Planning

Growth & Development

Delegated officer report for planning application

Application no.	137805/LE/2023
Date registered valid:	8 August 2023
Proposal:	Use of the property as a small House in Multiple Occupation (Class C4).
Address:	Flat 2, 124 Platt Lane, Manchester, M14 5NN
Ward(s):	Moss Side Ward
Applicant:	G Rafferty Rafferty Peck Properties Limited
Agent (if any):	stephen lamb Steve Lamb
Case officer:	Robert Tyrer Tel: 0161 234 4068 Email: robert.tyrer@manchester.gov.uk
Recommendation:	Grant
Date of recommendation:	3 October 2023

Application details

Type of application: Certificate Lawful Development Existing

Development type: Certificates of lawfulness

Date of site visit: Not Required

Standard consultations:
No consultations have been printed and sent.

Neighbour notifications
Printed: 18 August 2023 Expired: 8 September 2023

Site notice
No site notice has been produced

Press advert
No press advert had been published

Departure from Development Plan: No

Environmental Statement: Not required

Description of site/building

Application site relates to the first and second floor of a large, terraced property that front Platt Field Park.

Listed building: Not applicable

Conservation area: Not applicable

Tree Preservation Order: Not applicable

Description of area

Area is residential in nature, opposite a large public park and close to Rusholme and Fallowfield District Centres.

Description of development

Certificates of lawfulness for use of the property as a small House in Multiple Occupation (Class C4).

Consultations & Notification Responses

Notification letters were sent to the properties and addresses listed in appendix 1.

Public Opinion/Local Residents – One representation was received objecting to the proposal and raised the following concerns:

- Noise and disturbance from student accommodation;
- Increase in the number of comings and goings contributing to road safety concerns and pollution.;
- The absence of planning permission or building regulations for the conversion of a first-floor bedroom into a kitchen / living room possess a potential fire risk to adjacent properties on which the kitchen units / oven currently back onto.
- It would have a negative impact on property values in the area

Issues

Sections 191 and 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 provide for anyone (not just a person with a legal interest in the land) to apply to the local planning authority (LPA) for a lawful development certificate (LDC). A certificate is a statutory document certifying:

(1) in the case of an application under section 191, the lawfulness, for planning purposes, of existing operations on, or use of land, or some activity being carried out in breach of a planning condition; or

(2) in the case of an application under section 192, the lawfulness of proposed operations on, or use of land.

The onus of proof in regard to (1) is firmly on the applicant and the issue of a certificate will depend on the on factual evidence provided about the history and planning status of the building or other land and the interpretation of any relevant planning law or judicial authority. The relevant test of the evidence in this matter is “the balance of probability” and the applicants own evidence does not need to be corroborated by independent evidence. If the LPA have no evidence to contradict the applicants version of events or make them less then probable, there is no good reason to refuse the issue of a certificate.

In regard to (2), this provides that, if the LPA are supplied with information satisfying them that the use or operations described in the application would be lawful, if instituted or begun at the time of the application, they shall issue a certificate to that effect; and, in any other case, they shall refuse the application.

In short, the purpose section 192 is to enable any person who wishes to find out whether any proposed use or operations would be lawful to apply to the LPA for that purpose

The application needs to describe the proposal with sufficient clarity and precision to enable the LPA to understand (from a written description and plans) exactly what is involved in the proposal; and to submit whatever supporting information or legal submission that are to be relied upon in order to satisfy the LPA that a certificate should be granted for the proposal.

In making their decision on an application under section 192, the LPA ask themselves the hypothetical question - "If this proposed change of use had already occurred, or if this proposed operation had commenced, on the application date, would it have been lawful for planning purposes?" In doing so, the LPA will not only consider whether the proposal would involve "development" requiring an application for planning permission, but whether it would involve a breach of any existing condition or limitation imposed on a grant of planning permission which has been acted upon, and which therefore constrains what can be done on the land. The LPA will not make a proposal fit a scenario; the only question is whether the proposal made by the applicant is lawful at the time of submission.

The Application

This application is pursued under subsection (1) of section 191 which provides for an application to determine whether a specified existing use, operation, or failure to comply with a planning condition or limitation, which has already been carried out on land is lawful for planning purposes.

Evidence – The following evidence has been submitted for consideration:

1. A site location plan edged in red.

2. Tenancy Agreements

3. Supporting Planning Statement

In a case of this type, the onus is on the applicant to substantiate his or her case, on the balance of probability. The applicant needs to demonstrate that the use of property as a small House in Multiple Occupation (Use Class C4) commenced more than ten years prior to the date of the application (i.e. by 8th August 2013) and continued without a significant break for ten years.

Class C4 is defined in the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987, as amended, as “Use of a dwellinghouse by not more than six residents as a “house in multiple occupation”.” This latter term is as defined in S.254 of the Housing Act 2004.

124 Platt Lane is a mid-terraced two storey red brick built dwelling house with a blue/grey slate tiled roof property. According to the Valuation Office website (image 1) the property has been allocated Band A for Council Tax which came into effect from 1st April 1993, this is the same for flat 1 as well. The property has a small enclosed front garden and rear garden, the application form states that from the 25th July 2013 the property became a small HMO.

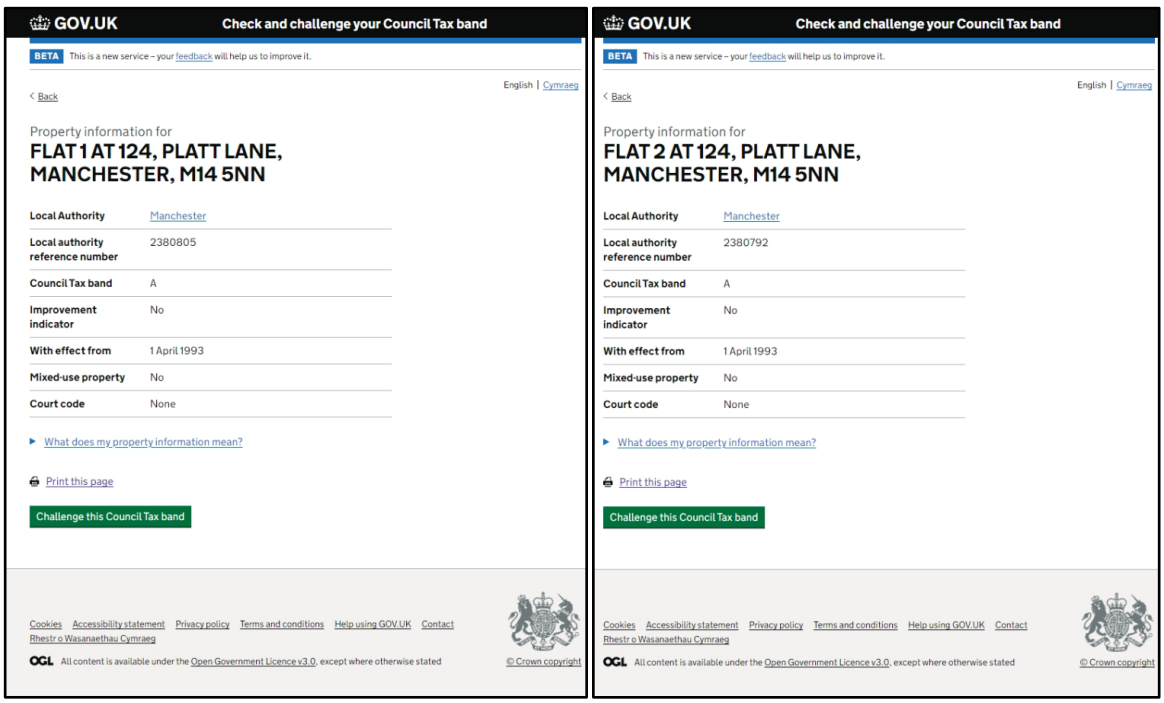


Image 1 Property Information for Flats 1 and 2 at 124 Plat Lane source: Property information for FLAT 1 AT 124, PLATT LANE, MANCHESTER, M14 5NN - Check and challenge your Council Tax band - GOV.UK accessed 02.10.2023

The documentation provided show that there has been consistently 3 tenants from 25th July 2013 to the latest tenancy which began on the 1st July 2023.

The Planning Practice Guidance points to the need for evidence to be sufficiently precise and unambiguous to justify the grant of a certificate on the balance of probability.

Therefore, on balance of probability and without any evidence to the contrary the properties have been in use a small house in multiple occupation continuously for over 10 years.

It should be noted that tenancy agreement for 2015/16 refers to flat 1, an email from the applicant explains that this was a typing error, and that the agreement relates only to flat 2 as flat 1 is only a two bed flat and not a 3 bed flat as is the case with flat 2.

Other Matters – The matters raised in the representation received appear to be concerns about a new HMO rather than an existing one.

Other Legislative Requirements
Equality Act 2010
Section 149 (Public Sector Equality Duty) of the Equality Act 2010 requires due regard to the need to: Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act and; Advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a protected characteristic and persons who do not share it. The Equality Duty does not impose a legal requirement to conduct an Equality Impact Assessment. Compliance with the Equality Duty involves consciously thinking about the aims of the Equality Duty as part of the process of decision-making.

Human Rights Act 1998 considerations
This application needs to be considered against the provisions of the Human Rights Act 1998. Under Article 6, the applicants (and those third parties, including local residents, who have made representations) have a right to a fair hearing and to this end the local planning authority must give full consideration to their comments.

Protocol 1 Article 1, and Article 8 where appropriate, confer(s) a right of respect for a person's home, other land and business assets. In taking account of all material considerations, including Council policy as set out in the Core Strategy and saved polices of the Unitary Development Plan, the Director of Planning, Building Control & Licensing has concluded that some rights conferred by these articles on the applicant(s)/objector(s)/resident(s) and other occupiers and owners of nearby land that might be affected may be interfered with but that that interference is in accordance with the law and justified by being in the public interest and on the basis of the planning merits of the development proposal. She believes that any restriction on these rights posed by the recommendation given is proportionate to the wider benefits of and that such a decision falls within the margin of discretion afforded to the Council under the Town and Country Planning Acts.

Recommendation: Grant

Condition(s) to be attached to decision for approval OR Reasons for recommendation to refuse

1) From the evidence available, and with reference to the relevant planning legislation, Manchester City Council is satisfied that the use is lawful by reason of the said use having been in existence for a period of 10 years up to the date of this application.

Appendix 1 – List of consultees & neighbours notified

Flat 1, 124 Platt Lane, Manchester, M14 5NN
90 Ealing Avenue, Manchester, M14 5WF
126 Platt Lane, Manchester, M14 5NN
122 Platt Lane, Manchester, M14 5NN

Appendix 2 – Planning constraints

Article 4 Direction - Removal Of PD Rights Change Of Use From Class C3 To Class C4
Aircraft Safeguarding Zone - Aircraft Safeguarding Zone - All Exceeding 90M
Area Team Boundary - Name: SOUTH AREA