brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample	WATER CONTENT	Increasing
SAMPLE HISTORY	Natural State	% RET. 425um BY	Hand Picked

Test Readings mm (average)	Water Content %	Correction Factor	Correction factor from Clayton and Jukes 1978
Determination 1 (avg)	20.0	39.5	
Determination 2 (avg)	20.0	39.5	

Natural Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Passing 425 micron (%)
31.6	40	18	22	91



REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME

DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX

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TEL 0161 475 0870



TEST CERTIFICATE

LIQUID LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.3 (30° FALL CONE) 1 POINT METHOD

PLASTIC LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.5

WATER CONTENT METHOD BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022

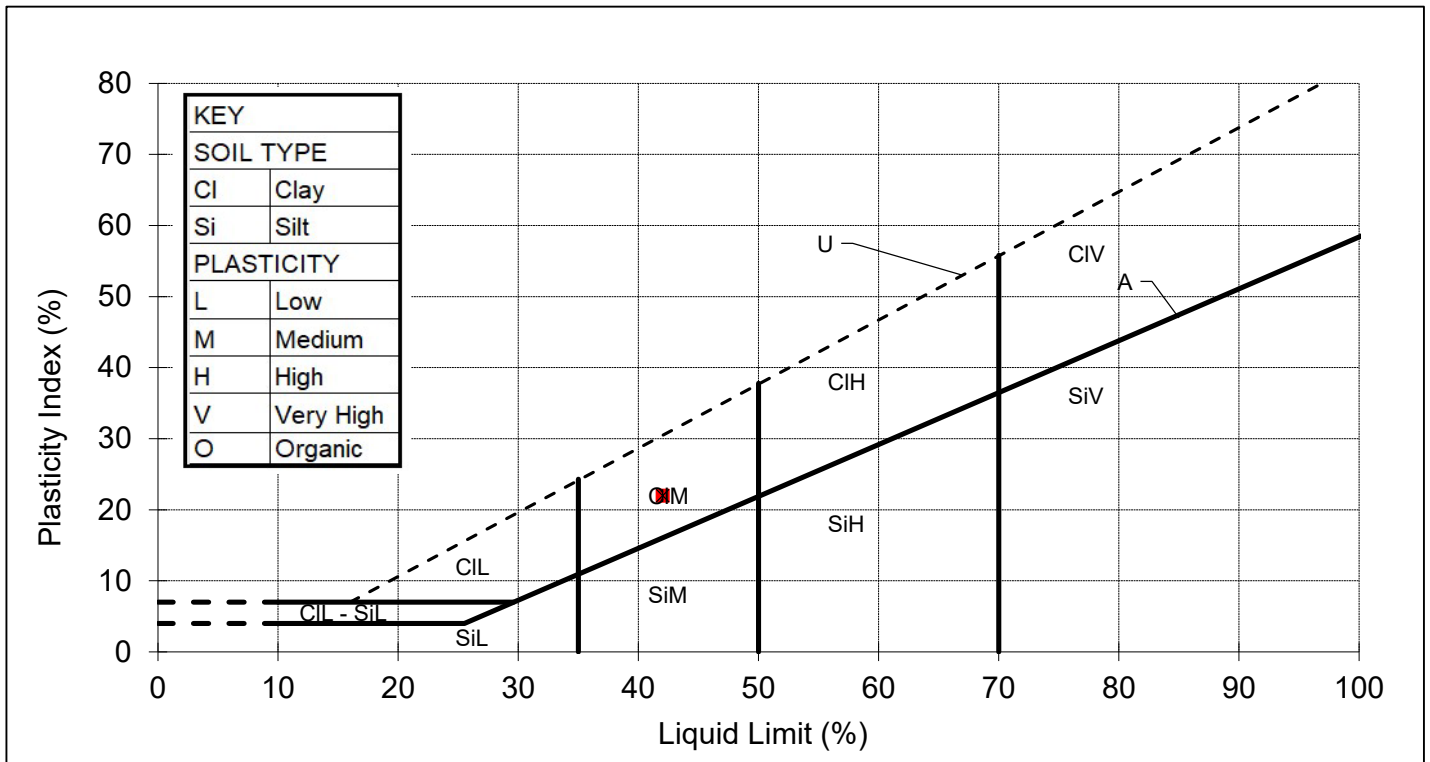
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	WS04 4.6m D	DATE SAMPLED	14-Aug-25
SAMPLE No.	5159018	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	01-Sep-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Grey brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample	WATER CONTENT	Increasing
SAMPLE HISTORY	Natural State	% RET. 425um BY	Hand Picked

Test Readings mm (average)	Water Content %	Correction Factor	Correction factor from Clayton and Jukes 1978
Determination 1 (avg)	20.5	42.3	
Determination 2 (avg)	20.5	42.4	

Natural Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Passing 425 micron (%)
32.6	42	20	22	94



REMARKS

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NAME

DATE

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TEST CERTIFICATE

LIQUID LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.3 (30° FALL CONE) 1 POINT METHOD

PLASTIC LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.5

WATER CONTENT METHOD BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022

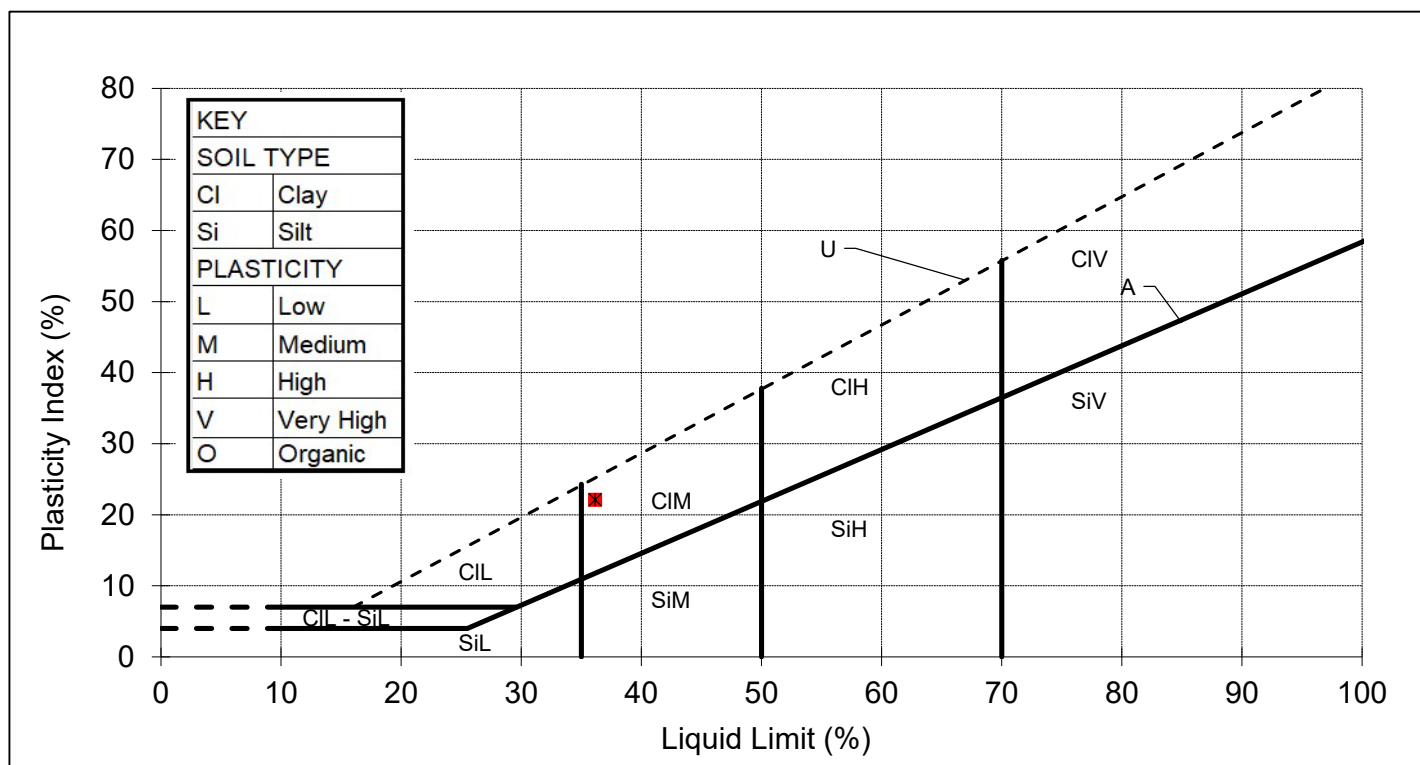
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP01 7.0-7.45m D	DATE SAMPLED	18-Aug-25
SAMPLE No.	5159006	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	01-Sep-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample	WATER CONTENT	Increasing
SAMPLE HISTORY	Natural State	% RET. 425um BY	Wet Sieved

Test Readings mm (average)	Water Content %	Correction Factor	Correction factor from Clayton and Jukes 1978
Determination 1 (avg)	18.5	35.2	
Determination 2 (avg)	18.4	35.1	

Natural Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Passing 425 micron (%)
14.6	36	14	22	81



REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME

DATE

22-Sep-25

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TEST CERTIFICATE

LIQUID LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.3 (30° FALL CONE) 1 POINT METHOD
PLASTIC LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.5
WATER CONTENT METHOD BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022

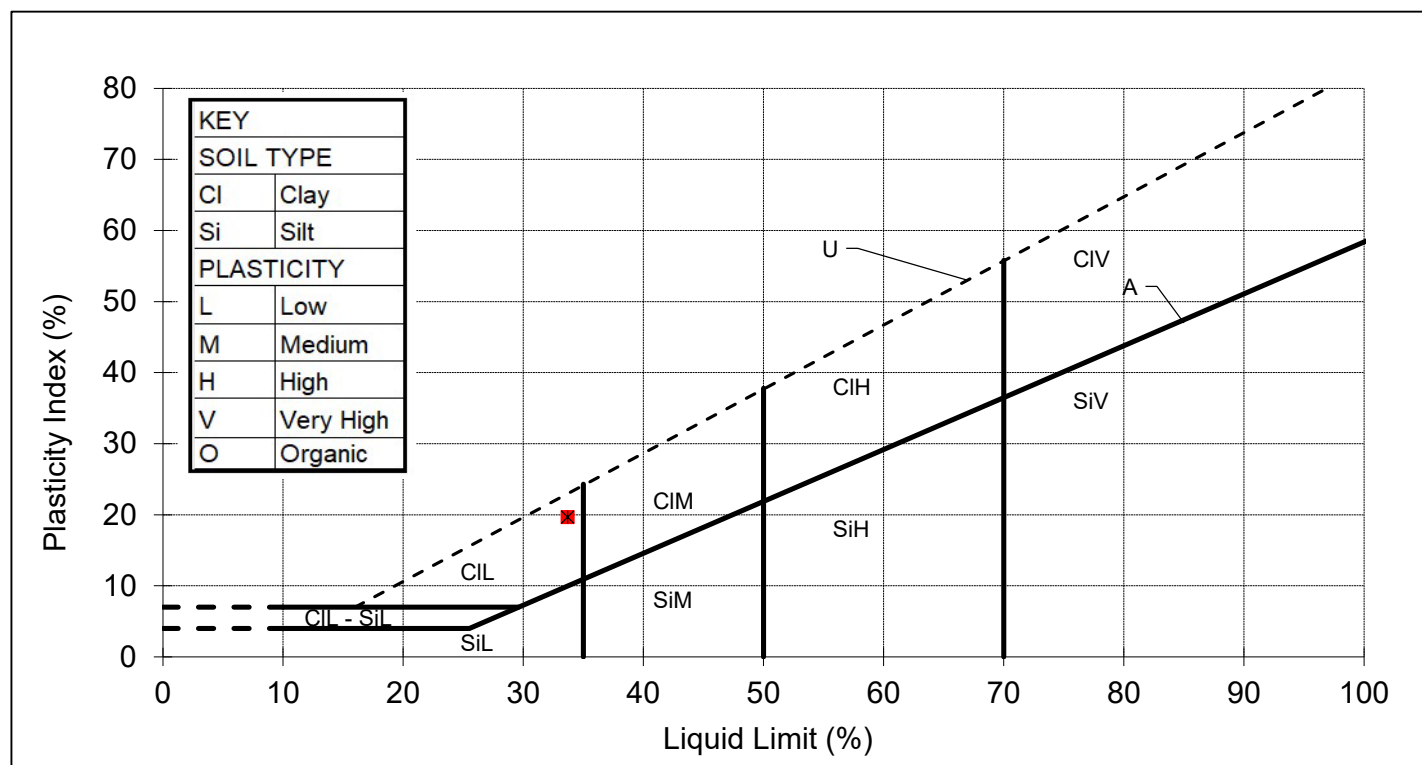
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP01 10.0-10.45m D	DATE SAMPLED	18-Aug-25
SAMPLE No.	5159008	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	01-Sep-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample	WATER CONTENT	Increasing
SAMPLE HISTORY	Natural State	% RET. 425um BY	Wet Sieved

Test Readings mm (average)	Water Content %	Correction Factor	Correction factor from Clayton and Jukes 1978
Determination 1 (avg)	19.8	33.6	
Determination 2 (avg)	19.8	33.6	

Natural Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Passing 425 micron (%)
13.1	34	14	20	76



REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME

DATE

22-Sep-25

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TEST CERTIFICATE

LIQUID LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.3 (30° FALL CONE) 1 POINT METHOD

PLASTIC LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.5

WATER CONTENT METHOD BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022

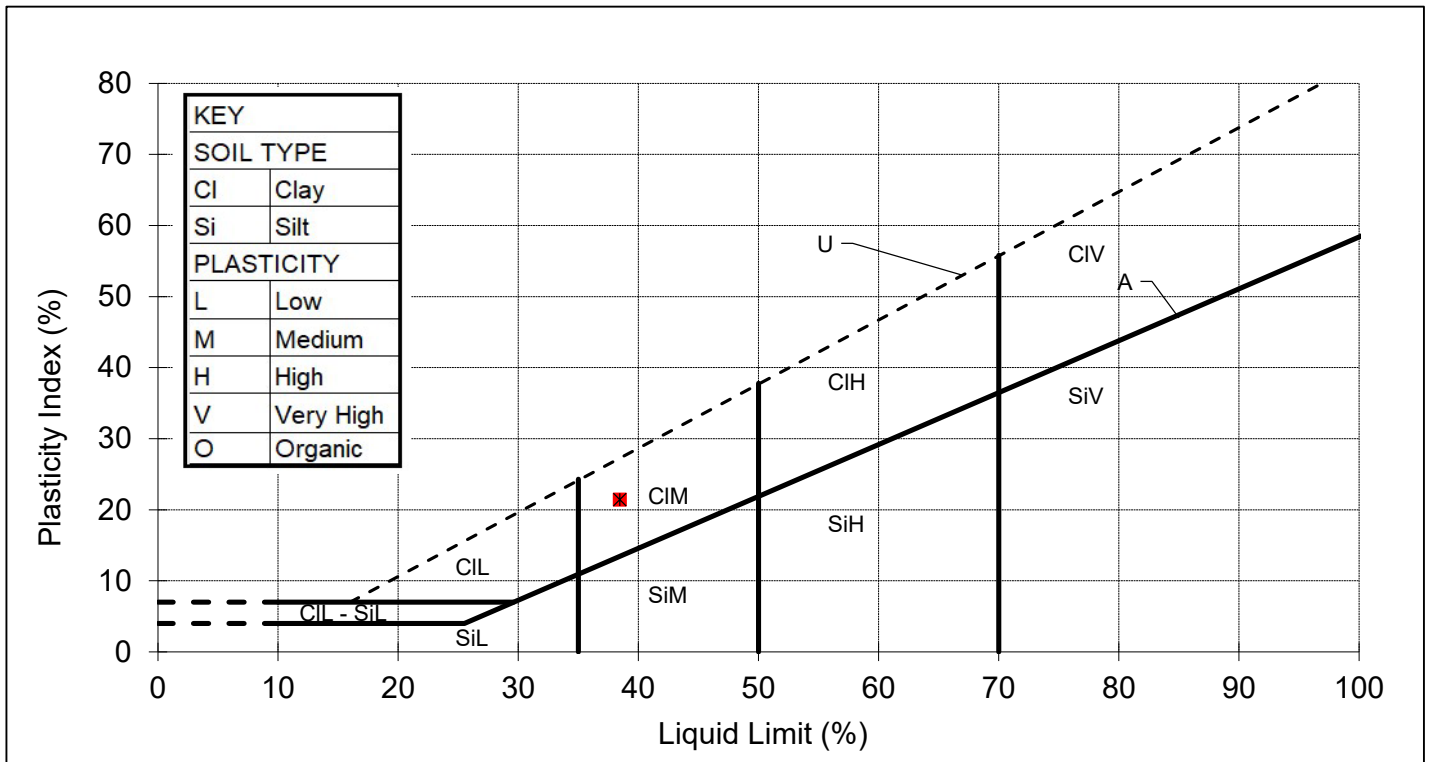
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP02 6.0-6.45m D	DATE SAMPLED	19-Aug-25
SAMPLE No.	5159013	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	01-Sep-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample	WATER CONTENT	Increasing
SAMPLE HISTORY	Natural State	% RET. 425um BY	Wet Sieved

Test Readings mm (average)	Water Content %	Correction Factor	Correction factor from Clayton and Jukes 1978
Determination 1 (avg)	20.2	38.6	
Determination 2 (avg)	20.1	38.5	

Natural Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Passing 425 micron (%)
18.1	38	17	21	88



REMARKS

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NAME

DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX

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DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870



TEST CERTIFICATE

LIQUID LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.3 (30° FALL CONE) 1 POINT METHOD

PLASTIC LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.5

WATER CONTENT METHOD BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022

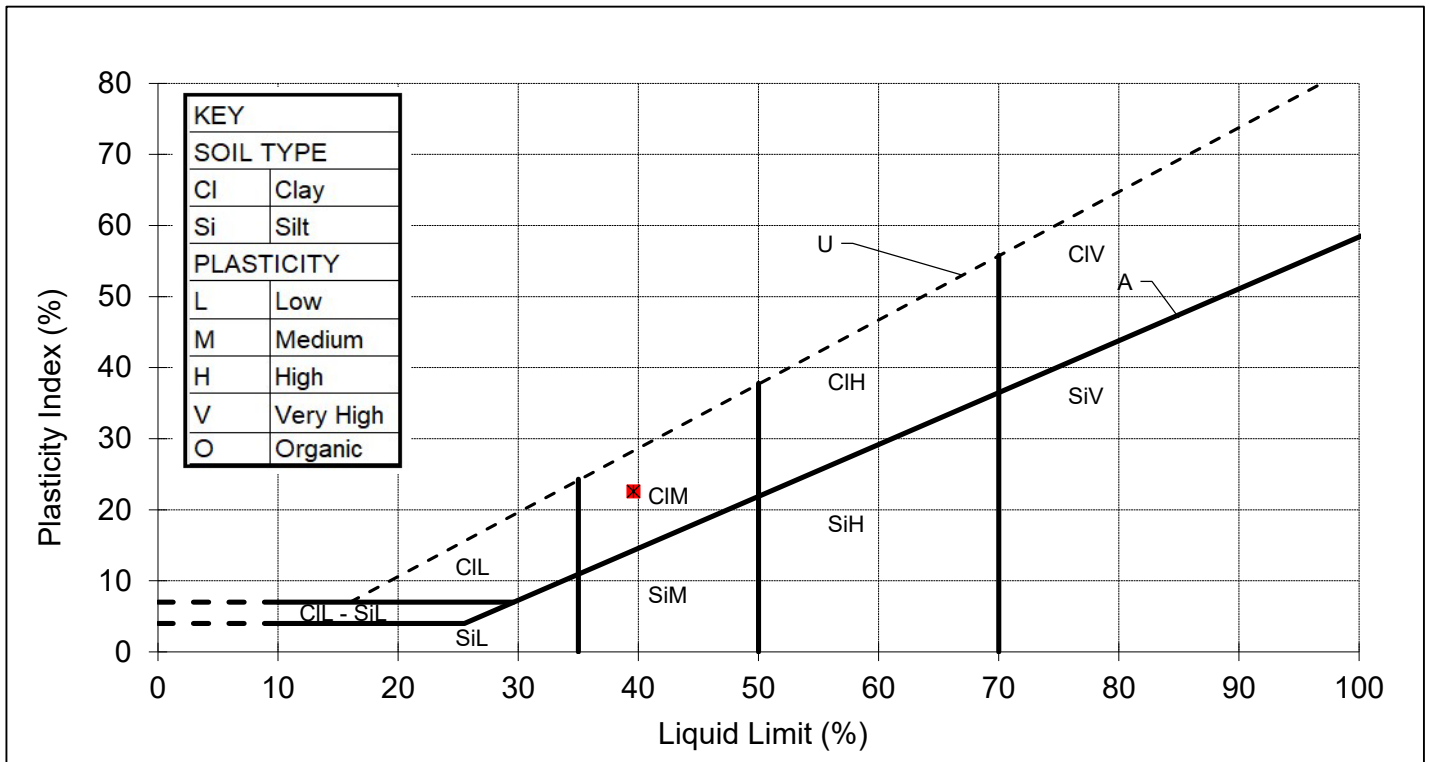
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP02 8.0-8.45m D	DATE SAMPLED	20-Aug-25
SAMPLE No.	5159014	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	01-Sep-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample	WATER CONTENT	Increasing
SAMPLE HISTORY	Natural State	% RET. 425um BY	Wet Sieved

Test Readings mm (average)	Water Content %	Correction Factor	Correction factor from Clayton and Jukes 1978
Determination 1 (avg)	19.9	39.4	
Determination 2 (avg)	19.9	39.6	

Natural Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Passing 425 micron (%)
15.0	40	17	23	83



REMARKS

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NAME

DATE

22-Sep-25

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TEST CERTIFICATE

LIQUID LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.3 (30° FALL CONE) 1 POINT METHOD

PLASTIC LIMIT BS EN ISO 17892-12:2018+A2:2022 Clause 5.5

WATER CONTENT METHOD BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1:2022

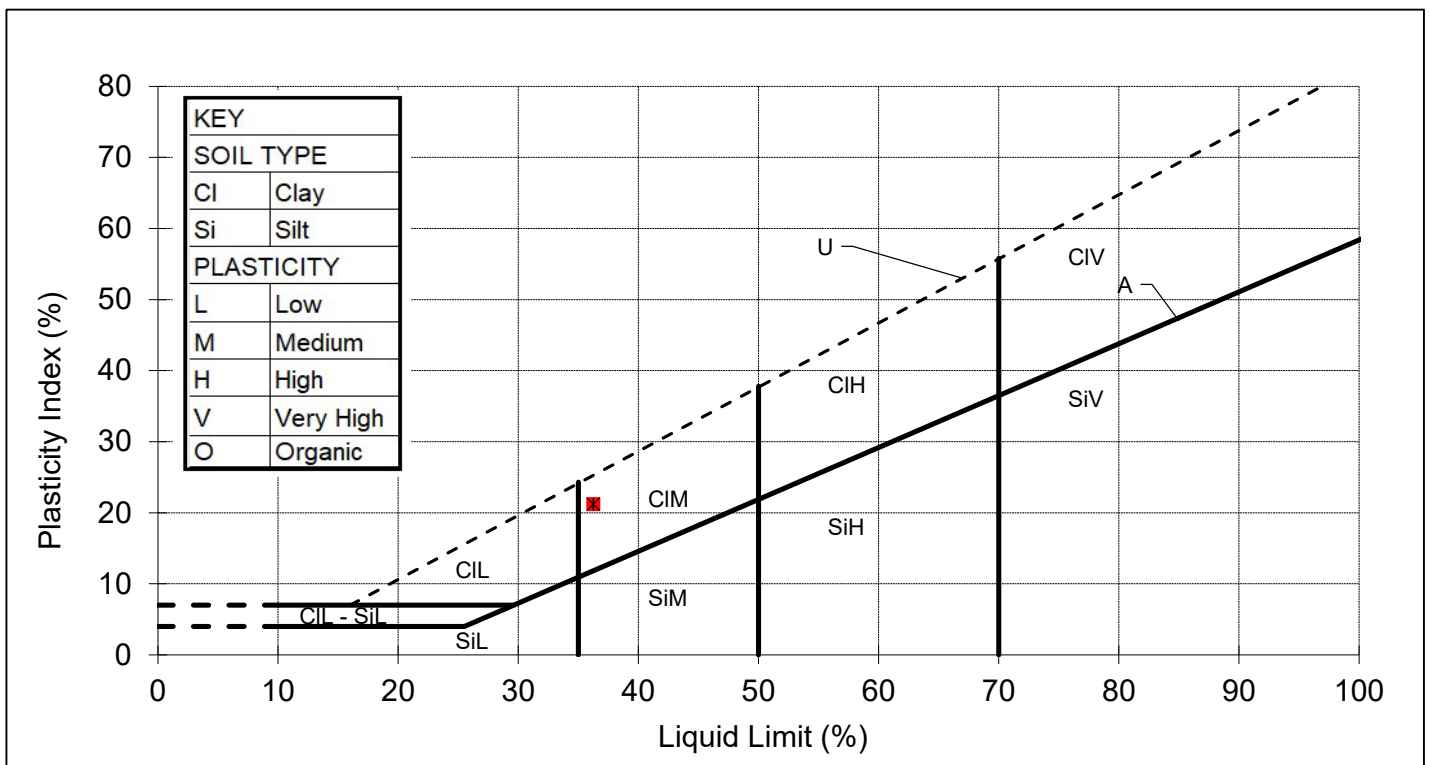
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP02 9.0-9.45m D	DATE SAMPLED	20-Aug-25
SAMPLE No.	5159015	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	01-Sep-25	SAMPLED BY	Client

MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample	WATER CONTENT	Increasing
SAMPLE HISTORY	Natural State	% RET. 425um BY	Wet Sieved

Test Readings mm (average)		Water Content %	Correction Factor	Correction factor from Clayton and Jukes 1978
Determination 1 (avg)	20.2	36.3	0.997	
Determination 2 (avg)	20.2	36.4		

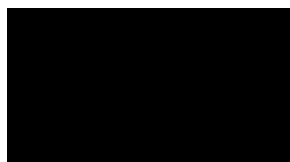
Natural Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit (%)	Plastic Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Passing 425 micron (%)
13.8	36	15	21	88



REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME



(Director / Head of Laboratory)

DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX

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DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
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TEST CERTIFICATE

DETERMINATION OF WATER-SOLUBLE SULPHATE IN SOIL
& DETERMINATION OF THE pH VALUE
BS 1377-3:2018+A1:2021, Cl. 7.3 & Cl. 12

CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

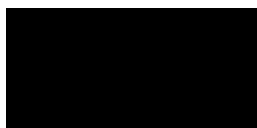
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	DATE SAMPLED	14-20-Aug-25
SAMPLED BY	Client	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
PRE-TREATMENT	Air Dried	ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Samples

Sample Number	Sample Label	Material	% Ret. 2mm	pH Value	Water Soluble Sulphate as SO ₄ (mg/l)
5159017	WS03 4.7m D	Grey brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY	5	7.6	220
5159018	WS04 4.6m D	Grey brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY	5	7.2	180
5159006	CP01 7.0-7.45m D	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY	15	7.3	290
5159008	CP01 10.0- 10.45m D	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY	20	7.3	320
5159013	CP02 6.0-6.45m D	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY	8	7.2	370
5159015	CP02 9.0-9.45m D	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY	7	7.3	380

REMARKS

SIGNED

NAME



(ns)
(Director / Head of Laboratory)

DATE

22-Sep-25

MURRAY RIX

ANDREW HOUSE, HADFIELD STREET,
DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870



TEST CERTIFICATE

UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH IN TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION
BS 1377 : PART 7: Clause 9 Multi Stage

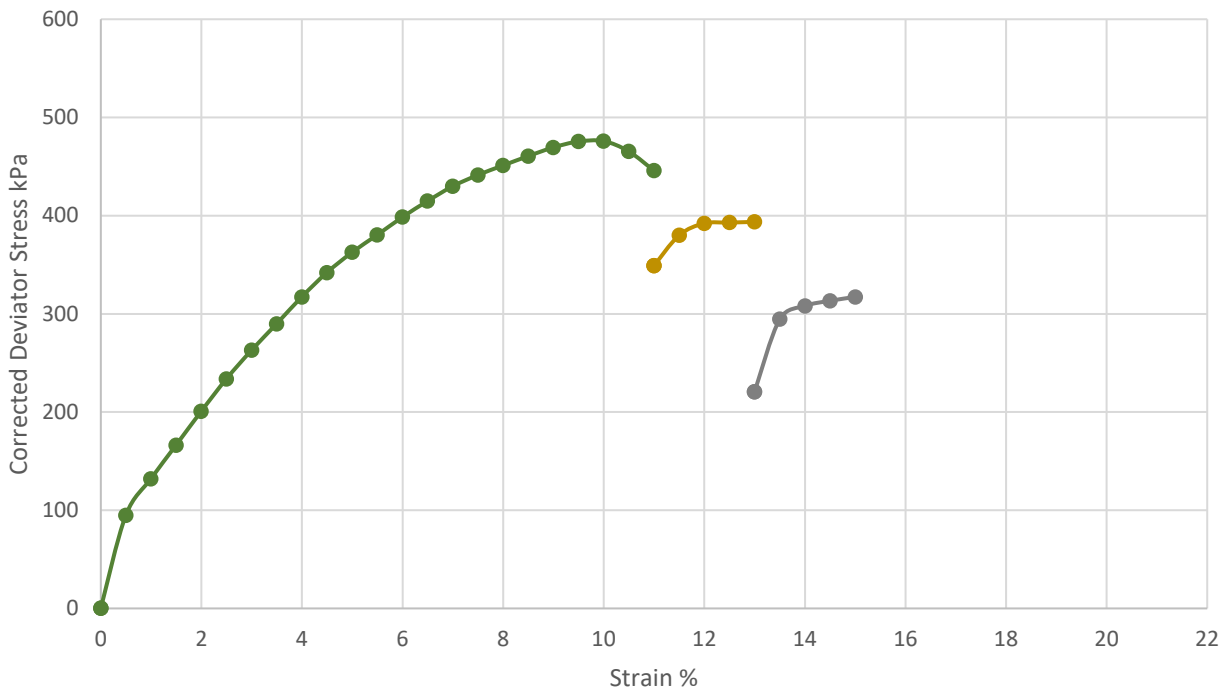
CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP01 5.0-5.45m U	DATE SAMPLED	19-Aug-25
LAB SAMPLE No.	5159020	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	SAMPLED BY	Client
MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample		

INITIAL CONDITIONS

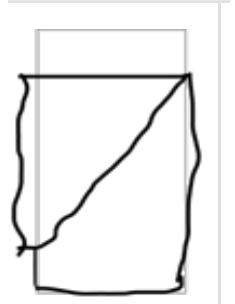
Specimen Location		Sample Length (mm)	450	Specimen depth from top of Sample (mm)	50
		Sample Orientation	Vertical	Specimen Condition	Undisturbed
		Specimen Length (mm)	200	Specimen Moisture Content (%)	22.3
		Specimen Diameter (mm)	100	Specimen Bulk Density (Mg/m3)	2.09
		Membrane Thickness (mm)	0.40	Specimen Dry Density (Mg/m3)	1.71
		Membrane Correction	1.01	1.08	1.52

CORRECTED DEVIATOR STRESS vs AXIAL STRAIN



TEST TYPE
MULTI STAGE

SKETCH OF
SPECIMEN AT
FAILURE



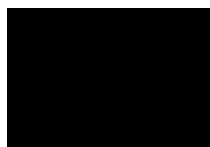
SIMPLE_SHEAR

Cell Pressure (kPa)	Failure Strain (%)	Rate of Strain (%/min)	Corrected Deviator Stress (kPa)	Shear Strength Cu (kPa)
50	10	2	475.9	238
100	13	2	393.7	197
200	15	2	317.2	159

Remarks/Abnormalities

Name O.P. Davies BA (Hons)
(Director / Head of Laboratory)

Signed



Date 22 September 2025

MURRAY RIX

ANDREW HOUSE, HADFIELD STREET,
DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870



TEST CERTIFICATE

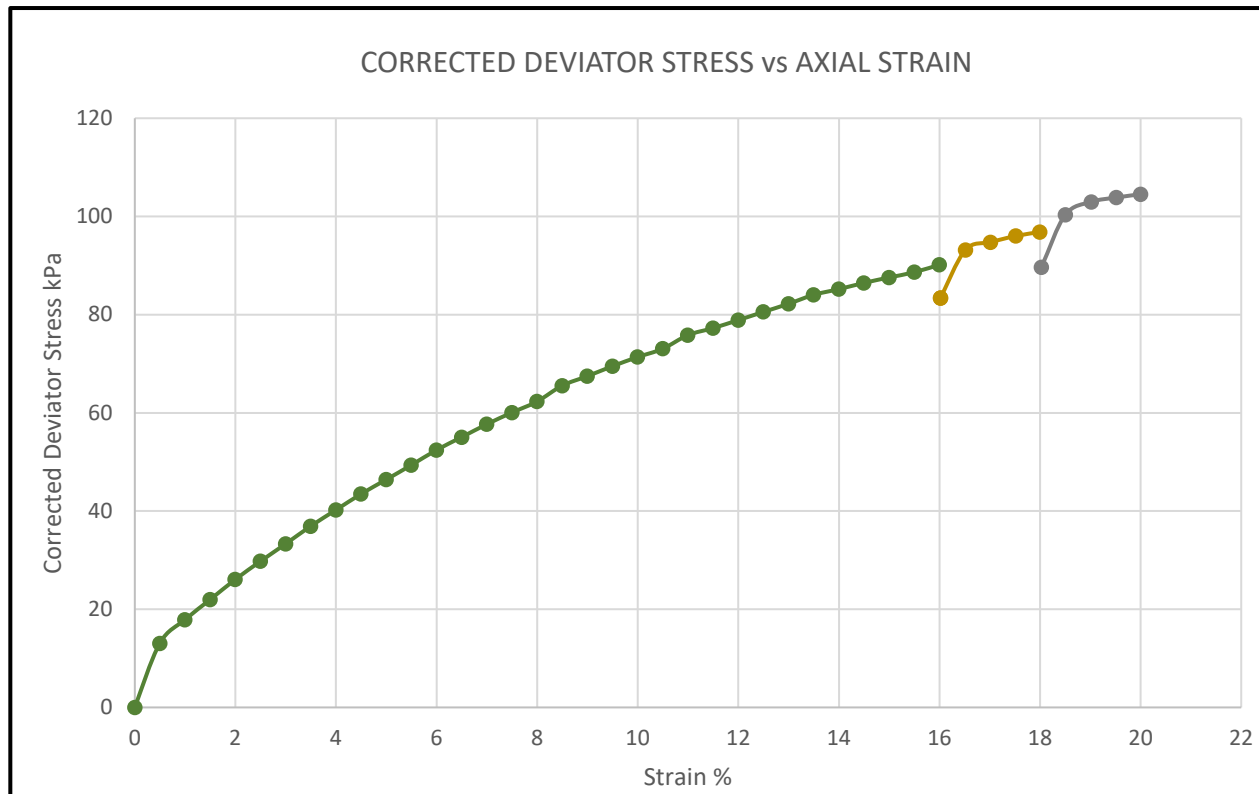
UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH IN TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION
BS 1377 : PART 7: Clause 9 Multi Stage

CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP02 5.0-5.45m U	DATE SAMPLED	19-Aug-25
LAB SAMPLE No.	5159020	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	SAMPLED BY	Client
MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample		

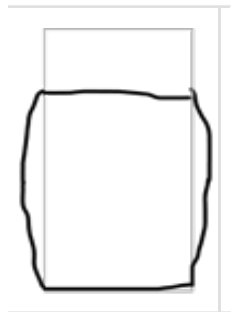
INITIAL CONDITIONS

Specimen Location		Sample Length (mm)	450	Specimen depth from top of Sample (mm)	50
		Sample Orientation	Vertical	Specimen Condition	Undisturbed
		Specimen Length (mm)	200	Specimen Moisture Content (%)	22.3
		Specimen Diameter (mm)	100	Specimen Bulk Density (Mg/m3)	2.09
		Membrane Thickness (mm)	0.40	Specimen Dry Density (Mg/m3)	1.71
		Membrane Correction	1.29	1.40	1.52



TEST TYPE
MULTI STAGE

SKETCH OF
SPECIMEN AT
FAILURE



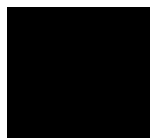
PLASTIC

Cell Pressure (kPa)	Failure Strain (%)	Rate of Strain (%/min)	Corrected Deviator Stress (kPa)	Shear Strength Cu (kPa)
50	16	2	88.6	44
100	18	2	96.0	48
200	20	2	103.9	52

Remarks/Abnormalities

Name O.P. Davies BA (Hons)
(Director / Head of Laboratory)

Signed



Date 22 September 2025

MURRAY RIX

ANDREW HOUSE, HADFIELD STREET,
DUKINFIELD, CHESHIRE SK16 4QX
TEL 0161 475 0870



TEST CERTIFICATE

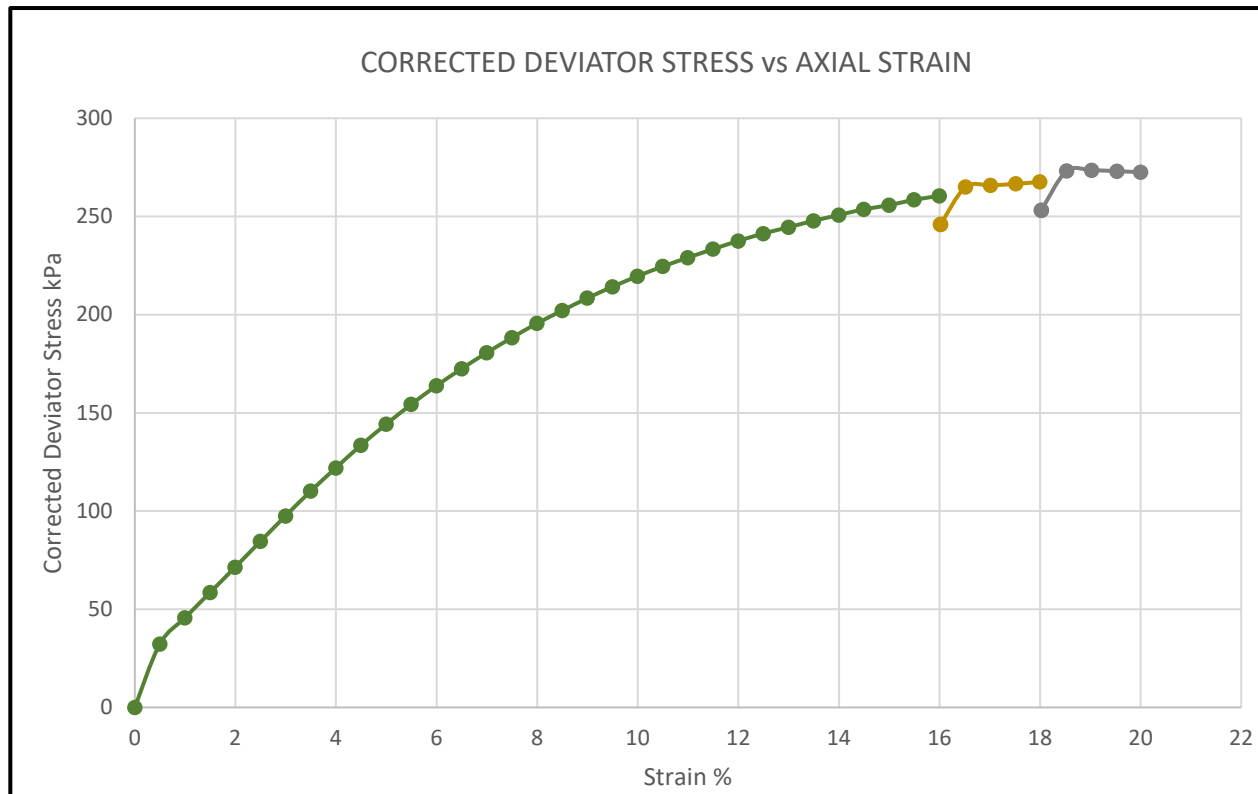
UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH IN TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION
BS 1377 : PART 7: Clause 9 Multi Stage

CLIENT	Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
SITE	A7009 - Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
JOB NUMBER	MRN 25001/64

SAMPLE LABEL	CP02 7.0-7.45m U	DATE SAMPLED	20-Aug-25
LAB SAMPLE No.	5159021	DATE RECEIVED	20-Aug-25
DATE TESTED	28-Aug-25	SAMPLED BY	Client
MATERIAL	Brown silty slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY		
ADVISED SOURCE	Site Investigation Sample		

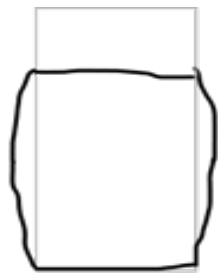
INITIAL CONDITIONS

Specimen Location		Sample Length (mm)	420	Specimen depth from top of Sample (mm)	50
		Sample Orientation	Vertical	Specimen Condition	Undisturbed
		Specimen Length (mm)	202	Specimen Moisture Content (%)	20.1
		Specimen Diameter (mm)	100	Specimen Bulk Density (Mg/m3)	2.23
		Membrane Thickness (mm)	0.40	Specimen Dry Density (Mg/m3)	1.86
		Membrane Correction	1.28	1.39	1.51



TEST TYPE
MULTI STAGE

SKETCH OF SPECIMEN AT FAILURE



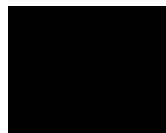
PLASTIC

Cell Pressure (kPa)	Failure Strain (%)	Rate of Strain (%/min)	Corrected Deviator Stress (kPa)	Shear Strength Cu (kPa)
70	16	2	258.5	129
140	18	2	266.6	133
280	19	2	273.5	137

Remarks/Abnormalities

Name O.P. Davies BA (Hons)
(Director / Head of Laboratory)

Signed



Date 22 September 2025

APPENDIX 3

LABORATORY CHEMICAL TESTING RESULTS

Craig Low
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
Houldsworth Mill Business Centre
Houldsworth Street
Reddish
Stockport
Cheshire
SK5 6DA

Normec DETS Limited
Unit 1
Rose Lane Industrial Estate
Rose Lane
Lenham Heath
Kent
ME17 2JN
t: 01622 850410

DETS Report No: 25-07484

Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College

Project / Job Ref: A7009

Order No: A7009/CL/01

Sample Receipt Date: 18/08/2025

Sample Scheduled Date: 19/08/2025

Report Issue Number: 1

Reporting Date: 26/08/2025

Authorised by:



Steve Knight
Customer Support Manager

Dates of laboratory activities for each tested analyte are available upon request.

Opinions and interpretations are outside the laboratory's scope of ISO 17025 accreditation. This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

For Topsoil and WAC analysis the expanded uncertainty measurement should be considered while evaluating results against compliance values.

Soil Analysis Certificate						
DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS01	WS01	WS02	WS03	WS03
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	0.40	0.90	0.40	0.60	2.70
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786883	786884	786885	786886	786887

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation					
Asbestos Screen ^(S)	N/a	N/a	ISO17025	Detected	Not Detected	Detected	Detected	Not Detected
Sample Matrix ^(S)	Material Type	N/a	NONE	Chrysotile present as fibre bundles		Chrysotile present in microscopic insulation debris	Chrysotile present in microscopic insulation debris	
Asbestos Type ^(S)	PLM Result	N/a	ISO17025	Chrysotile		Chrysotile	Chrysotile	
pH	pH Units	N/a	MCERTS	8.5	8.1	8.1	8.1	7.8
Total Cyanide	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	< 1	< 1	5	< 1	< 1
Complex Cyanide	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	< 1	< 1	5	< 1	< 1
Free Cyanide	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Total Sulphate as SO ₄	mg/kg	< 200	MCERTS	1048	224	1882	485	3363
Total Sulphate as SO ₄	%	< 0.02	MCERTS	0.10	0.02	0.19	0.05	0.34
W/S Sulphate as SO ₄ (2:1)	mg/l	< 10	MCERTS	90	42	311	28	77
W/S Sulphate as SO ₄ (2:1)	g/l	< 0.01	MCERTS	0.09	0.04	0.31	0.03	0.08
Sulphide	mg/kg	< 5	NONE	< 5	< 5	5	< 5	< 5
Organic Matter (SOM)	%	< 0.1	MCERTS	6.9	1.9	7.1	1.9	20.6
Arsenic (As)	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	14	8	14	16	59
Barium (Ba)	mg/kg	< 2.5	MCERTS	32.0	116.5	594.0	158.4	210.9
Beryllium (Be)	mg/kg	< 0.5	MCERTS	1.8	0.8	1	< 0.5	1
W/S Boron	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	1.1
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/kg	< 0.2	MCERTS	< 0.2	< 0.2	0.7	< 0.2	0.4
Chromium (Cr)	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	29	28	68	70	104
Chromium (hexavalent)	mg/kg	< 2	NONE	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
Copper (Cu)	mg/kg	< 4	MCERTS	20	31	225	64	120
Lead (Pb)	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	10	16	203	67	397
Mercury (Hg)	mg/kg	< 1	MCERTS	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Nickel (Ni)	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	33	38	64	152	33
Selenium (Se)	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
Vanadium (V)	mg/kg	< 1	MCERTS	39	23	40	28	295
Zinc (Zn)	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	99	42	242	37	233
Total Phenols (monohydric)	mg/kg	< 2	NONE	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2

Soil Analysis Certificate

DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	15/08/25		
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS04	WS05	TP02		
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	1.20	0.50	0.30		
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786888	786889	786890		

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation				
Asbestos Screen ^(S)	N/a	N/a	ISO17025	Detected	Detected	Detected	
Sample Matrix ^(S)	Material Type	N/a	NONE	Amosite present as fibre bundles	Chrysotile present as fibre bundles	Chrysotile present as fibre bundles	
Asbestos Type ^(S)	PLM Result	N/a	ISO17025	Amosite	Chrysotile	Chrysotile	
pH	pH Units	N/a	MCERTS	8.1	8.5	7.7	
Total Cyanide	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	6	< 1	< 1	
Complex Cyanide	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	6	< 1	< 1	
Free Cyanide	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	< 1	< 1	< 1	
Total Sulphate as SO ₄	mg/kg	< 200	MCERTS	1032	1324	682	
Total Sulphate as SO ₄	%	< 0.02	MCERTS	0.10	0.13	0.07	
W/S Sulphate as SO ₄ (2:1)	mg/l	< 10	MCERTS	95	29	23	
W/S Sulphate as SO ₄ (2:1)	g/l	< 0.01	MCERTS	0.09	0.03	0.02	
Sulphide	mg/kg	< 5	NONE	< 5	< 5	< 5	
Organic Matter (SOM)	%	< 0.1	MCERTS	22.3	2.6	11	
Arsenic (As)	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	33	14	11	
Barium (Ba)	mg/kg	< 2.5	MCERTS	308.3	687.9	134.5	
Beryllium (Be)	mg/kg	< 0.5	MCERTS	4.1	< 0.5	0.6	
W/S Boron	mg/kg	< 1	NONE	< 1	< 1	1.7	
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/kg	< 0.2	MCERTS	< 0.2	1.7	0.6	
Chromium (Cr)	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	19	540	15	
Chromium (hexavalent)	mg/kg	< 2	NONE	< 2	< 2	< 2	
Copper (Cu)	mg/kg	< 4	MCERTS	111	232	85	
Lead (Pb)	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	101	1100	114	
Mercury (Hg)	mg/kg	< 1	MCERTS	< 1	< 1	< 1	
Nickel (Ni)	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	47	172	16	
Selenium (Se)	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	8	< 2	
Vanadium (V)	mg/kg	< 1	MCERTS	60	133	22	
Zinc (Zn)	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	116	191	174	
Total Phenols (monohydric)	mg/kg	< 2	NONE	< 2	< 2	< 2	

Soil Analysis Certificate - Speciated PAHs						
DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS01	WS01	WS02	WS03	WS03
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	0.40	0.90	0.40	0.60	2.70
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786883	786884	786885	786886	786887

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation					
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.11	< 0.1	0.85
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.15
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.12	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.20	0.19	1.22	< 0.1	1.02
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.28	< 0.1	0.18
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.83	0.24	2.17	< 0.1	0.90
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	1.42	0.25	1.97	< 0.1	0.84
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.68	0.14	1.54	< 0.1	0.59
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.73	0.16	1.31	< 0.1	0.51
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.99	0.21	1.39	< 0.1	0.62
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.33	< 0.1	0.58	< 0.1	0.26
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	1.11	0.21	1.31	< 0.1	0.56
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.66	0.15	0.72	< 0.1	0.32
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.13	< 0.1	0.17	< 0.1	< 0.1
Benzo(ghi)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.57	0.16	0.56	< 0.1	0.39
**Total EPA-16 PAHs	mg/kg	< 1.6	MCERTS	7.7	1.7	13.5	< 1.6	7.2

Soil Analysis Certificate - Speciated PAHs						
DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	15/08/25		
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS04	WS05	TP02		
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	1.20	0.50	0.30		
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786888	786889	786890		

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation				
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.40	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	0.13	< 0.1	
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.37	0.83	0.92	
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	0.21	0.23	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.24	1.32	2.05	
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.24	1	1.83	
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.17	0.48	1.25	
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.18	0.50	1.04	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.18	0.50	1.40	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	0.14	0.52	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	0.12	0.37	1.29	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	0.17	0.86	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.18	
Benzo(ghi)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.1	MCERTS	< 0.1	0.22	0.82	
**Total EPA-16 PAHs	mg/kg	< 1.6	MCERTS	1.9	5.9	12.4	

Soil Analysis Certificate - TPH CWG Banded

DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS01	WS01	WS02	WS03	WS03
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	0.40	0.90	0.40	0.60	2.70
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786883	786884	786885	786886	786887

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation					
Aliphatic >C5 - C6 : HS_1D_MS_AL	mg/kg	< 0.01	NONE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aliphatic >C6 - C8 : HS_1D_MS_AL	mg/kg	< 0.05	NONE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Aliphatic >C8 - C10 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	4
Aliphatic >C10 - C12 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
Aliphatic >C12 - C16 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3
Aliphatic >C16 - C21 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	8	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3
Aliphatic >C21 - C34 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 10	MCERTS	115	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Aliphatic (C5 - C34) : HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 21	NONE	123	< 21	< 21	< 21	< 21
Aromatic >C5 - C7 : HS_1D_MS_AR	mg/kg	< 0.01	NONE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aromatic >C7 - C8 : HS_1D_MS_AR	mg/kg	< 0.05	NONE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Aromatic >C8 - C10 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
Aromatic >C10 - C12 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	4
Aromatic >C12 - C16 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	6
Aromatic >C16 - C21 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3	7
Aromatic >C21 - C35 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 10	MCERTS	20	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Aromatic (C5 - C35) : HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 21	NONE	< 21	< 21	< 21	< 21	< 21
Total >C5 - C35 : HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_Tot al	mg/kg	< 42	NONE	143	< 42	< 42	< 42	< 42

Soil Analysis Certificate - TPH CWG Banded

DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	15/08/25		
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS04	WS05	TP02		
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	1.20	0.50	0.30		
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786888	786889	786890		

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation					
Aliphatic >C5 - C6 : HS_1D_MS_AL	mg/kg	< 0.01	NONE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01		
Aliphatic >C6 - C8 : HS_1D_MS_AL	mg/kg	< 0.05	NONE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05		
Aliphatic >C8 - C10 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2		
Aliphatic >C10 - C12 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2		
Aliphatic >C12 - C16 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	< 3	< 3	< 3		
Aliphatic >C16 - C21 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	< 3	< 3	4		
Aliphatic >C21 - C34 : EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 10	MCERTS	< 10	< 10	164		
Aliphatic (C5 - C34) : HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_AL	mg/kg	< 21	NONE	< 21	< 21	168		
Aromatic >C5 - C7 : HS_1D_MS_AR	mg/kg	< 0.01	NONE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01		
Aromatic >C7 - C8 : HS_1D_MS_AR	mg/kg	< 0.05	NONE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05		
Aromatic >C8 - C10 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2		
Aromatic >C10 - C12 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	5	< 2	< 2		
Aromatic >C12 - C16 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	4	< 2	< 2		
Aromatic >C16 - C21 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 3	MCERTS	< 3	< 3	4		
Aromatic >C21 - C35 : EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 10	MCERTS	< 10	< 10	< 10		
Aromatic (C5 - C35) : HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_AR	mg/kg	< 21	NONE	< 21	< 21	< 21		
Total >C5 - C35 : HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_Tot al	mg/kg	< 42	NONE	< 42	< 42	172		

Soil Analysis Certificate - BTEX / MTBE						
DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS01	WS01	WS02	WS03	WS03
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	0.40	0.90	0.40	0.60	2.70
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786883	786884	786885	786886	786887

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation					
Benzene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
Toluene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 5	MCERTS	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Ethylbenzene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
p & m-xylene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
o-xylene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
MTBE : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 5	MCERTS	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5

Soil Analysis Certificate - BTEX / MTBE						
DETS Report No: 25-07484	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	15/08/25		
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS04	WS05	TP02		
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied		
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	1.20	0.50	0.30		
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	DETS Sample No	786888	786889	786890		

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation				
Benzene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	
Toluene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 5	MCERTS	< 5	< 5	< 5	
Ethylbenzene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	
p & m-xylene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	
o-xylene : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 2	MCERTS	< 2	< 2	< 2	
MTBE : HS_1D_MS	µg/kg	< 5	MCERTS	< 5	< 5	< 5	

Waste Acceptance Criteria Analytical Certificate																																							
DETS Report No: 25-07484		~Date Sampled		14/08/25		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Inert Waste Landfill</th> <th>Stable Non-reactive HAZARDOUS waste in non-hazardous Landfill</th> <th>Hazardous Waste Landfill</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3%</td> <td>5%</td> <td>6%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> <td>10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>500</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>>6</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>To be evaluated</td> <td>To be evaluated</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits			Inert Waste Landfill	Stable Non-reactive HAZARDOUS waste in non-hazardous Landfill	Hazardous Waste Landfill	3%	5%	6%	--	--	10%	6	--	--	1	--	--	500	--	--	100	--	--	--	>6	--	--	To be evaluated	To be evaluated
Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits																																							
Inert Waste Landfill	Stable Non-reactive HAZARDOUS waste in non-hazardous Landfill	Hazardous Waste Landfill																																					
3%	5%	6%																																					
--	--	10%																																					
6	--	--																																					
1	--	--																																					
500	--	--																																					
100	--	--																																					
--	>6	--																																					
--	To be evaluated	To be evaluated																																					
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd		~Time Sampled		None Supplied																																			
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College		~TP / BH No		WS03																																			
~Project / Job Ref: A7009		~Additional Refs		None Supplied																																			
~Order No: A7009/CL/01		~Depth (m)		0.60																																			
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025		DETS Sample No		786886																																			
Determinand	Unit	MDL																																					
TOC ^{MU}	%	< 0.1		1.1																																			
Loss on Ignition ^{MU}	%	< 0.01		2.04																																			
BTEX ^{MU}	mg/kg	< 0.05		< 0.05																																			
Sum of PCBs	mg/kg	< 0.1		< 0.1																																			
Mineral Oil ^{MU}	mg/kg	< 10		< 10																																			
Total PAH ^{MU}	mg/kg	< 1.7		< 1.7																																			
pH ^{MU}	pH Units	N/a		8.1																																			
Acid Neutralisation Capacity	mol/kg (+/-)	< 1		< 1																																			
Eluate Analysis				2:1	8:1		Cumulative 10:1 *	Limit values for compliance leaching test using BS EN 12457-3 at L/S 10 l/kg (mg/kg)																															
				mg/l	mg/l		mg/kg																																
Arsenic				0.0006	0.0004		0.005	0.5	25																														
Barium				0.0949	0.0705		0.729	20	300																														
Cadmium				< 0.0002	< 0.0002		< 0.002	0.04	5																														
Chromium				0.0113	0.0048		0.054	0.5	70																														
Copper				0.0031	0.0036		0.036	2	100																														
Mercury				0.00047	0.00032		0.0033	0.01	2																														
Molybdenum				0.0159	0.0059		0.068	0.5	30																														
Nickel				0.0005	0.0006		0.0057	0.4	40																														
Lead				< 0.0002	< 0.0002		< 0.002	0.5	50																														
Antimony				< 0.0002	< 0.0002		< 0.002	0.06	5																														
Selenium				0.0003	< 0.0002		0.0016	0.1	7																														
Zinc				0.007	0.004		0.04	4	200																														
Chloride				14	3		43	800	25000																														
Fluoride				4.5	2.6		27.9	10	500																														
Sulphate				20	6		71	1000	50000																														
TDS				128	65		705	4000	100000																														
Phenol Index				< 0.01	< 0.01		< 0.5	1	-																														
DOC				3.3	4.8		47	500	1000																														
Leach Test Information																																							
Sample Mass (kg)				0.10																																			
Dry Matter (%)				89.8																																			
Moisture (%)				11.4																																			
Stage 1																																							
Volume Eluate L2 (litres)				0.17																																			
Filtered Eluate VE1 (litres)				0.07																																			
Analytical results are expressed on a dry weight basis where samples are assisted-dried at less than 30°C. The Samples Descriptions page describes if the test is performed on the dried or as-received portion Stated limits are for guidance only and Normec DETS Limited cannot be held responsible for any discrepancies with current legislation																																							

Waste Acceptance Criteria Analytical Certificate																																							
DETS Report No: 25-07484		~Date Sampled		14/08/25		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Inert Waste Landfill</th> <th>Stable Non-reactive HAZARDOUS waste in non-hazardous Landfill</th> <th>Hazardous Waste Landfill</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3%</td> <td>5%</td> <td>6%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> <td>10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>500</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>--</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>>6</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>To be evaluated</td> <td>To be evaluated</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits			Inert Waste Landfill	Stable Non-reactive HAZARDOUS waste in non-hazardous Landfill	Hazardous Waste Landfill	3%	5%	6%	--	--	10%	6	--	--	1	--	--	500	--	--	100	--	--	--	>6	--	--	To be evaluated	To be evaluated
Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits																																							
Inert Waste Landfill	Stable Non-reactive HAZARDOUS waste in non-hazardous Landfill	Hazardous Waste Landfill																																					
3%	5%	6%																																					
--	--	10%																																					
6	--	--																																					
1	--	--																																					
500	--	--																																					
100	--	--																																					
--	>6	--																																					
--	To be evaluated	To be evaluated																																					
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd		~Time Sampled		None Supplied																																			
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College		~TP / BH No		WS04																																			
~Project / Job Ref: A7009		~Additional Refs		None Supplied																																			
~Order No: A7009/CL/01		~Depth (m)		1.20																																			
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025		DETS Sample No		786888																																			
Determinand	Unit	MDL																																					
TOC ^{MU}	%	< 0.1		13																																			
Loss on Ignition ^{MU}	%	< 0.01		11.50																																			
BTEX ^{MU}	mg/kg	< 0.05		< 0.05																																			
Sum of PCBs	mg/kg	< 0.1		< 0.1																																			
Mineral Oil ^{MU}	mg/kg	< 10		< 10																																			
Total PAH ^{MU}	mg/kg	< 1.7		1.9																																			
pH ^{MU}	pH Units	N/a		8.1																																			
Acid Neutralisation Capacity	mol/kg (+/-)	< 1		1.1																																			
Eluate Analysis				2:1	8:1		Cumulative 10:1 *	Limit values for compliance leaching test using BS EN 12457-3 at L/S 10 l/kg (mg/kg)																															
				mg/l	mg/l		mg/kg																																
Arsenic				0.0007	0.0007		0.007	0.5	25																														
Barium				0.0650	0.0778		0.775	20	300																														
Cadmium				< 0.0002	< 0.0002		< 0.002	0.04	5																														
Chromium				0.0003	0.0002		0.002	0.5	70																														
Copper				0.0046	0.0059		0.059	2	100																														
Mercury				0.00043	0.00054		0.0054	0.01	2																														
Molybdenum				0.0381	0.0218		0.230	0.5	30																														
Nickel				0.0006	0.0006		0.0057	0.4	40																														
Lead				< 0.0002	0.0004		0.004	0.5	50																														
Antimony				< 0.0002	< 0.0002		< 0.002	0.06	5																														
Selenium				0.0006	0.0003		0.0028	0.1	7																														
Zinc				0.013	0.008		0.09	4	200																														
Chloride				94	12		171	800	25000																														
Fluoride				2.6	1.2		13.1	10	500																														
Sulphate				98	19		246	1000	50000																														
TDS				389	121		1387	4000	100000																														
Phenol Index				< 0.01	< 0.01		< 0.5	1	-																														
DOC				4.2	4.2		42.3	500	1000																														
Leach Test Information																																							
Sample Mass (kg)				0.10																																			
Dry Matter (%)				84.3																																			
Moisture (%)				18.6																																			
Stage 1																																							
Volume Eluate L2 (litres)				0.16																																			
Filtered Eluate VE1 (litres)				0.05																																			
Analytical results are expressed on a dry weight basis where samples are assisted-dried at less than 30°C. The Samples Descriptions page describes if the test is performed on the dried or as-received portion Stated limits are for guidance only and Normec DETS Limited cannot be held responsible for any discrepancies with current legislation																																							

Soil Analysis Certificate - Sample Descriptions

DETS Report No: 25-07484
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
~Project / Job Ref: A7009
~Order No: A7009/CL/01
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025

DETS Sample No	~TP / BH No	~Additional Refs	~Depth (m)	Moisture Content (%)	Sample Matrix Description
786883	WS01	None Supplied	0.40	7.2	Brown loamy sand with stones and concrete
786884	WS01	None Supplied	0.90	13.6	Brown clay
786885	WS02	None Supplied	0.40	10.8	Brown loamy sand with stones and concrete
786886	WS03	None Supplied	0.60	9.7	Brown loamy sand with stones and brick
786887	WS03	None Supplied	2.70	15.7	Black loamy sand with stones and concrete
786888	WS04	None Supplied	1.20	15.2	Black loamy sand with stones and concrete
786889	WS05	None Supplied	0.50	14.2	Black loamy sand with stones and concrete
786890	TP02	None Supplied	0.30	13.3	Brown loamy sand with vegetation

Moisture content is part of procedure E003 & is not an accredited test

Soil Analysis Certificate - Methodology & Miscellaneous Information
DETS Report No: 25-07484
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
~Project / Job Ref: A7009
~Order No: A7009/CL/01
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025

Matrix	Analysed On	Determinand	Brief Method Description	Method No
Soil	D	Boron - Water Soluble	Determination of water soluble boron in soil by 2:1 hot water extract followed by ICP-OES	E012
Soil	AR	BTEX	Determination of BTEX by headspace GC-MS	E001
Soil	D	Cations	Determination of cations in soil by aqua-regia digestion followed by ICP-OES	E002
Soil	D	Chloride - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of chloride by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	AR	Chromium - Hexavalent	Determination of hexavalent chromium in soil by extraction in water then by acidification, addition of 1,5 diphénylcarbazide followed by colorimetry	E016
Soil	AR	Cyanide - Complex	Determination of complex cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E015
Soil	AR	Cyanide - Free	Determination of free cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E015
Soil	AR	Cyanide - Total	Determination of total cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E015
Soil	D	Cyclohexane Extractable Matter (CEM)	Gravimetrically determined through extraction with cyclohexane	E011
Soil	AR	Diesel Range Organics (C10 - C24)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID	E004
Soil	AR	Electrical Conductivity	Determination of electrical conductivity by addition of saturated calcium sulphate followed by electrometric measurement	E022
Soil	AR	Electrical Conductivity	Determination of electrical conductivity by addition of water followed by electrometric measurement	E023
Soil	D	Elemental Sulphur	Determination of elemental sulphur by solvent extraction followed by GC-MS	E020
Soil	AR	EPH (C10 - C40)	Determination of acetone/hexane extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID	E004
Soil	AR	EPH Product ID	Determination of acetone/hexane extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID	E004
Soil	AR	EPH TEXAS (C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C40)	Determination of acetone/hexane extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID for C8 to C40. C6 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E004
Soil	D	Fluoride - Water Soluble	Determination of Fluoride by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Fraction Organic Carbon (FOC)	Determination of FOC by combustion analyser.	E027
Soil	D	Organic Matter (SOM)	Determination of TOC by combustion analyser.	E027
Soil	D	TOC (Total Organic Carbon)	Determination of TOC by combustion analyser.	E027
Soil	AR	Exchangeable Ammonium	Determination of ammonium by discrete analyser.	E029
Soil	D	FOC (Fraction Organic Carbon)	Determination of fraction of organic carbon by oxidising with potassium dichromate followed by titration with iron (II) sulphate	E010
Soil	D	Loss on Ignition @ 450oC	Determination of loss on ignition in soil by gravimetrically with the sample being ignited in a muffle furnace	E019
Soil	D	Magnesium - Water Soluble	Determination of water soluble magnesium by extraction with water followed by ICP-OES	E025
Soil	D	Metals	Determination of metals by aqua-regia digestion followed by ICP-OES	E002
Soil	AR	Mineral Oil (C10 - C40)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID fractionating with SPE cartridge	E004
Soil	AR	Moisture Content	Moisture content; determined gravimetrically	E003
Soil	D	Nitrate - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of nitrate by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Organic Matter	Determination of organic matter by oxidising with potassium dichromate followed by titration with iron (II) sulphate	E010
Soil	AR	PAH - Speciated (EPA 16)	Determination of PAH compounds by extraction in acetone and hexane followed by GC-MS with the use of surrogate and internal standards	E005
Soil	AR	PCB - 7 Congeners	Determination of PCB by extraction with acetone and hexane followed by GC-MS	E008
Soil	D	Petroleum Ether Extract (PEE)	Gravimetrically determined through extraction with petroleum ether	E011
Soil	AR	pH	Determination of pH by addition of water followed by electrometric measurement	E007
Soil	AR	Phenols - Total (monohydric)	Determination of phenols by distillation followed by colorimetry	E021
Soil	D	Phosphate - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of phosphate by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Sulphate (as SO4) - Total	Determination of total sulphate by extraction with 10% HCl followed by ICP-OES	E013
Soil	D	Sulphate (as SO4) - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of sulphate by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Sulphate (as SO4) - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of water soluble sulphate by extraction with water followed by ICP-OES	E014
Soil	AR	Sulphide	Determination of sulphide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E018
Soil	D	Sulphur - Total	Determination of total sulphur by extraction with aqua-regia followed by ICP-OES	E024
Soil	AR	SVOC	Determination of semi-volatile organic compounds by extraction in acetone and hexane followed by GC-MS	E006
Soil	AR	Thiocyanate (as SCN)	Determination of thiocyanate by extraction in caustic soda followed by acidification followed by addition of ferric nitrate followed by colorimetry	E017
Soil	D	Toluene Extractable Matter (TEM)	Gravimetrically determined through extraction with toluene	E011
Soil	D	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Determination of organic matter by oxidising with potassium dichromate followed by titration with iron (II) sulphate	E010
Soil	AR	TPH CWG (ali: C5- C6, C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C34, aro: C5-C7, C7-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C35)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID fractionating with SPE cartridge for C8 to C35. C5 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E004
Soil	AR	TPH LQM (ali: C5-C6, C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C35, C35-C44, aro: C5-C7, C7-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C35, C35-C44)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID fractionating with SPE cartridge for C8 to C44. C5 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E004
Soil	AR	VOCs	Determination of volatile organic compounds by headspace GC-MS	E001
Soil	AR	VPH (C6-C8 & C8-C10)	Determination of hydrocarbons C6-C8 by headspace GC-MS & C8-C10 by GC-FID	E001

Water Analysis Certificate - Methodology & Miscellaneous Information

DETS Report No: 25-07484

Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd

~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College

~Project / Job Ref: A7009

~Order No: A7009/CL/01

Reporting Date: 26/08/2025

Matrix	Analysed On	Determinand	Brief Method Description	Method No
Water	UF	Alkalinity	Determination of alkalinity by titration against hydrochloric acid using bromocresol green as the end point	E103
Water	F	Ammoniacal Nitrogen	Determination of ammoniacal nitrogen by discrete analyser.	E126
Water	UF	BTEX	Determination of BTEX by headspace GC-MS	E101
Water	F	Cations	Determination of cations by filtration followed by ICP-MS	E102
Water	F	Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Determination using a COD reactor followed by colorimetry	E112
Water	UF	Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)	Determination using BOD sensors measuring the change of pressure	E133
Water	F	Chloride	Determination of chloride by filtration & analysed by ion chromatography	E109
Water	F	Chromium - Hexavalent	Determination of hexavalent chromium by acidification, addition of 1,5 diphenylcarbazide followed by	E116
Water	F	Cyanide - Complex	Determination of complex cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E115
Water	F	Cyanide - Free	Determination of free cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E115
Water	F	Cyanide - Total	Determination of total cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E115
Water	UF	Cyclohexane Extractable Matter (CEM)	Gravimetrically determined through liquid:liquid extraction with cyclohexane	E111
Water	F	Diesel Range Organics (C10 - C24)	Determination of liquid:liquid extraction with hexane followed by GC-FID	E104
Water	F	Dissolved Organic Content (DOC)	Determination of DOC by filtration followed by low heat with persulphate addition followed by IR dete	E110
Water	UF	Electrical Conductivity	Determination of electrical conductivity by electrometric measurement	E123
Water	F	EPH (C10 - C40)	Determination of liquid:liquid extraction with hexane followed by GC-FID	E104
Water	F	EPH TEXAS (C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C40)	Determination of liquid:liquid extraction with hexane followed by GC-FID for C8 to C40. C6 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E104
Water	F	Fluoride	Determination of Fluoride by filtration & analysed by ion chromatography	E109
Water	F	Hardness	Determination of Ca and Mg by ICP-MS followed by calculation	E102
Leachate	F	Leachate Preparation - NRA	Based on National Rivers Authority leaching test 1994	E301
Leachate	F	Leachate Preparation - WAC	Based on BS EN 12457 Pt1, 2, 3	E302
Water	F	Metals	Determination of metals by filtration followed by ICP-MS	E102
Water	F	Mineral Oil (C10 - C40)	Determination of liquid:liquid extraction with hexane followed by GI-FID	E104
Water	F	Nitrate	Determination of nitrate by filtration & analysed by ion chromatography	E109
Water	F	Monohydric Phenol	Determination of phenols by distillation followed by colorimetry	E115
Water	F	PAH - Speciated (EPA 16)	Determination of PAH compounds by concentration through SPE cartridge, collection in dichloromethane followed by GC-MS	E105
Water	F	PCB - 7 Congeners	Determination of PCB compounds by concentration through SPE cartridge, collection in dichloromethane	E108
Water	UF	Petroleum Ether Extract (PEE)	Gravimetrically determined through liquid:liquid extraction with petroleum ether	E111
Water	UF	pH	Determination of pH by electrometric measurement	E107
Water	F	Phosphate	Determination of phosphate by filtration & analysed by ion chromatography	E109
Water	UF	Redox Potential	Determination of redox potential by electrometric measurement	E113
Water	F	Sulphate (as SO4)	Determination of sulphate by filtration & analysed by ion chromatography	E109
Water	UF	Sulphide	Determination of sulphide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E118
Water	F	SVOC	Determination of semi-volatile organic compounds by concentration through SPE cartridge, collection in dichloromethane followed by GC-MS	E106
Water	UF	Toluene Extractable Matter (TEM)	Gravimetrically determined through liquid:liquid extraction with toluene	E111
Water	UF	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Acidification, followed by high-temperature oxidation and IR detection.	E110
Water	F	TPH CWG (ali: C5-C6, C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C34, aro: C5-C7, C7-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C35)	Determination of liquid:liquid extraction with hexane, fractionating with SPE followed by GC-FID for C8 to C35. C5 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E104
Water	F	TPH LQM (ali: C5-C6, C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C35, C35-C44, aro: C5-C7, C7-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C35, C35-C44)	Determination of liquid:liquid extraction with hexane, fractionating with SPE followed by GC-FID for C8 to C44. C5 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E104
Water	UF	VOCs	Determination of volatile organic compounds by headspace GC-MS	E101
Water	UF	VPH (C6-C8 & C8-C10)	Determination of hydrocarbons C6-C8 by headspace GC-MS & C8-C10 by GC-FID	E101

List of HWOL Acronyms and Operators	
DETS Report No: 25-07484	
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	
Reporting Date: 26/08/2025	

Acronym	Description
HS	Headspace analysis
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics
AL	Aliphatics only
AR	Aromatics only
#1	EH_2D_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EH_2D_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +)
+	Operator to indicate cumulative eg. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
~	Sample details provided by customer and can affect the validity of results

Benzene - HS_1D_MS
Ethylbenzene - HS_1D_MS
MTBE - HS_1D_MS
Mineral Oil (C10 - C40) (BS EN 12457-3) - EH_CU_1D_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic >C10 - C12 - EH_CU_1D_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic >C12 - C16 - EH_CU_1D_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic >C16 - C21 - EH_CU_1D_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic >C21 - C34 - EH_CU_1D_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic >C5 - C6 - HS_1D_MS_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic >C6 - C8 - HS_1D_MS_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic >C8 - C10 - EH_CU_1D_AL
TPH CWG - Aliphatic C5 - C34 - HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_AL
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C10 - C12 - EH_CU_1D_AR
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C12 - C16 - EH_CU_1D_AR
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C16 - C21 - EH_CU_1D_AR
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C21 - C35 - EH_CU_1D_AR
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C5 - C35 - HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_AR
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C5 - C7 - HS_1D_MS_AR
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C7 - C8 - HS_1D_MS_AR
TPH CWG - Aromatic >C8 - C10 - EH_CU_1D_AR
TPH CWG - Total >C5 - C35 - HS_1D_MS+EH_CU_1D_Total
Toluene - HS_1D_MS
Total BTEX (BS EN 12457-3) - HS_1D_MS_Total
m & p-xylene - HS_1D_MS
o-Xylene - HS_1D_MS

Parameter	Matrix Type	Expanded Uncertainty Measurement	Unit
TOC	Soil	11	%
Loss on Ignition	Soil	24	%
BTEX	Soil	11	%
Sum of PCBs	Soil	30	%
Mineral Oil	Soil	9	%
Total PAH	Soil	17	%
pH	Soil	0.2	Units
Acid Neutralisation Capacity	Soil	18	%
Clay Content	Soil	15	%
Silt Content	Soil	14	%
Sand Content	Soil	13	%
Loss on Ignition	Soil	24	%
pH	Soil	0.2	Units
Carbonate	Soil	12	%
Total Nitrogen	Soil	12	%
Phosphorus (Extractable)	Soil	24	%
Potassium (Extractable)	Soil	20	%
Magnesium (Extractable)	Soil	26	%
Zinc	Soil	26	%
Copper	Soil	24	%
Nickel	Soil	29	%
Available Sodium	Soil	23	%
Available Calcium	Soil	23	%
Electrical Conductivity	Soil	10	%

Normec DETS Limited
Unit 1, Rose Lane Industrial Estate
Rose Lane
Lenham Heath
Maidstone
Kent ME17 2JN
Tel : 01622 850410

Certificate Key

Symbol	Description
F	Filtered sample
UF	Unfiltered sample
D	Dried sample
AR	As received sample
RL	Reporting limit
~	Sample details provided by customer and can affect the validity of results
M/S	Missing Sample
*	The Dutch 10 PAH compounds consist of Naphthalene, Anthracene, Phenanthrene, Fluoranthene, Benz(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Benzo(g,h,i)perylene, and Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
**	Total EPA-16 PAHs consist of the following polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: Naphthalene, Acenaphthylene, Acenaphthene, Fluorene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and Benzo(ghi)perylene.
***	Total WAC-17 PAHs consist of the following polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: Naphthalene, Acenaphthylene, Acenaphthene, Fluorene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, Benzo(ghi)perylene and Coronene.
^	No sampling date provided; unable to confirm if samples are within acceptable holding times
n	Please note that we are MCERTS soil accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam, and clay, and UKAS accredited for groundwater, tap water, surface water, and generated leachates. Other matrices are outside our scope of accreditation.
S	Subcontracted analysis
M	MCERTS accredited test
U	UKAS accredited test

Craig Low
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
Houldsworth Mill Business Centre
Houldsworth Street
Reddish
Stockport
Cheshire
SK5 6DA

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t: 01622 850410

DETS Report No: 25-07980

Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College

Project / Job Ref: A7009

Order No: A7009/CL/01

Sample Receipt Date: 18/08/2025

Sample Scheduled Date: 28/08/2025

Report Issue Number: 1

Reporting Date: 10/09/2025

Authorised by:

Steve Knight
Customer Support Manager

Dates of laboratory activities for each tested analyte are available upon request.

Opinions and interpretations are outside the laboratory's scope of ISO 17025 accreditation. This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

Soil Analysis Certificate						
DETS Report No: 25-07980	~Date Sampled	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25	14/08/25
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	WS01	WS02	WS03	WS04	WS05
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied	None Supplied
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	0.40	0.40	0.60	1.20	0.50
Reporting Date: 10/09/2025	DETS Sample No	789051	789052	789053	789054	789055

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation					
Asbestos Quantification ⁽⁵⁾	%	< 0.001	ISO17025	< 0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.006

Analytical results are expressed on a dry weight basis where samples are assisted-dried at less than 30°C. The Method Description page describes if the test is performed on the dried or as-received portion
 Analysis carried out on the dried sample is corrected for the stone content

Soil Analysis Certificate						
DETS Report No: 25-07980	~Date Sampled	15/08/25				
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd	~Time Sampled	None Supplied				
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College	~TP / BH No	TP02				
~Project / Job Ref: A7009	~Additional Refs	None Supplied				
~Order No: A7009/CL/01	~Depth (m)	0.30				
Reporting Date: 10/09/2025	DETS Sample No	789056				

Determinand	Unit	RL	Accreditation				
Asbestos Quantification ⁽⁵⁾	%	< 0.001	ISO17025	0.002			

Analytical results are expressed on a dry weight basis where samples are assisted-dried at less than 30°C. The Method Description page describes if the test is performed on the dried or as-received portion
 Analysis carried out on the dried sample is corrected for the stone content

Soil Analysis Certificate - Methodology & Miscellaneous Information
DETS Report No: 25-07980
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
~Project / Job Ref: A7009
~Order No: A7009/CL/01
Reporting Date: 10/09/2025

Matrix	Analysed On	Determinand	Brief Method Description	Method No
Soil	D	Boron - Water Soluble	Determination of water soluble boron in soil by 2:1 hot water extract followed by ICP-OES	E012
Soil	AR	BTEX	Determination of BTEX by headspace GC-MS	E001
Soil	D	Cations	Determination of cations in soil by aqua-regia digestion followed by ICP-OES	E002
Soil	D	Chloride - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of chloride by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	AR	Chromium - Hexavalent	Determination of hexavalent chromium in soil by extraction in water then by acidification, addition of 1,5 diphenylcarbazide followed by colorimetry	E016
Soil	AR	Cyanide - Complex	Determination of complex cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E015
Soil	AR	Cyanide - Free	Determination of free cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E015
Soil	AR	Cyanide - Total	Determination of total cyanide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E015
Soil	D	Cyclohexane Extractable Matter (CEM)	Gravimetrically determined through extraction with cyclohexane	E011
Soil	AR	Diesel Range Organics (C10 - C24)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID	E004
Soil	AR	Electrical Conductivity	Determination of electrical conductivity by addition of saturated calcium sulphate followed by electrometric measurement	E022
Soil	AR	Electrical Conductivity	Determination of electrical conductivity by addition of water followed by electrometric measurement	E023
Soil	D	Elemental Sulphur	Determination of elemental sulphur by solvent extraction followed by GC-MS	E020
Soil	AR	EPH (C10 - C40)	Determination of acetone/hexane extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID	E004
Soil	AR	EPH Product ID	Determination of acetone/hexane extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID	E004
Soil	AR	EPH TEXAS (C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C40)	Determination of acetone/hexane extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID for C8 to C40. C6 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E004
Soil	D	Fluoride - Water Soluble	Determination of Fluoride by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Fraction Organic Carbon (FOC)	Determination of FOC by combustion analyser.	E027
Soil	D	Organic Matter (SOM)	Determination of TOC by combustion analyser.	E027
Soil	D	TOC (Total Organic Carbon)	Determination of TOC by combustion analyser.	E027
Soil	AR	Exchangeable Ammonium	Determination of ammonium by discrete analyser.	E029
Soil	D	FOC (Fraction Organic Carbon)	Determination of fraction of organic carbon by oxidising with potassium dichromate followed by titration with iron (II) sulphate	E010
Soil	D	Loss on Ignition @ 450oC	Determination of loss on ignition in soil by gravimetrically with the sample being ignited in a muffle furnace	E019
Soil	D	Magnesium - Water Soluble	Determination of water soluble magnesium by extraction with water followed by ICP-OES	E025
Soil	D	Metals	Determination of metals by aqua-regia digestion followed by ICP-OES	E002
Soil	AR	Mineral Oil (C10 - C40)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID fractionating with SPE cartridge	E004
Soil	AR	Moisture Content	Moisture content; determined gravimetrically	E003
Soil	D	Nitrate - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of nitrate by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Organic Matter	Determination of organic matter by oxidising with potassium dichromate followed by titration with iron (II) sulphate	E010
Soil	AR	PAH - Speciated (EPA 16)	Determination of PAH compounds by extraction in acetone and hexane followed by GC-MS with the use of surrogate and internal standards	E005
Soil	AR	PCB - 7 Congeners	Determination of PCB by extraction with acetone and hexane followed by GC-MS	E008
Soil	D	Petroleum Ether Extract (PEE)	Gravimetrically determined through extraction with petroleum ether	E011
Soil	AR	pH	Determination of pH by addition of water followed by electrometric measurement	E007
Soil	AR	Phenols - Total (monohydric)	Determination of phenols by distillation followed by colorimetry	E021
Soil	D	Phosphate - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of phosphate by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Sulphate (as SO4) - Total	Determination of total sulphate by extraction with 10% HCl followed by ICP-OES	E013
Soil	D	Sulphate (as SO4) - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of sulphate by extraction with water & analysed by ion chromatography	E009
Soil	D	Sulphate (as SO4) - Water Soluble (2:1)	Determination of water soluble sulphate by extraction with water followed by ICP-OES	E014
Soil	AR	Sulphide	Determination of sulphide by distillation followed by colorimetry	E018
Soil	D	Sulphur - Total	Determination of total sulphur by extraction with aqua-regia followed by ICP-OES	E024
Soil	AR	SVOC	Determination of semi-volatile organic compounds by extraction in acetone and hexane followed by GC-MS	E006
Soil	AR	Thiocyanate (as SCN)	Determination of thiocyanate by extraction in caustic soda followed by acidification followed by addition of ferric nitrate followed by colorimetry	E017
Soil	D	Toluene Extractable Matter (TEM)	Gravimetrically determined through extraction with toluene	E011
Soil	D	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Determination of organic matter by oxidising with potassium dichromate followed by titration with iron (II) sulphate	E010
Soil	AR	TPH CWG (ali: C5- C6, C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C34, aro: C5-C7, C7-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C35)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID fractionating with SPE cartridge for C8 to C35. C5 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E004
Soil	AR	TPH LQM (ali: C5-C6, C6-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C35, C35-C44, aro: C5-C7, C7-C8, C8-C10, C10-C12, C12-C16, C16-C21, C21-C35, C35-C44)	Determination of hexane/acetone extractable hydrocarbons by GC-FID fractionating with SPE cartridge for C8 to C44. C5 to C8 by headspace GC-MS	E004
Soil	AR	VOCs	Determination of volatile organic compounds by headspace GC-MS	E001
Soil	AR	VPH (C6-C8 & C8-C10)	Determination of hydrocarbons C6-C8 by headspace GC-MS & C8-C10 by GC-FID	E001

List of HWOL Acronyms and Operators
DETS Report No: 25-07980
Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd
~Site Reference: Openshaw Campus, Manchester College
~Project / Job Ref: A7009
~Order No: A7009/CL/01
Reporting Date: 10/09/2025

Acronym	Description
HS	Headspace analysis
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics
AL	Aliphatics only
AR	Aromatics only
#1	EH_2D_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EH_2D_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +)
+	Operator to indicate cumulative eg. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
~	Sample details provided by customer and can affect the validity of results

Det - Acronym

Normec DETS Limited
Unit 1, Rose Lane Industrial Estate
Rose Lane
Lenham Heath
Maidstone
Kent ME17 2JN
Tel : 01622 850410

Certificate Key

Symbol	Description
F	Filtered sample
UF	Unfiltered sample
D	Dried sample
AR	As received sample
RL	Reporting limit
~	Sample details provided by customer and can affect the validity of results
M/S	Missing Sample
*	The Dutch 10 PAH compounds consist of Naphthalene, Anthracene, Phenanthrene, Fluoranthene, Benz(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Benzo(g,h,i)perylene, and Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
**	Total EPA-16 PAHs consist of the following polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: Naphthalene, Acenaphthylene, Acenaphthene, Fluorene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Dibenz(a,h)anthracene, and Benzo(ghi)perylene.
***	Total WAC-17 PAHs consist of the following polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: Naphthalene, Acenaphthylene, Acenaphthene, Fluorene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Benzo(a)anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Dibenz(a,h)anthracene, Benzo(ghi)perylene and Coronene.
^	No sampling date provided; unable to confirm if samples are within acceptable holding times
\$	Samples exceeded their recommended holding times
S	Subcontracted analysis
U	UKAS accredited test

APPENDIX 4

SOIL WASTE ASSESSMENT

Waste Classification Report

HazWasteOnline™ classifies waste as either **hazardous** or **non-hazardous** based on its chemical composition, related legislation and the rules and data defined in the current UK or EU technical guidance (Appendix C) (note that HP 9 Infectious is not assessed). It is the responsibility of the classifier named below to:

- understand the origin of the waste
- select the correct List of Waste code(s)
- confirm that the list of determinands, results and sampling plan are fit for purpose
- select and justify the chosen metal species (Appendix B)
- correctly apply moisture correction and other available corrections
- add the meta data for their user-defined substances (Appendix A)
- check that the classification engine is suitable with respect to the national destination of the waste (Appendix C)



K53FT-8KR4C-DEQX

To aid the reviewer, the laboratory results, assumptions and justifications managed by the classifier are highlighted in pale yellow.

Report is invalid if pages are removed.

Job name

A7009 Openshaw Campus, Manchester College

Description/Comments

Project

A7009

Site

Openshaw Campus, Manchester College

Classified by

Name: **Luke Glover**
Date: **25 Sep 2025 13:57 GMT**
Telephone:
Company: **Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd**

HazWasteOnline™ provides a two day, hazardous waste classification course that covers the use of the software and both basic and advanced waste classification techniques. Certification has to be renewed every 3 years.

HazWasteOnline™ Certification:

-

Course

Hazardous Waste Classification

Date

-

Purpose of classification

2 - Material Characterisation

Address of the waste

Openshaw Campus, Manchester College, Ashton Old Road, Openshaw

Post Code M11 2WH

SIC for the process giving rise to the waste

Description of industry/producer giving rise to the waste

Existing material on site.

Description of the specific process, sub-process and/or activity that created the waste

Preliminary investigation.

Description of the waste

Made ground.



Job summary

#	Sample name	Depth [m]	Classification Result	Hazard properties	Page
1	WS01	0.40	Non Hazardous		3
2	WS01[2]	0.90	Non Hazardous		6
3	WS02	0.40	Non Hazardous		9
4	WS03	0.60	Non Hazardous		12
5	WS03[2]	2.70	Non Hazardous		15
6	WS04	1.20	Non Hazardous		18
7	WS05	0.50	Non Hazardous		21
8	TP02	0.30	Non Hazardous		24

Related documents

#	Name	Description
1	Example worst case waste stream template: 17 05 04 or 17 05 03 *	waste stream template used to create this Job

Report

Created by: Luke Glover

Created date: 25 Sep 2025 13:57 GMT

Appendices	Page
Appendix A: Classifier defined and non GB MCL determinands	27
Appendix B: Rationale for selection of metal species	28
Appendix C: Version	29



Classification of sample: WS01

Non Hazardous Waste
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	LoW Code:
WS01	Chapter:
Sample Depth:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
0.40 m	Entry:
Moisture content:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
7.2%	
(dry weight correction)	

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 7.2% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	asbestos 650-013-00-6	-----	12001-28-4 132207-32-0 12172-73-5 77536-66-4 77536-68-6 77536-67-5 12001-29-5		<0.001 %		<0.001 %	<0.001 %		<LOD
2	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				Yes					
			ACM_FIBRES							
3	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				14 mg/kg	1.895	24.742 mg/kg	0.00247 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1									
4	barium { barium carbonate }				32 mg/kg	1.437	42.895 mg/kg	0.00429 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9							
5	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				1.8 mg/kg	8.868	14.89 mg/kg	0.00149 %	✓	
	004-002-00-2									
6	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				<1 mg/kg	5.719	<5.719 mg/kg	<0.000572 %		<LOD
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]							
7	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				<0.2 mg/kg	1.855	<0.371 mg/kg	<0.0000371 %		<LOD
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4							
8	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				29 mg/kg	1.462	39.538 mg/kg	0.00395 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
9	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg	<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8									
10	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				20 mg/kg	3.929	73.303 mg/kg	0.00733 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8							
11	lead { lead chromate }			1	10 mg/kg	1.56	14.551 mg/kg	0.000933 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
12	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg	<0.000135 %			<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7								
13	nickel { nickel dibromate }				33 mg/kg	5.358	164.948 mg/kg	0.0165 %		✓	
	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9								
14	selenium { nickel selenate }				<2 mg/kg	2.554	<5.108 mg/kg	<0.000511 %			<LOD
	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5								
15	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }				39 mg/kg	1.785	64.946 mg/kg	0.00649 %		✓	
	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1								
16	zinc { zinc chromate }				99 mg/kg	2.774	256.195 mg/kg	0.0256 %		✓	
	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9								
17	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group		TPH		143 mg/kg		133.396 mg/kg	0.0133 %		✓	
18	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4								
19	benzene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2								
20	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3								
21	ethylbenzene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4								
22	xylene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]								
23	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<1 mg/kg	1.884	<1.884 mg/kg	<0.000188 %			<LOD
	006-007-00-5										
24	pH		PH		8.5 pH		8.5 pH	8.5 pH			
25	naphthalene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3								
26	acenaphthylene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8								
27	acenaphthene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9								
28	fluorene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7								
29	phenanthrene				0.2 mg/kg		0.187 mg/kg	0.0000187 %		✓	
		201-581-5	85-01-8								
30	anthracene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7								
31	fluoranthene				0.83 mg/kg		0.774 mg/kg	0.0000774 %		✓	
		205-912-4	206-44-0								
32	pyrene				1.42 mg/kg		1.325 mg/kg	0.000132 %		✓	
		204-927-3	129-00-0								
33	benzo[a]anthracene				0.68 mg/kg		0.634 mg/kg	0.0000634 %		✓	
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3								
34	chrysene				0.73 mg/kg		0.681 mg/kg	0.0000681 %		✓	
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9								
35	benzo[b]fluoranthene				0.99 mg/kg		0.924 mg/kg	0.0000924 %		✓	
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2								
36	benzo[k]fluoranthene				0.33 mg/kg		0.308 mg/kg	0.0000308 %		✓	
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9								
37	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				1.11 mg/kg		1.035 mg/kg	0.000104 %		✓	
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8								



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
38	indeno[123-cd]pyrene	205-893-2	193-39-5		0.66 mg/kg		0.616 mg/kg	0.0000616 %	✓	
39	dibenz[a,h]anthracene	601-041-00-2	200-181-8		0.13 mg/kg		0.121 mg/kg	0.0000121 %	✓	
40	benzo[ghi]perylene	205-883-8	191-24-2		0.57 mg/kg		0.532 mg/kg	0.0000532 %	✓	
41	phenol	604-001-00-2	203-632-7		<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %		<LOD
Total:								0.0831 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
•	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

Supplementary Hazardous Property Information

HP 3(i): Flammable "flammable liquid waste: liquid waste having a flash point below 60°C or waste gas oil, diesel and light heating oils having a flash point > 55°C and <= 75°C"

Force this Hazardous Property to non-hazardous for cumulative determinand results below the threshold of: 5000 mg/kg (0.5%) because: No free phase product.

Hazard Statements hit:

Flam. Liq. 3; H226 "Flammable liquid and vapour."

Because of determinand:

TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group (conc.: 0.0133%)



Classification of sample: WS01[2]



Non Hazardous Waste
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	LoW Code:
WS01[2]	Chapter: 17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Sample Depth:	Entry: 17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
0.90 m	
Moisture content:	
13.6%	
(dry weight correction)	

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 13.6% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				No					
			ACM_FIBRES							
2	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				8 mg/kg	1.895	13.342 mg/kg	0.00133 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1									
3	barium { barium carbonate }				116.5 mg/kg	1.437	147.366 mg/kg	0.0147 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9							
4	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				0.8 mg/kg	8.868	6.245 mg/kg	0.000625 %	✓	
	004-002-00-2									
5	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				<1 mg/kg	5.719	<5.719 mg/kg	<0.000572 %		<LOD
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]							
6	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				<0.2 mg/kg	1.855	<0.371 mg/kg	<0.0000371 %		<LOD
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4							
7	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				28 mg/kg	1.462	36.024 mg/kg	0.0036 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
8	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium (VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg	<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8									
9	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				31 mg/kg	3.929	107.219 mg/kg	0.0107 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8							
10	lead { lead chromate }			1	16 mg/kg	1.56	21.969 mg/kg	0.00141 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							
11	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg	<0.000135 %		<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7							
12	nickel { nickel dibromate }				38 mg/kg	5.358	179.239 mg/kg	0.0179 %	✓	
	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9							
13	selenium { nickel selenate }				<2 mg/kg	2.554	<5.108 mg/kg	<0.000511 %		<LOD
	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
14	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }				23 mg/kg	1.785	36.144	mg/kg	0.00361 %	✓	
	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1								
15	zinc { zinc chromate }				42 mg/kg	2.774	102.565	mg/kg	0.0103 %	✓	
	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9								
16	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group				<42 mg/kg		<42	mg/kg	<0.0042 %		<LOD
			TPH								
17	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005	mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4								
18	benzene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2								
19	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005	mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3								
20	ethylbenzene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4								
21	xylene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]								
22	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<1 mg/kg	1.884	<1.884	mg/kg	<0.000188 %		<LOD
	006-007-00-5										
23	pH				8.1 pH		8.1	pH	8.1 pH		
			PH								
24	naphthalene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3								
25	acenaphthylene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8								
26	acenaphthene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9								
27	fluorene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7								
28	phenanthrene				0.19 mg/kg		0.167	mg/kg	0.0000167 %	✓	
		201-581-5	85-01-8								
29	anthracene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7								
30	fluoranthene				0.24 mg/kg		0.211	mg/kg	0.0000211 %	✓	
		205-912-4	206-44-0								
31	pyrene				0.25 mg/kg		0.22	mg/kg	0.000022 %	✓	
		204-927-3	129-00-0								
32	benzo[a]anthracene				0.14 mg/kg		0.123	mg/kg	0.0000123 %	✓	
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3								
33	chrysene				0.16 mg/kg		0.141	mg/kg	0.0000141 %	✓	
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9								
34	benzo[b]fluoranthene				0.21 mg/kg		0.185	mg/kg	0.0000185 %	✓	
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2								
35	benzo[k]fluoranthene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9								
36	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				0.21 mg/kg		0.185	mg/kg	0.0000185 %	✓	
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8								
37	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				0.15 mg/kg		0.132	mg/kg	0.0000132 %	✓	
		205-893-2	193-39-5								
38	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3								
39	benzo[ghi]perylene				0.16 mg/kg		0.141	mg/kg	0.0000141 %	✓	
		205-883-8	191-24-2								



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
40	phenol									
	604-001-00-2	203-632-7	108-95-2		<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %		<LOD
Total:								0.0644 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification



Classification of sample: WS02

Non Hazardous Waste
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	LoW Code:
WS02	Chapter:
Sample Depth:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
0.40 m	Entry:
Moisture content:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
10.8%	
(dry weight correction)	

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 10.8% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	asbestos				0.002 %		0.0018 %	0.00181 %	✓	
	650-013-00-6	-----	12001-28-4							
			132207-32-0							
			12172-73-5							
			77536-66-4							
			77536-68-6							
2	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				Yes					
			ACM_FIBRES							
3	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				14 mg/kg	1.895	23.938 mg/kg	0.00239 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1									
4	barium { barium carbonate }				594 mg/kg	1.437	770.366 mg/kg	0.077 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9							
5	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				1 mg/kg	8.868	8.004 mg/kg	0.0008 %	✓	
	004-002-00-2									
6	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				<1 mg/kg	5.719	<5.719 mg/kg	<0.000572 %		<LOD
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]							
7	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				0.7 mg/kg	1.855	1.172 mg/kg	0.000117 %	✓	
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4							
8	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				68 mg/kg	1.462	89.698 mg/kg	0.00897 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
9	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg	<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8									
10	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				225 mg/kg	3.929	797.867 mg/kg	0.0798 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8							
11	lead { lead chromate }			1	203 mg/kg	1.56	285.778 mg/kg	0.0183 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
12	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg	<0.000135 %			<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7								
13	nickel { nickel dibromate }				64 mg/kg	5.358	309.506 mg/kg	0.031 %		✓	
	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9								
14	selenium { nickel selenate }				<2 mg/kg	2.554	<5.108 mg/kg	<0.000511 %			<LOD
	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5								
15	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }				40 mg/kg	1.785	64.447 mg/kg	0.00644 %		✓	
	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1								
16	zinc { zinc chromate }				242 mg/kg	2.774	605.906 mg/kg	0.0606 %		✓	
	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9								
17	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group		TPH		<42 mg/kg		<42 mg/kg	<0.0042 %			<LOD
18	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4								
19	benzene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2								
20	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3								
21	ethylbenzene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4								
22	xylene				<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]								
23	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<1 mg/kg	1.884	<1.884 mg/kg	<0.000188 %			<LOD
	006-007-00-5										
24	pH		PH		8.1 pH		8.1 pH	8.1 pH			
25	naphthalene				0.11 mg/kg		0.0993 mg/kg	0.00000993 %		✓	
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3								
26	acenaphthylene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8								
27	acenaphthene				<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9								
28	fluorene				0.12 mg/kg		0.108 mg/kg	0.0000108 %		✓	
		201-695-5	86-73-7								
29	phenanthrene				1.22 mg/kg		1.101 mg/kg	0.00011 %		✓	
		201-581-5	85-01-8								
30	anthracene				0.28 mg/kg		0.253 mg/kg	0.0000253 %		✓	
		204-371-1	120-12-7								
31	fluoranthene				2.17 mg/kg		1.958 mg/kg	0.000196 %		✓	
		205-912-4	206-44-0								
32	pyrene				1.97 mg/kg		1.778 mg/kg	0.000178 %		✓	
		204-927-3	129-00-0								
33	benzo[a]anthracene				1.54 mg/kg		1.39 mg/kg	0.000139 %		✓	
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3								
34	chrysene				1.31 mg/kg		1.182 mg/kg	0.000118 %		✓	
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9								
35	benzo[b]fluoranthene				1.39 mg/kg		1.255 mg/kg	0.000125 %		✓	
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2								
36	benzo[k]fluoranthene				0.58 mg/kg		0.523 mg/kg	0.0000523 %		✓	
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9								
37	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				1.31 mg/kg		1.182 mg/kg	0.000118 %		✓	
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8								



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
38	indeno[123-cd]pyrene	205-893-2	193-39-5		0.72 mg/kg		0.65 mg/kg	0.000065 %	✓	
39	dibenz[a,h]anthracene	601-041-00-2	200-181-8		0.17 mg/kg		0.153 mg/kg	0.0000153 %	✓	
40	benzo[ghi]perylene	205-883-8	191-24-2		0.56 mg/kg		0.505 mg/kg	0.0000505 %	✓	
41	phenol	604-001-00-2	203-632-7		<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %		<LOD
Total:								0.288 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
•	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification



Classification of sample: WS03



Non Hazardous Waste
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	LoW Code:
WS03	Chapter:
Sample Depth:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
0.60 m	Entry:
Moisture content:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
9.7%	
(dry weight correction)	

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 9.7% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	asbestos									
	650-013-00-6	-----	12001-28-4 132207-32-0 12172-73-5 77536-66-4 77536-68-6 77536-67-5 12001-29-5		0.001 %		0.0009 %	0.000912 %	✓	
2	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				Yes					
			ACM_FIBRES							
3	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				16 mg/kg	1.895	27.632 mg/kg	0.00276 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1									
4	barium { barium carbonate }				158.4 mg/kg	1.437	207.491 mg/kg	0.0207 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9							
5	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<0.5 mg/kg	8.868	<4.434 mg/kg	<0.000443 %		<LOD
	004-002-00-2									
6	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				<1 mg/kg	5.719	<5.719 mg/kg	<0.000572 %		<LOD
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]							
7	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				<0.2 mg/kg	1.855	<0.371 mg/kg	<0.0000371 %		<LOD
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4							
8	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				70 mg/kg	1.462	93.262 mg/kg	0.00933 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
9	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium (VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg	<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8									
10	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				64 mg/kg	3.929	229.225 mg/kg	0.0229 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8							
11	lead { lead chromate }			1	67 mg/kg	1.56	95.267 mg/kg	0.00611 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
12	mercury { mercury dichloride }	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7	<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg	<0.000135 %			<LOD
13	nickel { nickel dibromate }	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9	152 mg/kg	5.358	742.447 mg/kg	0.0742 %	✓		
14	selenium { nickel selenate }	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5	<2 mg/kg	2.554	<5.108 mg/kg	<0.000511 %			<LOD
15	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1	28 mg/kg	1.785	45.565 mg/kg	0.00456 %	✓		
16	zinc { zinc chromate }	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9	37 mg/kg	2.774	93.567 mg/kg	0.00936 %	✓		
17	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group			TPH	<42 mg/kg		<42 mg/kg	<0.0042 %			<LOD
18	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4	<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
19	benzene	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
20	toluene	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3	<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
21	ethylbenzene	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
22	xylene	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
23	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }	006-007-00-5			<1 mg/kg	1.884	<1.884 mg/kg	<0.000188 %			<LOD
24	pH			PH	8.1 pH		8.1 pH	8.1 pH			
25	naphthalene	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
26	acenaphthylene		205-917-1	208-96-8	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
27	acenaphthene		201-469-6	83-32-9	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
28	fluorene		201-695-5	86-73-7	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
29	phenanthrene		201-581-5	85-01-8	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
30	anthracene		204-371-1	120-12-7	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
31	fluoranthene		205-912-4	206-44-0	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
32	pyrene		204-927-3	129-00-0	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
33	benzo[a]anthracene	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
34	chrysene	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
35	benzo[b]fluoranthene	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
36	benzo[k]fluoranthene	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
37	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
38	indeno[123-cd]pyrene	205-893-2	193-39-5		<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
39	dibenz[a,h]anthracene	601-041-00-2	200-181-8		<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
40	benzo[ghi]perylene	205-883-8	191-24-2		<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
41	phenol	604-001-00-2	203-632-7		<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %		<LOD
Total:								0.151 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification



Classification of sample: WS03[2]

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	LoW Code:
WS03[2]	Chapter: 17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Sample Depth:	Entry: 17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
2.70 m	
Moisture content:	
15.7%	
(dry weight correction)	

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 15.7% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
1	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				No						
			ACM_FIBRES								
2	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				59 mg/kg	1.895	96.609 mg/kg		0.00966 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1										
3	barium { barium carbonate }				210.9 mg/kg	1.437	261.935 mg/kg		0.0262 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9								
4	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				1 mg/kg	8.868	7.665 mg/kg		0.000766 %	✓	
	004-002-00-2										
5	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				1.1 mg/kg	5.719	5.437 mg/kg		0.000544 %	✓	
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]								
6	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				0.4 mg/kg	1.855	0.641 mg/kg		0.0000641 %	✓	
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4								
7	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				104 mg/kg	1.462	131.376 mg/kg		0.0131 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9								
8	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium (VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg		<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8										
9	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				120 mg/kg	3.929	407.508 mg/kg		0.0408 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8								
10	lead { lead chromate }			1	397 mg/kg	1.56	535.217 mg/kg		0.0343 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6								
11	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg		<0.000135 %		<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7								
12	nickel { nickel dibromate }				33 mg/kg	5.358	152.83 mg/kg		0.0153 %	✓	
	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9								
13	selenium { nickel selenate }				<2 mg/kg	2.554	<5.108 mg/kg		<0.000511 %		<LOD
	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5								



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data		Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number									
14	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }				295	mg/kg	1.785	455.168	mg/kg	0.0455 %	✓	
	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1									
15	zinc { zinc chromate }				233	mg/kg	2.774	558.666	mg/kg	0.0559 %	✓	
	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9									
16	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group		TPH		<42	mg/kg		<42	mg/kg	<0.0042 %		<LOD
17	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005	mg/kg		<0.005	mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4									
18	benzene				<0.002	mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2									
19	toluene				<0.005	mg/kg		<0.005	mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3									
20	ethylbenzene				<0.002	mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4									
21	xylene				<0.002	mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]									
22	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<1	mg/kg	1.884	<1.884	mg/kg	<0.000188 %		<LOD
	006-007-00-5											
23	pH		PH		7.8	pH		7.8	pH	7.8 pH		
24	naphthalene				0.85	mg/kg		0.735	mg/kg	0.0000735 %	✓	
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3									
25	acenaphthylene				<0.1	mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8									
26	acenaphthene				0.15	mg/kg		0.13	mg/kg	0.000013 %	✓	
		201-469-6	83-32-9									
27	fluorene				<0.1	mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7									
28	phenanthrene				1.02	mg/kg		0.882	mg/kg	0.0000882 %	✓	
		201-581-5	85-01-8									
29	anthracene				0.18	mg/kg		0.156	mg/kg	0.0000156 %	✓	
		204-371-1	120-12-7									
30	fluoranthene				0.9	mg/kg		0.778	mg/kg	0.0000778 %	✓	
		205-912-4	206-44-0									
31	pyrene				0.84	mg/kg		0.726	mg/kg	0.0000726 %	✓	
		204-927-3	129-00-0									
32	benzo[a]anthracene				0.59	mg/kg		0.51	mg/kg	0.000051 %	✓	
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3									
33	chrysene				0.51	mg/kg		0.441	mg/kg	0.0000441 %	✓	
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9									
34	benzo[b]fluoranthene				0.62	mg/kg		0.536	mg/kg	0.0000536 %	✓	
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2									
35	benzo[k]fluoranthene				0.26	mg/kg		0.225	mg/kg	0.0000225 %	✓	
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9									
36	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				0.56	mg/kg		0.484	mg/kg	0.0000484 %	✓	
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8									
37	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				0.32	mg/kg		0.277	mg/kg	0.0000277 %	✓	
		205-893-2	193-39-5									
38	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.1	mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3									
39	benzo[ghi]perylene				0.39	mg/kg		0.337	mg/kg	0.0000337 %	✓	
		205-883-8	191-24-2									



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
40	phenol									
	604-001-00-2	203-632-7	108-95-2		<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %		<LOD
Total:								0.243 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification



Classification of sample: WS04



Non Hazardous Waste
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	WS04	LoW Code:	
Sample Depth:	1.20 m	Chapter:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Moisture content:	15.2% (dry weight correction)	Entry:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 15.2% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	asbestos 650-013-00-6	-----	12001-28-4 132207-32-0 12172-73-5 77536-66-4 77536-68-6 77536-67-5 12001-29-5		0.006 %		0.0052 %	0.00521 %	✓	
2	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				Yes					
			ACM_FIBRES							
3	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				33 mg/kg	1.895	54.27 mg/kg	0.00543 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1									
4	barium { barium carbonate }				308.3 mg/kg	1.437	384.566 mg/kg	0.0385 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9							
5	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				4.1 mg/kg	8.868	31.561 mg/kg	0.00316 %	✓	
	004-002-00-2									
6	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				<1 mg/kg	5.719	<5.719 mg/kg	<0.000572 %		<LOD
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]							
7	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				<0.2 mg/kg	1.855	<0.371 mg/kg	<0.0000371 %		<LOD
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4							
8	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				19 mg/kg	1.462	24.106 mg/kg	0.00241 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
9	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium (VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg	<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8									
10	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				111 mg/kg	3.929	378.581 mg/kg	0.0379 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8							
11	lead { lead chromate }			1	101 mg/kg	1.56	136.755 mg/kg	0.00877 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
12	mercury { mercury dichloride }	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7	<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg	<0.000135 %			<LOD
13	nickel { nickel dibromate }	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9	47 mg/kg	5.358	218.612 mg/kg	0.0219 %	✓		
14	selenium { nickel selenate }	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5	<2 mg/kg	2.554	<5.108 mg/kg	<0.000511 %			<LOD
15	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1	60 mg/kg	1.785	92.978 mg/kg	0.0093 %	✓		
16	zinc { zinc chromate }	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9	116 mg/kg	2.774	279.341 mg/kg	0.0279 %	✓		
17	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group			TPH	<42 mg/kg		<42 mg/kg	<0.0042 %			<LOD
18	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4	<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
19	benzene	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
20	toluene	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3	<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
21	ethylbenzene	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
22	xylene	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
23	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }	006-007-00-5			<1 mg/kg	1.884	<1.884 mg/kg	<0.000188 %			<LOD
24	pH			PH	8.1 pH		8.1 pH	8.1 pH			
25	naphthalene	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3	0.4 mg/kg		0.347 mg/kg	0.0000347 %	✓		
26	acenaphthylene		205-917-1	208-96-8	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
27	acenaphthene		201-469-6	83-32-9	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
28	fluorene		201-695-5	86-73-7	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
29	phenanthrene		201-581-5	85-01-8	0.37 mg/kg		0.321 mg/kg	0.0000321 %	✓		
30	anthracene		204-371-1	120-12-7	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
31	fluoranthene		205-912-4	206-44-0	0.24 mg/kg		0.208 mg/kg	0.0000208 %	✓		
32	pyrene		204-927-3	129-00-0	0.24 mg/kg		0.208 mg/kg	0.0000208 %	✓		
33	benzo[a]anthracene	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3	0.17 mg/kg		0.148 mg/kg	0.0000148 %	✓		
34	chrysene	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9	0.18 mg/kg		0.156 mg/kg	0.0000156 %	✓		
35	benzo[b]fluoranthene	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2	0.18 mg/kg		0.156 mg/kg	0.0000156 %	✓		
36	benzo[k]fluoranthene	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
37	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8	0.12 mg/kg		0.104 mg/kg	0.0000104 %	✓		



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
38	indeno[123-cd]pyrene	205-893-2	193-39-5		<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
39	dibenz[a,h]anthracene	601-041-00-2	200-181-8		<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
40	benzo[ghi]perylene	205-883-8	191-24-2		<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
41	phenol	604-001-00-2	203-632-7		<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %			<LOD
Total:									0.161 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification



Classification of sample: WS05

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	LoW Code:
WS05	Chapter:
Sample Depth:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
0.50 m	Entry:
Moisture content:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
14.2%	
(dry weight correction)	

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 14.2% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				No					
			ACM_FIBRES							
2	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				14 mg/kg	1.895	23.225 mg/kg	0.00232 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1									
3	barium { barium carbonate }				687.9 mg/kg	1.437	865.584 mg/kg	0.0866 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9							
4	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<0.5 mg/kg	8.868	<4.434 mg/kg	<0.000443 %		<LOD
	004-002-00-2									
5	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				<1 mg/kg	5.719	<5.719 mg/kg	<0.000572 %		<LOD
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]							
6	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				1.7 mg/kg	1.855	2.761 mg/kg	0.000276 %	✓	
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4							
7	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				540 mg/kg	1.462	691.103 mg/kg	0.0691 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
8	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium (VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg	<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8									
9	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				232 mg/kg	3.929	798.196 mg/kg	0.0798 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8							
10	lead { lead chromate }			1	1100 mg/kg	1.56	1502.449 mg/kg	0.0963 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							
11	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg	<0.000135 %		<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7							
12	nickel { nickel dibromate }				172 mg/kg	5.358	807.032 mg/kg	0.0807 %	✓	
	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9							
13	selenium { nickel selenate }				8 mg/kg	2.554	17.89 mg/kg	0.00179 %	✓	
	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data		Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number									
14	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }				133	mg/kg	1.785	207.907	mg/kg	0.0208 %	✓	
	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1									
15	zinc { zinc chromate }				191	mg/kg	2.774	463.977	mg/kg	0.0464 %	✓	
	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9									
16	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group				<42	mg/kg		<42	mg/kg	<0.0042 %		<LOD
			TPH									
17	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005	mg/kg		<0.005	mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4									
18	benzene				<0.002	mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2									
19	toluene				<0.005	mg/kg		<0.005	mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3									
20	ethylbenzene				<0.002	mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4									
21	xylene				<0.002	mg/kg		<0.002	mg/kg	<0.0000002 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]									
22	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<1	mg/kg	1.884	<1.884	mg/kg	<0.000188 %		<LOD
	006-007-00-5											
23	pH				8.5	pH		8.5	pH	8.5 pH		
			PH									
24	naphthalene				<0.1	mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3									
25	acenaphthylene				<0.1	mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8									
26	acenaphthene				0.13	mg/kg		0.114	mg/kg	0.0000114 %	✓	
		201-469-6	83-32-9									
27	fluorene				<0.1	mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7									
28	phenanthrene				0.83	mg/kg		0.727	mg/kg	0.0000727 %	✓	
		201-581-5	85-01-8									
29	anthracene				0.21	mg/kg		0.184	mg/kg	0.0000184 %	✓	
		204-371-1	120-12-7									
30	fluoranthene				1.32	mg/kg		1.156	mg/kg	0.000116 %	✓	
		205-912-4	206-44-0									
31	pyrene				1	mg/kg		0.876	mg/kg	0.0000876 %	✓	
		204-927-3	129-00-0									
32	benzo[a]anthracene				0.48	mg/kg		0.42	mg/kg	0.000042 %	✓	
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3									
33	chrysene				0.5	mg/kg		0.438	mg/kg	0.0000438 %	✓	
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9									
34	benzo[b]fluoranthene				0.5	mg/kg		0.438	mg/kg	0.0000438 %	✓	
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2									
35	benzo[k]fluoranthene				0.14	mg/kg		0.123	mg/kg	0.0000123 %	✓	
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9									
36	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				0.37	mg/kg		0.324	mg/kg	0.0000324 %	✓	
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8									
37	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				0.17	mg/kg		0.149	mg/kg	0.0000149 %	✓	
		205-893-2	193-39-5									
38	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.1	mg/kg		<0.1	mg/kg	<0.00001 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3									
39	benzo[ghi]perylene				0.22	mg/kg		0.193	mg/kg	0.0000193 %	✓	
		205-883-8	191-24-2									



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
40	phenol				<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %		<LOD
	604-001-00-2	203-632-7	108-95-2							
Total:								0.485 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification



Classification of sample: TP02



Non Hazardous Waste
Classified as **17 05 04**
in the List of Waste

Sample details

Sample name:	LoW Code:
TP02	Chapter:
Sample Depth:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
0.30 m	Entry:
Moisture content:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
13.3%	
(dry weight correction)	

Hazard properties

None identified

Determinands

Moisture content: 13.3% Dry Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	asbestos 650-013-00-6	-----	12001-28-4 132207-32-0 12172-73-5 77536-66-4 77536-68-6 77536-67-5 12001-29-5		0.002 %		0.0017 %	0.00177 %	✓	
2	asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)				Yes					
			ACM_FIBRES							
3	arsenic { arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				11 mg/kg	1.895	18.393 mg/kg	0.00184 %	✓	
	033-005-00-1									
4	barium { barium carbonate }				134.5 mg/kg	1.437	170.586 mg/kg	0.0171 %	✓	
	056-003-00-2	208-167-3	513-77-9							
5	beryllium { beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				0.6 mg/kg	8.868	4.696 mg/kg	0.00047 %	✓	
	004-002-00-2									
6	boron { boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2] }				1.7 mg/kg	5.719	8.581 mg/kg	0.000858 %	✓	
	005-007-00-2	233-139-2 [1] 234-343-4 [2]	10043-35-3 [1] 11113-50-1 [2]							
7	cadmium { cadmium sulfate }				0.6 mg/kg	1.855	0.982 mg/kg	0.0000982 %	✓	
	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4							
8	chromium in Cr(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide (worst case) }				15 mg/kg	1.462	19.35 mg/kg	0.00193 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
9	chromium in Cr(VI) compounds { chromium (VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<2 mg/kg	2.27	<4.54 mg/kg	<0.000454 %		<LOD
	024-017-00-8									
10	copper { copper sulphate pentahydrate }				85 mg/kg	3.929	294.766 mg/kg	0.0295 %	✓	
	029-023-00-4	231-847-6	7758-99-8							
11	lead { lead chromate }			1	114 mg/kg	1.56	156.945 mg/kg	0.0101 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
12	mercury { mercury dichloride }	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7	<1 mg/kg	1.353	<1.353 mg/kg	<0.000135 %			<LOD
13	nickel { nickel dibromate }	028-053-00-5	238-596-1	14550-87-9	16 mg/kg	5.358	75.669 mg/kg	0.00757 %	✓		
14	selenium { nickel selenate }	028-031-00-5	239-125-2	15060-62-5	<2 mg/kg	2.554	<5.108 mg/kg	<0.000511 %			<LOD
15	vanadium { divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide }	023-001-00-8	215-239-8	1314-62-1	22 mg/kg	1.785	34.664 mg/kg	0.00347 %	✓		
16	zinc { zinc chromate }	024-007-00-3	236-878-9	13530-65-9	174 mg/kg	2.774	426.038 mg/kg	0.0426 %	✓		
17	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group			TPH	172 mg/kg		151.809 mg/kg	0.0152 %	✓		
18	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4	<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
19	benzene	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
20	toluene	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3	<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %			<LOD
21	ethylbenzene	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
22	xylene	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]	<0.002 mg/kg		<0.002 mg/kg	<0.0000002 %			<LOD
23	cyanides { salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }	006-007-00-5			<1 mg/kg	1.884	<1.884 mg/kg	<0.000188 %			<LOD
24	pH			PH	7.7 pH		7.7 pH	7.7 pH			
25	naphthalene	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
26	acenaphthylene		205-917-1	208-96-8	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
27	acenaphthene		201-469-6	83-32-9	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
28	fluorene		201-695-5	86-73-7	<0.1 mg/kg		<0.1 mg/kg	<0.00001 %			<LOD
29	phenanthrene		201-581-5	85-01-8	0.92 mg/kg		0.812 mg/kg	0.0000812 %	✓		
30	anthracene		204-371-1	120-12-7	0.23 mg/kg		0.203 mg/kg	0.0000203 %	✓		
31	fluoranthene		205-912-4	206-44-0	2.05 mg/kg		1.809 mg/kg	0.000181 %	✓		
32	pyrene		204-927-3	129-00-0	1.83 mg/kg		1.615 mg/kg	0.000162 %	✓		
33	benzo[a]anthracene	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3	1.25 mg/kg		1.103 mg/kg	0.00011 %	✓		
34	chrysene	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9	1.04 mg/kg		0.918 mg/kg	0.0000918 %	✓		
35	benzo[b]fluoranthene	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2	1.4 mg/kg		1.236 mg/kg	0.000124 %	✓		
36	benzo[k]fluoranthene	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9	0.52 mg/kg		0.459 mg/kg	0.0000459 %	✓		
37	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8	1.29 mg/kg		1.139 mg/kg	0.000114 %	✓		

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	EU CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
38	indeno[123-cd]pyrene	205-893-2	193-39-5		0.86 mg/kg		0.759 mg/kg	0.0000759 %	✓	
39	dibenz[a,h]anthracene	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3	0.18 mg/kg		0.159 mg/kg	0.0000159 %	✓	
40	benzo[ghi]perylene	205-883-8	191-24-2		0.82 mg/kg		0.724 mg/kg	0.0000724 %	✓	
41	phenol	604-001-00-2	203-632-7	108-95-2	<2 mg/kg		<2 mg/kg	<0.0002 %		<LOD
Total:								0.133 %		

Key

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
•	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<LOD	Below limit of detection
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

Supplementary Hazardous Property Information

HP 3(i): Flammable "flammable liquid waste: liquid waste having a flash point below 60°C or waste gas oil, diesel and light heating oils having a flash point > 55°C and ≤ 75°C"

Force this Hazardous Property to non-hazardous for cumulative determinand results below the threshold of: 5000 mg/kg (0.5%) because: No free phase product.

Hazard Statements hit:

Flam. Liq. 3; H226 "Flammable liquid and vapour."

Because of determinand:

TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group (conc.: 0.0152%)

Appendix A: Classifier defined and non GB MCL determinands

▀ **asbestos fibres detected (Yes/No)** (CAS Number: ACM_FIBRES)

Description/Comments: not classified, information only

Data source: N/A

Data source date: 15 Jan 2020

Hazard Statements: None.

▀ **chromium(III) oxide (worst case)** (EC Number: 215-160-9, CAS Number: 1308-38-9)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database/-/discli/details/33806>

Data source date: 17 Jul 2015

Hazard Statements: Acute Tox. 4; H332 , Acute Tox. 4; H302 , Eye Irrit. 2; H319 , STOT SE 3; H335 , Skin Irrit. 2; H315 , Resp. Sens. 1; H334 , Skin Sens. 1; H317 , Repr. 1B; H360FD , Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

▀ **TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group** (CAS Number: TPH)

Description/Comments: Unknown Oil

Hazard statements taken from WM3 1st Edition 2015

Data source: WM3 1st Edition 2015

Data source date: 25 May 2015

Hazard Statements: Flam. Liq. 3; H226 , Asp. Tox. 1; H304 , STOT RE 2; H373 , Muta. 1B; H340 , Carc. 1B; H350 , Repr. 2; H361d , Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

▀ **ethylbenzene** (EC Number: 202-849-4, CAS Number: 100-41-4)

GB MCL index number: 601-023-00-4

Description/Comments:

Additional Hazard Statement(s): Carc. 2; H351

Reason for additional Hazards Statement(s):

20 Nov 2021 - Carc. 2; H351 hazard statement sourced from: IARC Group 2B (77) 2000

▀ **salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex**

GB MCL index number: 006-007-00-5

Description/Comments: Conversion factor based on a worst case compound: sodium cyanide

Additional Hazard Statement(s): EUH032 >= 0.2 %

Reason for additional Hazards Statement(s):

20 Nov 2021 - EUH032 >= 0.2 % hazard statement sourced from: WM3, Table C12.2

▀ **pH** (CAS Number: PH)

Description/Comments: Appendix C4

Data source: WM3 1st Edition 2015

Data source date: 25 May 2015

Hazard Statements: None.

▀ **acenaphthylene** (EC Number: 205-917-1, CAS Number: 208-96-8)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 17 Jul 2015

Hazard Statements: Acute Tox. 4; H302 , Acute Tox. 1; H330 , Acute Tox. 1; H310 , Eye Irrit. 2; H319 , STOT SE 3; H335 , Skin Irrit. 2; H315

▀ **acenaphthene** (EC Number: 201-469-6, CAS Number: 83-32-9)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 17 Jul 2015

Hazard Statements: Eye Irrit. 2; H319 , STOT SE 3; H335 , Skin Irrit. 2; H315 , Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 , Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

▀ **fluorene** (EC Number: 201-695-5, CAS Number: 86-73-7)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 06 Aug 2015

Hazard Statements: Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

■ **phenanthrene** (EC Number: 201-581-5, CAS Number: 85-01-8)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>
Data source date: 06 Aug 2015
Hazard Statements: Acute Tox. 4; H302 , Eye Irrit. 2; H319 , STOT SE 3; H335 , Carc. 2; H351 , Skin Sens. 1; H317 , Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 , Skin Irrit. 2; H315

■ **anthracene** (EC Number: 204-371-1, CAS Number: 120-12-7)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>
Data source date: 17 Jul 2015
Hazard Statements: Eye Irrit. 2; H319 , STOT SE 3; H335 , Skin Irrit. 2; H315 , Skin Sens. 1; H317 , Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

■ **fluoranthene** (EC Number: 205-912-4, CAS Number: 206-44-0)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>
Data source date: 21 Aug 2015
Hazard Statements: Acute Tox. 4; H302 , Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

■ **pyrene** (EC Number: 204-927-3, CAS Number: 129-00-0)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; SDS Sigma Aldrich 2014
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>
Data source date: 21 Aug 2015
Hazard Statements: Skin Irrit. 2; H315 , Eye Irrit. 2; H319 , STOT SE 3; H335 , Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

■ **indeno[123-cd]pyrene** (EC Number: 205-893-2, CAS Number: 193-39-5)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>
Data source date: 06 Aug 2015
Hazard Statements: Carc. 2; H351

■ **benzo[ghi]perylene** (EC Number: 205-883-8, CAS Number: 191-24-2)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; SDS Sigma Aldrich 28/02/2015
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>
Data source date: 23 Jul 2015
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Acute 1; H400 , Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

Appendix B: Rationale for selection of metal species

arsenic {arsenic acid and its salts with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and conversion factor for arsenic acid H₃AsO₄. (edit as required)

barium {barium carbonate}

Potential presence given site history. No chromium (VI) detected.

beryllium {beryllium compounds with the exception of aluminium beryllium silicates, and with those specified elsewhere in this Annex}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and conversion factor for beryllium chloride. (edit as required)

boron {boric acid; [1] boric acid; [2]}

Reasonable worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and assuming water is or has been present. (edit as required)

cadmium {cadmium sulfate}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight. (edit as required)

chromium in Cr(III) compounds {chromium(III) oxide (worst case)}

No chromium (VI) detected.

chromium in Cr(VI) compounds {chromium (VI) compounds, with the exception of barium chromate and of compounds specified elsewhere in this Annex}

Worst case species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

copper {copper sulphate pentahydrate}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight. (edit as required)

lead {lead chromate}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

mercury {mercury dichloride}

Reasonable worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and assuming no evidence for the use of explosives. (edit as required)

nickel {nickel dibromate}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight. (edit as required)

selenium {nickel selenate}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

vanadium {divanadium pentaoxide; vanadium pentoxide}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

zinc {zinc chromate}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

cyanides {salts of hydrogen cyanide with the exception of complex cyanides such as ferrocyanides, ferricyanides and mercuric oxycyanide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex}

Harmonised group entry used as most reasonable case as complex cyanides and those specified elsewhere in the annex are not likely to be present in this soil: [Note conversion factor based on a worst case compound: sodium cyanide] (edit as required)

Appendix C: Version

HazWasteOnline Classification Engine: **WM3 1st Edition v1.2.GB - Oct 2021**

HazWasteOnline Classification Engine Version: 2025.248.6764.12269 (06 Sep 2025)

HazWasteOnline Database: 2025.266.6789.12301 (23 Sep 2025)

This classification utilises the following guidance and legislation:

WM3 v1.2.GB - Waste Classification - 1st Edition v1.2.GB - Oct 2021

CLP Regulation - Regulation 1272/2008/EC of 16 December 2008

1st ATP - Regulation 790/2009/EC of 10 August 2009

2nd ATP - Regulation 286/2011/EC of 10 March 2011

3rd ATP - Regulation 618/2012/EU of 10 July 2012

4th ATP - Regulation 487/2013/EU of 8 May 2013

Correction to 1st ATP - Regulation 758/2013/EU of 7 August 2013

5th ATP - Regulation 944/2013/EU of 2 October 2013

6th ATP - Regulation 605/2014/EU of 5 June 2014

WFD Annex III replacement - Regulation 1357/2014/EU of 18 December 2014

Revised List of Waste 2014 - Decision 2014/955/EU of 18 December 2014

7th ATP - Regulation 2015/1221/EU of 24 July 2015

8th ATP - Regulation (EU) 2016/918 of 19 May 2016

9th ATP - Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 of 19 July 2016

10th ATP - Regulation (EU) 2017/776 of 4 May 2017

HP14 amendment - Regulation (EU) 2017/997 of 8 June 2017

13th ATP - Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 of 4 October 2018

14th ATP - Regulation (EU) 2020/217 of 4 October 2019

15th ATP - Regulation (EU) 2020/1182 of 19 May 2020

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use)(Amendment etc.) (EU Exit)

Regulations 2020 - UK: 2020 No. 1567 of 16th December 2020

The Waste and Environmental Permitting etc. (Legislative Functions and Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 - UK: 2020 No. 1540 of 16th December 2020

GB MCL List - version 1.1 of 09 June 2021

GB MCL List v2.0 - version 2.0 of 20th October 2023

GB MCL List v3.0 - version 3.0 of 11th January 2024

GB MCL List v4.0 - version 4.0 of 2nd March 2024

GB MCL List v5.0 - version 5.0 of 26th June 2024

GB MCL List v6.0 - version 6.0 of 15th February 2025

APPENDIX 5

MONITORING DATA

GAS MONITORING RECORD SHEET

JOB DETAILS

Site: Openshaw Campus, Manchester
 Date: 22/08/2025
 Time: 11:20

Job No: A7009
 Engineer: RS
 Client: The Manchester College

METEOROLOGICAL & SITE INFORMATION

State of ground: Dry ☒ Moist ☐ Wet ☐
 Wind: Calm ☒ Light ☐ Moderate ☐ Strong ☐
 Cloud cover: None ☐ Slight ☒ Cloudy ☐ Overcast ☐
 Precipitation: None ☒ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Heavy ☐
 Barometric pressure (mb): 1011-1010 Local pressure system*: Falling Air temperature (°C): 17

Well No.	Time (s)	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)	PID (ppm)	Depth to GW (mbgl)	Total Depth (mbgl)	Comments
WS01	0	0.0	0.0	0.6	16.4		DRY	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	1.6	16.1				
	30	0.0	0.0	1.7	15.6				
	45	0.0	0.0	1.7	15.2				
	60	0.0	0.0	1.7	15.0				
	120	0.0	0.0	1.7	14.5				
	180	0.0	0.0	1.6	14.4				
	240	0.0	0.0	1.6	14.4				
	300	0.0	0.0	1.5	14.4				

WS02	0	0.0	0.0	1.4	15.3		DRY	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	2.1	15.0				
	30	0.0	0.0	2.2	14.4				
	45	0.0	0.0	2.2	14.1				
	60	0.0	0.0	2.2	13.9				
	120	0.0	0.0	2.2	13.4				
	180	0.0	0.0	2.2	13.3				
	240	0.0	0.0	2.3	13.3				
	300	0.0	0.0	2.3	13.3				

WS03	0	0.0	0.0	5.6	13.7		DRY	2.95	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	4.5	13.4				
	30	0.0	0.0	4.6	13.2				
	45	0.0	0.0	4.7	13.0				
	60	0.0	0.0	4.7	12.8				
	120	0.0	0.0	4.7	12.6				
	180	0.0	0.0	4.7	12.5				
	240	0.0	0.0	4.7	12.5				
	300	0.0	0.0	4.8	12.4				

WS04	0	0.0	0.0	1.3	15.1		4.40	4.91	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	4.0	14.6				
	30	0.0	0.0	4.6	13.9				
	45	0.0	0.0	4.8	13.2				
	60	0.0	0.0	4.9	12.7				
	120	0.0	0.0	5.0	11.8				
	180	0.0	0.0	5.3	11.5				
	240	0.0	0.0	5.5	11.3				
	300	0.0	0.0	5.8	11.0				

WS05	0	0.0	0.0	2.2	14.5		DRY	0.90	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	1.2	14.6				
	30	0.0	0.0	1.2	14.5				
	45	0.0	0.0	1.1	14.5				
	60	0.0	0.0	1.1	14.5				
	120	0.0	0.0	1.2	14.5				
	180	0.0	0.0	1.2	14.5				
	240	0.0	0.0	1.2	14.5				
	300	0.0	0.0	1.3	14.5				

Notes: TOC = top of casing

The measurement of hydrogen sulphide and hydrocarbon free product is undertaken on a site specific basis, if deemed necessary.

* With reference to the Met Office rolling weather archive

	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)
MIN	0.0	0.0	0.6	11.0
MAX	0.0	0.0	5.8	16.4
GSV		0	0	

GAS MONITORING RECORD SHEET

JOB DETAILS

Site: Openshaw Campus, Manchester
 Date: 02/09/25
 Time: 3:00

Job No: A7009
 Engineer: RS
 Client: The Manchester College

METEOROLOGICAL & SITE INFORMATION

State of ground: Dry ☒ Moist ☐ Wet ☐
 Wind: Calm ☒ Light ☐ Moderate ☐ Strong ☐
 Cloud cover: None ☐ Slight ☒ Cloudy ☐ Overcast ☐
 Precipitation: None ☒ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Heavy ☐
 Barometric pressure (mb): 991.989 Local pressure system*: Falling Air temperature (°C): 18

Well No.	Time (s)	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)	PID (ppm)	Depth to GW (mbgl)	Total Depth (mbgl)	Comments
WS01	0	0.0	0.0	1.9	15.5		DRY	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	2.0	14.6				
	30	0.0	0.0	2.0	14.4				
	45	0.0	0.0	2.0	14.0				
	60	0.0	0.0	2.0	13.9				
	120	0.0	0.0	2.0	13.4				
	180	0.0	0.0	2.0	13.2				
	240	0.0	0.0	2.0	13.1				
	300	0.0	0.0	2.0	13.0				

WS02	0	0.0	0.0	2.0	14.2		DRY	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	2.0	14.0				
	30	0.0	0.0	2.2	13.9				
	45	0.0	0.0	2.2	13.8				
	60	0.0	0.0	2.3	13.7				
	120	0.0	0.0	2.4	13.3				
	180	0.0	0.0	2.4	13.1				
	240	0.0	0.0	2.4	13.1				
	300	0.0	0.0	2.4	13.1				

WS03	0	0.0	0.0	2.3	14.2		DRY	2.95	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	5.2	13.6				
	30	0.0	0.0	5.4	12.6				
	45	0.0	0.0	5.5	11.9				
	60	0.0	0.0	5.5	11.4				
	120	0.0	0.0	5.6	10.6				
	180	0.0	0.0	5.5	10.4				
	240	0.0	0.0	5.6	10.4				
	300	0.0	0.0	5.6	10.4				

WS04	0	0.0	0.0	5.3	12.8		3.75	4.91	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	6.0	12.3				
	30	0.0	0.0	6.1	11.5				
	45	0.0	0.0	6.2	10.9				
	60	0.0	0.0	6.2	10.6				
	120	0.0	0.0	6.2	9.9				
	180	0.0	0.0	6.2	9.8				
	240	0.0	0.0	6.2	9.7				
	300	0.0	0.0	6.2	9.7				

WS05	0	0.0	0.0	5.9	12.2		DRY	0.90	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	1.1	12.5				
	30	0.0	0.0	1.0	12.9				
	45	0.0	0.0	1.0	13.2				
	60	0.0	0.0	1.0	13.4				
	120	0.0	0.0	1.0	13.6				
	180	0.0	0.0	1.1	13.6				
	240	0.0	0.0	1.2	13.7				
	300	0.0	0.0	1.3	13.7				

Notes: TOC = top of casing

The measurement of hydrogen sulphide and hydrocarbon free product is undertaken on a site specific basis, if deemed necessary.

* With reference to the Met Office rolling weather archive

	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)
MIN	0.0	0.0	1.0	9.7
MAX	0.0	0.0	6.2	15.5
GSV		0	0	

GAS MONITORING RECORD SHEET

JOB DETAILS

Site: Openshaw Campus, Manchester
 Date: 16/09/25
 Time: 2:15

Job No: A7009
 Engineer: RS
 Client: The Manchester College

METEOROLOGICAL & SITE INFORMATION

State of ground: Dry ☐ Moist ☐ Wet ☒

Wind: Calm ☐ Light ☒ Moderate ☐ Strong ☐

Cloud cover: None ☐ Slight ☒ Cloudy ☐ Overcast ☐

Precipitation: None ☐ Slight ☒ Moderate ☐ Heavy ☐

Barometric pressure (mb): 1,005 Local pressure system*: Steady Air temperature (°C): 16

Well No.	Time (s)	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)	PID (ppm)	Depth to GW (mbgl)	Total Depth (mbgl)	Comments
WS01	0	0.0	0.0	0.8	15.6		DRY	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.6				
	30	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.5				
	45	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.5				
	60	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.4				
	120	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.3				
	180	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.4				
	240	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.4				
	300	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.4				

WS02	0	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8		DRY	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	30	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	45	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.6				
	60	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.6				
	120	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.5				
	180	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.5				
	240	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.5				
	300	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.5				

WS03	0	0.0	0.0	0.8	15.9		2.93	2.95	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	30	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	45	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	60	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	120	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	180	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	240	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	300	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				

WS04	0	0.0	0.0	0.8	15.8		3.70	4.91	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	30	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	45	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	60	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	120	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.6				
	180	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.6				
	240	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.6				
	300	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.6				

WS05	0	0.0	0.0	0.8	16.0		DRY	0.90	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.9				
	30	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.9				
	45	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	60	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.8				
	120	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	180	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	240	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.7				
	300	0.0	0.0	0.8	15.7				

Notes: TOC = top of casing

The measurement of hydrogen sulphide and hydrocarbon free product is undertaken on a site specific basis, if deemed necessary.

* With reference to the Met Office rolling weather archive

	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)
MIN	0.0	0.0	0.8	15.3
MAX	0.0	0.0	0.9	16.0
GSV		0	0	

GAS MONITORING RECORD SHEET

JOB DETAILS

Site: Openshaw Campus, Manchester
 Date: 02/10/25
 Time: 16:00

Job No: A7009
 Engineer: RS
 Client: The Manchester College

METEOROLOGICAL & SITE INFORMATION

State of ground: Dry ☒ Moist ☐ Wet ☐
 Wind: Calm ☐ Light ☒ Moderate ☐ Strong ☐
 Cloud cover: None ☐ Slight ☐ Cloudy ☒ Overcast ☐
 Precipitation: None ☒ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Heavy ☐
 Barometric pressure (mb): 1007-1005 Local pressure system*: Falling Air temperature (°C): 18

Well No.	Time (s)	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)	PID (ppm)	Depth to GW (mbgl)	Total Depth (mbgl)	Comments
WS01	0	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.1		Dry	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.1				
	30	0.0	0.0	0.4	16.1				
	45	0.0	0.0	0.4	16.1				
	60	0.0	0.0	0.4	16.1				
	120	0.0	0.0	0.3	16.2				
	180	0.0	0.0	0.6	16.1				
	240	0.0	0.0	0.9	15.4				
	300	0.0	0.0	1.3	14.6				

WS02	0	0.0	0.0	0.9	14.7		DRY	0.99	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	0.9	14.5				
	30	0.0	0.0	0.9	14.2				
	45	0.0	0.0	0.8	14.0				
	60	0.0	0.0	0.8	13.8				
	120	0.0	0.0	0.8	13.6				
	180	0.0	0.0	0.8	13.7				
	240	0.0	0.0	1.0	13.7				
	300	0.0	0.0	1.2	13.7				

WS03	0	0.0	0.0	3.7	13.6		2.93	2.95	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	4.2	13.0				
	30	0.0	0.0	4.3	12.6				
	45	0.0	0.0	4.1	12.1				
	60	0.0	0.0	4.1	12.0				
	120	0.0	0.0	3.9	11.5				
	180	0.0	0.0	3.5	11.7				
	240	0.0	0.0	3.5	12.0				
	300	0.0	0.0	3.7	11.9				

WS04	0	0.0	0.0	1.2	14.4		3.70	4.91	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	1.3	14.2				
	30	0.0	0.0	1.3	14.0				
	45	0.0	0.0	1.2	13.9				
	60	0.0	0.0	1.2	13.8				
	120	0.0	0.0	1.2	13.8				
	180	0.0	0.0	1.6	13.9				
	240	0.0	0.0	2.3	13.7				
	300	0.0	0.0	3.3	13.7				

WS05	0	0.0	0.0	1.3	14.9		Dry	0.90	C0= 0 H2S= 0
	15	0.0	0.0	1.4	14.7				
	30	0.0	0.0	1.4	14.4				
	45	0.0	0.0	1.4	14.1				
	60	0.0	0.0	1.3	13.9				
	120	0.0	0.0	1.3	13.8				
	180	0.0	0.0	1.1	13.8				
	240	0.0	0.0	1.0	13.9				
	300	0.0	0.0	0.9	13.8				

Notes: TOC = top of casing

The measurement of hydrogen sulphide and hydrocarbon free product is undertaken on a site specific basis, if deemed necessary.

* With reference to the Met Office rolling weather archive

	Flow (l/hr)	CH ₄ (% vol. in air)	CO ₂ (% vol. in air)	O ₂ (% vol. in air)
MIN	0.0	0.0	0.3	11.5
MAX	0.0	0.0	4.3	16.2
GSV		0	0	

APPENDIX 6

REPORT LIMITATIONS

REPORT LIMITATIONS

This contract was completed by Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd on the basis of a defined programme and scope of works and terms and conditions agreed with the client. This report was compiled with all reasonable skill, and care, bearing in mind the project objectives, the agreed scope of works, the prevailing site conditions, the budget, and staff resources allocated to the project.

Other than that, expressly contained in the above paragraph, Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd provides no other representation or warranty whether express or implied, is made in relation to the services. Unless otherwise agreed this report has been prepared exclusively for the use and reliance of the client in accordance with generally accepted consulting practices and for the intended purposes as stated in the agreement under which this work was completed. This report may not be relied upon, or transferred to, by any other party without the written agreement of a Director of Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd.

If a third party relies on this report, it does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd disclaims any liability to such parties.

It is Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd understanding that this report is to be used for the purpose described in the introduction to the report. That purpose was an important factor in determining the scope and level of the services. Should the purpose for which the report is used, or the proposed use of the site change, this report will no longer be valid and any further use of, or reliance upon the report in those circumstances by the client without Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd review and advice shall be at the client's sole and own risk.

The report was written in 2025 and should be read in light of any subsequent changes in legislation, statutory requirements, and industry best practices. Ground conditions can also change over time and further investigations, or assessment should be made if there is any significant delay in acting on the findings of this report. The passage of time may result in changes in site conditions, regulatory or other legal provisions, technology or economic conditions which could render the report inaccurate or unreliable. The information and conclusions contained in this report should not be relied upon in the future without the written advice of Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd. In the absence of such written advice of Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd, reliance on the report in the future shall be at the client's own and sole risk. Should Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd be requested to review the report in the future, Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd shall be entitled to additional payment at the then existing rate or such other terms as may be agreed between Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd and the client.

The observations and conclusions described in this report are based solely upon the services that were provided pursuant to the agreement between the client and Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd. Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd has not performed any observations, investigations, studies or testing not specifically set out or mentioned within this report.

Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd is not liable for the existence of any condition, the discovery of which would require performance of services not otherwise contained in the services. For the avoidance of doubt, unless otherwise expressly referred to in the introduction to this report, Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd did not seek to evaluate the presence on or off the site of electromagnetic fields, lead paint, radon gas or other radioactive materials.

The services are based upon Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd observations of existing physical conditions at the site gained from a walkover survey of the site together with Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd interpretation of information including documentation, obtained from third parties and from the client on the history and usage of the site. The findings and recommendations contained in this report are based in part upon information provided by third parties, and whilst Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd have no reason to doubt the accuracy and that it has been provided in full of those it was requested from, the items relied on have not been verified.

No responsibility can be accepted for errors within third party items presented in this report. Further Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd was not authorised and did not attempt to independently verify the accuracy or completeness of information, documentation or materials received from the client or third parties, including laboratories and information services, during the performance of the services. Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd is not liable for any inaccurate information, misrepresentation of data or conclusions, the discovery of which inaccuracies required the doing of any act including the gathering of any information which was not reasonably available to Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd and including the doing of any independent investigation of the information provided to Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd save as otherwise provided in the terms of the contract between the client and Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd.

Where field investigations have been carried out these have been restricted to a level of detail required to achieve the stated objectives of the work. Ground conditions can also be variable and as investigation excavations only allow examination of the ground at discrete locations. The potential exists for ground conditions to be encountered which are different to those considered in this report. The extent of the limited area depends on the soil and groundwater conditions, together with the position of any current structures and underground facilities and natural and other activities on site. In addition, chemical analysis was carried out for a limited number of parameters [as stipulated in the contract between the client and Earth Environmental & Geotechnical Ltd] based on an understanding of the available operational and historical information, and it should not be inferred that other chemical species are not present.

The groundwater conditions entered on the exploratory hole records are those observed at the time of investigation. The normal speed of investigation usually does not permit the recording of an equilibrium water level for any one water strike. Moreover, groundwater levels are subject to seasonal variation or changes in local drainage conditions and higher groundwater levels may occur at other times of the year than were recorded during this investigation.