

Planning

Growth & Development

Delegated officer report for planning application

Application no. 134248/LE/2022

Date registered valid: 4 July 2022

Proposal: Use of property as a small House in Multiple Occupation (Use Class C4) together with a single storey rear extension and rear dormer extension

Address: 168 Moseley Road, Manchester, M14 6PB

Ward(s): Fallowfield Ward

Applicant: A Kelso 26 Cleveland Road, Lytham, FY8 5JH

Agent (if any): Stephen Lamb Steve Lamb 11 Princes Road, Heaton Moor, Stockport, SK4 3NQ

Case officer: Robert Tyrer
Tel: 0161 234 4068
Email: robert.tyrer@manchester.gov.uk

Recommendation: GRANT

Date of recommendation: 14 September 2022

Application details

Type of application: Certificate Lawful Development Existing

Development type: Certificates of lawfulness

Date of site visit: Not Required

Standard consultations:

No consultations have been printed and sent.

Neighbour notifications

Printed: 11 July 2022 Expired: 1 August 2022

Site notice

No site notice has been produced

Press advert

No press advert had been published

Departure from Development Plan: No

Environmental Statement: Not required

Description of site/building

The application site relates to a mid terraced two storey dwellinghouse. The property has a small rear yard and no front garden.

Listed building: Not applicable

Conservation area: Not applicable

Tree Preservation Order: Not applicable

Description of area

The area is located to the roughly between Fallowfield District Centre and Levenshulme District Centre and comprises mostly residential, University sport facilities and a few commercial properties on Birchfields Road.

Description of development

The applicant is seeking a Certificate of Existing Lawful Development for use of the property as a small House in Multiple Occupation (Class C4) together with a single storey rear extension and rear dormer extension.

Consultations & Notification Responses

Publicity – Notification letters were sent to nearby residential properties, no representations were received to the notification letters.

Issues

Legislative Issues

Sections 191 and 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 provide for anyone (not just a person with a legal interest in the land) to apply to the local planning authority (LPA) for a lawful development certificate (LDC). A certificate is a statutory document certifying:

- (1) in the case of an application under section 191, the lawfulness, for planning purposes, of existing operations on, or use of land, or some activity being carried out in breach of a planning condition; or
- (2) in the case of an application under section 192, the lawfulness of proposed operations on, or use of land.

The onus of proof in regard to (1) is firmly on the applicant and the issue of a certificate will depend on the on factual evidence provided about the history and planning status of the building or other land and the interpretation of any relevant planning law or judicial authority. The relevant test of the evidence in this matter is “the balance of probability” and the applicants own evidence does not need to be corroborated by independent evidence. If the LPA have no evidence to contradict the applicants version of events or make them less then probable, there is no good reason to refuse the issue of a certificate.

In regard to (2), this provides that, if the LPA are supplied with information satisfying them that the use or operations described in the application would be lawful, if instituted or begun at the time of the application, they shall issue a certificate to that effect; and, in any other case, they shall refuse the application.

In short, the purpose section 192 is to enable any person who wishes to find out whether any proposed use or operations would be lawful to apply to the LPA for that purpose

The application needs to describe the proposal with sufficient clarity and precision to enable the LPA to understand (from a written description and plans) exactly what is involved in the proposal; and to submit whatever supporting information or legal submission that are to be relied upon in order to satisfy the LPA that a certificate should be granted for the proposal.

In making their decision on an application under section 192, the LPA ask themselves the hypothetical question - *"If this proposed change of use had already occurred, or if this proposed operation had commenced, on the application date, would it have been lawful for planning purposes?"* In doing so, the LPA will not only consider whether the proposal would involve "development" requiring an application for planning permission, but whether it would involve a breach of any existing condition or limitation imposed on a grant of planning permission which has been acted upon, and which therefore constrains what can be done on the land. The LPA will not make a proposal fit a scenario; the only question is whether the proposal made by the applicant is lawful at the time of submission.

The Application

This application is pursued under subsection (1) of section 191 which provides for an application to determine whether a specified existing use, operation, or failure to comply with a planning condition or limitation, which has already been carried out on land is lawful for planning purposes.

Evidence – The following evidence has been submitted for consideration:

1. A site location plan edged in red.

2. Tenancy Agreements 2012/13 to 2022/23 these include group, summer tenancy and individual tenancy agreements.
3. Deposit Protection Scheme 2008/09, 2010/11, 2015/16
4. Covering Letter.
5. HMO Licensing Inspection Correspondence.
6. Building Regulation Regularisation Certificate dated 29 November 2010.
7. Energy Performance Certificates dated 06 October 2008 and 05 June 2019.
8. Photograph 15 October 2017 showing roof of extension.
9. Google Earth Images 2009, 2016 and 2022.

From the information provided there have been up to 6 occupants have lived at the property continuously for 10 years and the LPA have reviewed records and found no evidence to contradict the applicants version of events or make them less then probable.

The applicant has also sought a certificate of lawful development for a single storey rear extension and rear dormer extension. The extension and dormer were built in 2009 and the documentation provided indicates that they have been in situ for more than 4 years.

Conclusion - From the information that has been provided it is considered, that on the balance of probabilities, the rooms comprising the property had been let to individual tenants with access to shared facilities. It is therefore considered that the premises were in use as a small house in multiple occupancy (C4 use) for at least 10 years and this use has subsequently continued accommodating up to 6 people.

Human Rights Act 1998 considerations

This application needs to be considered against the provisions of the Human Rights Act 1998. Under Article 6, the applicants (and those third parties, including local residents, who have made representations) have a right to a fair hearing and to this end the local planning authority must give full consideration to their comments.

Protocol 1 Article 1, and Article 8 where appropriate, confer(s) a right of respect for a person's home, other land and business assets. In taking account of all material considerations, including Council policy as set out in the Core Strategy and saved polices of the Unitary Development Plan, the Director of Planning, Building Control & Licensing has concluded that some rights conferred by these articles on the applicant(s)/objector(s)/resident(s) and other occupiers and owners of nearby land that might be affected may be interfered with but that that interference is in accordance with the law and justified by being in the public interest and on the basis of the planning merits of the development proposal. She believes that any restriction on these rights posed by the recommendation given is proportionate to the wider benefits of and that such a decision falls within the margin of discretion afforded to the Council under the Town and Country Planning Acts.

Recommendation: GRANT

Condition(s) to be attached to decision for approval OR Reasons for recommendation to refuse

1) From the evidence available and with reference to the relevant planning legislation, Manchester City Council is satisfied that the use is lawful by reason of the said use having been in existence for a period of 10 years up to the date of this application.

2) From the evidence available and the planning law applicable to the property, Manchester City Council is satisfied that in relation to the property referred to in the Second Schedule hereto, the works described in the First Schedule, is lawful by reason of the said structures having been in existence for a period of at least 4 years up to the date of this application.

Appendix 1 – List of consultees & neighbours notified

79 Braemar Road, Manchester, M14 6PQ
170 Moseley Road, Manchester, M14 6PB
172 Moseley Road, Manchester, M14 6PB
85 Braemar Road, Manchester, M14 6PQ
83 Braemar Road, Manchester, M14 6PQ
75 Braemar Road, Manchester, M14 6PQ
174 Moseley Road, Manchester, M14 6PB
166 Moseley Road, Manchester, M14 6PB
164 Moseley Road, Manchester, M14 6PB
81 Braemar Road, Manchester, M14 6PQ
77 Braemar Road, Manchester, M14 6PQ
73 Braemar Road, Manchester, M14 6PQ

Appendix 2 – Planning constraints

Article 4 Direction - Removal Of PD Rights Change Of Use From Class C3 To Class C4
Aircraft Safeguarding Zone - Aircraft Safeguarding Zone - All Exceeding 90M
Regulation 7 Direction (Control Advert) - Control Of To Let Boards (Moseley Road/Ladybarn Lane)
Area Team Boundary - Name: SOUTH AREA