

LANDSCAPE CONCEPTS & DESIGN STRATEGY

ISSUED FOR PLANNING 14 07 2025

MOSS SIDE MANCHESTER



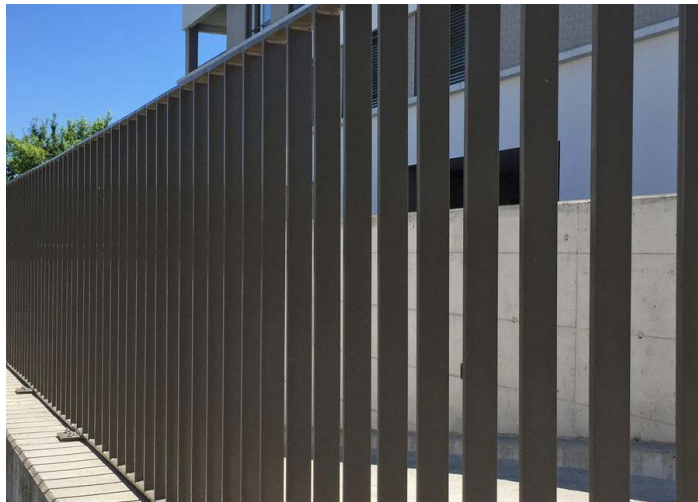
1.0 | PRINCESS ROAD/ MOSS LANE EAST

1.1 PRECEDENT IMAGES

Brick walls and railings would be provided along Princess Road frontage to create a defensible secure buffer between public and private ownership.

The small front gardens created would provide an opportunity for soft landscape with shrubs and hedges used to provide a green buffer to the road.

Trees in linear planting beds would be planted along the street frontage where possible to help breakup the built form and lead pedestrians into the development. Defensible planting within the beds helps protect the building and provide seasonal interest.



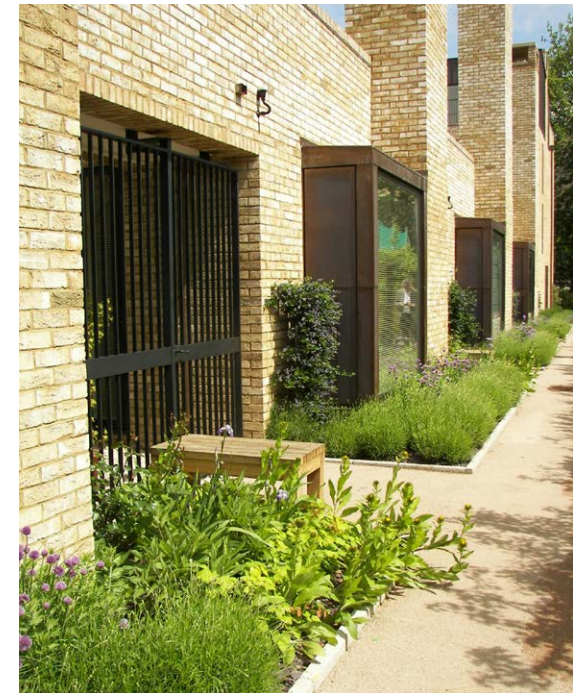
2.0 | BARNHILL STREET

2.1 PRECEDENT IMAGES

Townhouses on Barnhill Street with low wall and railings and planting behind provide views down the street and soften the hard landscape around.

Line of trees along the apartment frontages provide shade and canopy, reducing urban heat island effect

Ornamental planting will be used along the apartment frontages to provide defensible spaces outside windows. Hedges against railings provide a visual barrier between private plots.



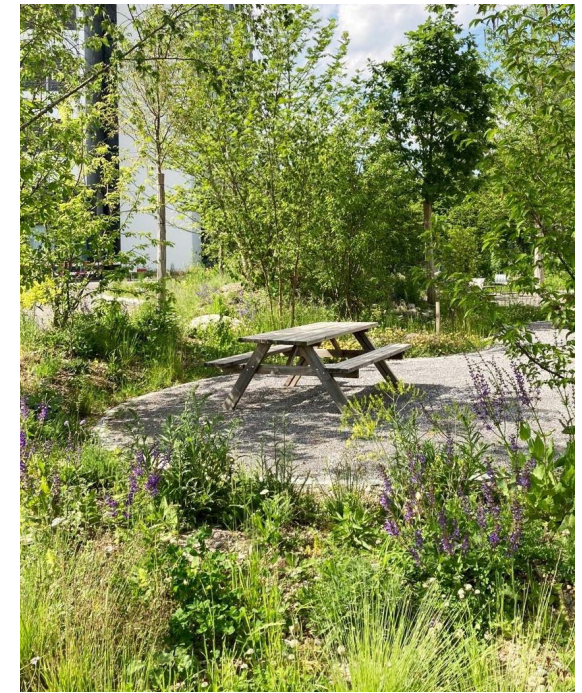
3.0 | COMMUNITY POCKET PARK - NATURE AND BIODIVERSITY

3.1 PRECEDENT IMAGES

Wildflower turf with habitat posts in the pocket park provide habitat for pollinators and a provide a learning opportunity about nature amongst residents.

Benches and picnic table would be used to encourage social interaction and areas for parents to sit close to the natural play park.

Rain garden within the Community Pocket park helps mitigate flooding and provides seasonal interest and colour within the space. Ornamental planting helps create an immersive experience, as well as screens and protects private spaces behind the park.



4.0 | COMMUNITY POCKET PARK - INFORMAL NATURAL PLAY

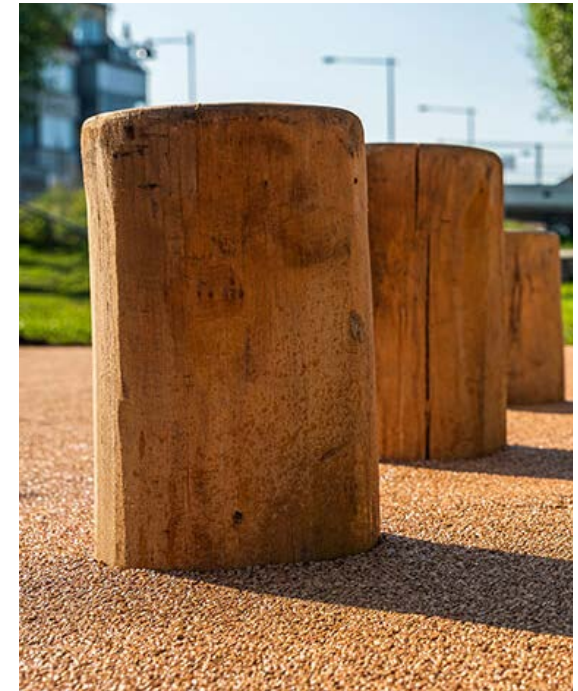
4.1 PRECEDENT IMAGES

This area would provide opportunities for immersive natural and imaginative play within an urban environment.

Equipment and structures would be informal and multi-use to encourage children to climb and scramble.

Spaces and seating areas would be created to encourage social interaction between the children.

The use of robust grasses, shrubs and trees will provide opportunities for interaction with the natural world and enhance local nature connections.



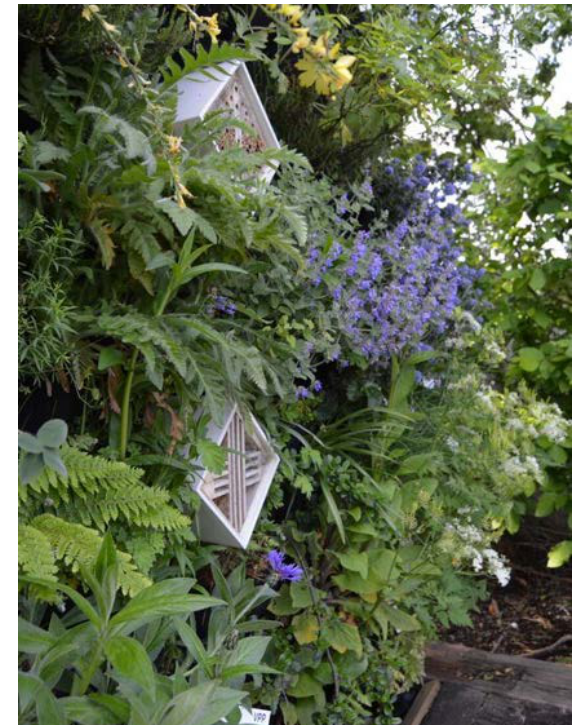
5.0 | ROOF TERRACES - URBAN GROWING

5.1 PRECEDENT IMAGES

These roof terraces would provide opportunities for urban growing. Residents could adopt a raised bed or create a collaborative group of growers.

The use of raised beds with cantilevered ends will make growing accessible for anyone and help maximise growing opportunities and provide a variety of environments suitable for herbs, fruits and vegetables.

Hand in hand with urban growing would be opportunities for wildlife, encouraging bees and insects for pollination, for example wildflower turf in planters and insect boxes on trellis with climbers.



6.0 | ROOF TERRACES - COMMUNAL AREAS

6.1 PRECEDENT IMAGES

Metal planters with integrated benches and fixed picnic table provide opportunities for social interaction. South-facing integrated loungers provide a relaxing atmosphere for the residents to use and enjoy.

Shelter from the urban landscape would be provided using plants in raised metal planters to help create a more intimate and immersive environment to allow interaction with nature.

Planters will be spaced out to make sure roof gardens are wheelchair accessible, making it possible for everyone to use and enjoy the space.

