IMPORTANT

Planning Permission and Notices of Consent

Compliance with Conditions

- Your planning approval or consent is attached. It will contain conditions that you must comply with.
- Please read the conditions and understand their requirements and restrictions, for example submission and approval of details or measures required to protect trees.
- Some conditions will require action before you start the development and it is imperative that you seek to have these discharged before any work commences.
- If you fail to comply with the conditions this may result in a breach of planning control and this may lead to enforcement action.
- Failure to comply with conditions may also result in the development not being lawful.
- It is in your interests to demonstrate that conditions have been complied with. Failure to do so may cause difficulties if the property is sold or transferred.
- A fee of £85 is payable for each request to discharge conditions.
- For advice on any of these matters, please contact the Planning Service, Manchester City Council, PO Box 463, Manchester M60 3NY or email planning@manchester.gov.uk

Town and Country Planning Act 1990

PLANNING PERMISSION

Name and Address of Applicant	Name and Address of Agent
Chethams School Of Music Long Millgate Manchester M3 1SB	Stephenson Bell Aeroworks 5 Adair Street Manchester M1 2NQ

Part I – Particulars of Application

Date of Application	Application ref. no.
4 June 2009	083013/OO/2007/C1

Particulars and location of development:

OUTLINE APPLICATION seeking endorsement of the Strategic Masterplan for Chetham's School of Music along with means of public access to the site to a future visitor attraction, the landscaping of the site of the Palatine Building and the general layout of the courtyard and other areas following the demolition of the structures attached to the listed buildings as detailed in application ref no.s 090222 and 090223.

Chethams School Of Music On Long Millgate And Land Bounded By Victoria Station Approach And Walkers Croft
Manchester
M3 1SB

Part II – Particulars of Decision

The Manchester City Council hereby give notice in pursuance of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 of the following decision

Decision **Approved**
Date of Decision **23 July 2009**

for the carrying out of development referred to in Part 1 hereof in accordance with the application and plans submitted subject to the following conditions:

Part III – Conditions and Reasons

1) Applications for approval of reserved matters must be made not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission. The development must be begun not later than the expiration of two years from the

final approval of the reserved matters or, in the case of approval on different dates, the final approval of the last such matters to be approved.

Reason - Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 92 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

2) The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the following drawings and documents unless otherwise agreed in writing by the City Council as Local Planning Authority:

(a) al(05)001 Rev B; and

(b) Pages 9, 10, 11and Chetham's School of Music - Stage D Landscape Design Report as amended by al(05) 720, 721 and 722

Reason - To ensure that the development is carried out in accordance with the approved plans. Pursuant to policy H2.2 of the Manchester Unitary Development Plan.

3) Approval of the details of the appearance, landscaping of the central courtyard and scale (hereinafter called "the reserved matters") shall be obtained from the local planning authority in writing before any development is commenced.

Plans and particulars of the reserved matters shall be submitted in writing to the local planning authority and shall be carried out as approved.

Reason - To ensure the satisfactory development of the site and because this application is in outline only, pursuatn to policy H2.2 of the Manchester Unitary Development Plan.

4) No development shall commence until a hard and soft landscaping treatment scheme for the central courtyard to the School of music has been submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority. Unless otherwise approved in writing the approved scheme shall be implemented not later than 12 months from the date of that approval. If within a period of 5 years from the date of the planting of any tree or shrub, that tree or shrub or any tree or shrub planted in replacement for it, is removed, uprooted or destroyed or dies, or becomes, in the opinion of the local planning authority, seriously damaged or defective, another tree or shrub of the same species and size as that originally planted shall be planted at the same place, unless otherwise agree in writing by the City Council as local planning authority.

Reason - To ensure that a satisfactory landscaping scheme for the development is carried out that respects the character and visual amenities of the area, in accordance with policy DC18.1 and DC19.1 of the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester.

5) The wheels of contractors vehicles leaving the site shall be cleaned and the access roads leading to the site swept daily in accordance with a management

scheme submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority prior to any works commencing on site.

Reason - In the interest of pedestrian and highway safety, as specified in policy H2.2 of the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester.

6) a) Before the development hereby approved commences, a report (the Preliminary Risk Assessment) to identify and evaluate all potential sources and impacts of any ground contamination, groundwater contamination and/or ground gas relevant to the site shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority. The Preliminary Risk Assessment shall conform to City Council's current guidance document (Planning Guidance in Relation to Ground Contamination).

In the event of the Preliminary Risk Assessment identifying risks which in the written opinion of the Local Planning Authority require further investigation, the development shall not commence until a scheme for the investigation of the site and the identification of remediation measures (the Site Investigation Proposal) has been submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority.

The measures for investigating the site identified in the Site Investigation Proposal shall be carried out, before the development commences and a report prepared outlining what measures, if any, are required to remediate the land (the Site Investigation Report and/or Remediation Strategy) which shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority.

b) When the development commences, the development shall be carried out in accordance with the previously agreed Remediation Strategy and a Completion/Verification Report shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority.

In the event that ground contamination, groundwater contamination and/or ground gas, not previously identified, are found to be present on the site at any time before the development is occupied, then development shall cease and/or the development shall not be occupied until, a report outlining what measures, if any, are required to remediate the land (the Revised Remediation Strategy) is submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority and the development shall be carried out in accordance with the Revised Remediation Strategy, which shall take precedence over any Remediation Strategy or earlier Revised Remediation Strategy.

Reason - To ensure that the presence of or the potential for any contaminated land and/or groundwater is detected and appropriate remedial action is taken in the interests of public safety, pursuant to H2.2 of the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester.

7) In this condition "retained tree" means an existing tree, shrub or hedge which is to be as shown as retained on the approved plans and particulars; and paragraphs (a) and (b) below shall have effect until the expiration of 5 years from the date of the occupation of the building for its permitted use.

(a) No retained tree shall be cut down, uprooted or destroyed, nor shall any retained tree be topped or lopped other than in accordance with the approved plans and particulars, without the written approval of the local planning authority. Any topping or lopping approved shall be carried out in accordance with British Standard 5387 (Trees in relation to construction)

(b) If any retained tree is removed, uprooted or destroyed or dies, another tree shall be planted at the same place and that tree shall be of such size and species, and shall be planted at such time, as may be specified in writing by the local planning authority.

(c) The erection of fencing for the protection of any retained tree shall be undertaken in accordance with the approved plans and particulars before any equipment, machinery or materials are brought on to the site for the purposes of the development, and shall be maintained until all equipment, machinery and surplus materials have been removed from the site. Nothing shall be stored or placed in any area fenced in accordance with this condition and the ground levels within those areas shall not be altered, nor shall any excavation be made, without the written consent of the local planning authority.

Reason - In order avoid damage to trees/shrubs adjacent to and within the site which are of important amenity value to the area and in order to protect the character of the area, in accordance with Policies 2.4 and 2.6 of the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester.

8) No development shall commence until final details of the proposed contemporary supporting structure to the retained gable end has been submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority.

Reason - To ensure that a satisfactory development that respects the character and visual amenities of the area, in accordance with policy DC18.1 and DC19.1 of the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester.

9) Before development commences final details of the proposed lighting scheme shall for the buildings and external areas shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority before the development commences. The approved scheme shall be implemented within 6 months of the completion of the landscaping works unless otherwise agreed in writing by the local planning authority and shall remain in operation for so long as the development is occupied.

Reason - In accordance with the details contained on page 13 of the Chetham's School of Music - Stage D Landscape Design Report, in the interests of amenity, crime reduction and the personal safety of those using the proposed development in order to comply with the requirements of government guidance in Planning Policy Statement 1 and Policies H2.2, E3.3 and E3.5 of the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester.

10) No development shall commence until final details of the following have been submitted to and approved in writing by the City Council as local planning authority;

(a) proposed contemporary supporting structure to the retained gable end;
(b) retaining walls and fence to landscaped area on site of Palatine Building;
(c) bespoke fence to landscaped area on site of Palatine Building;
(d) any archaeological features to be retained in compliance with condition 4 attached to planning application ref no 083492.

The landscaping scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details.

Reason - To ensure a satisfactory development that respects the character and visual amenities of the area, in accordance with policy DC18.1 and DC19.1 of the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester.

Signed……

Peter Babb, Head of Planning

on behalf of the Council
Town Hall,
Manchester M60 3NY

NOTES

1. Leaflets attached:

2. This permission refers only to that required under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment, byelaw, order or regulation**.**

3. If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the First Secretary of State in accordance with Section 78(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within six months of the date of the notice of the decision.

The Planning Inspectorate have introduced an online appeals service that can be used to make appeals online. This service is available through the Appeals area of the Planning Portal – www.planningportal.gov.uk/pcs. The Inspectorate will publish details of your appeal on the internet (on the Appeals area of the Planning Portal).

This may include a copy of the original planning application form and any supporting documents supplied to the local planning authority. By you or your agent, together with the completed appeal form and information you submit to the Planning Inspectorate. Please ensure that you only provide information, including personal information, that you are happy will be made available to others in this way. If you supply personal information belonging to a third party please ensure you have their permission. More detailed information about data protection and privacy matters is available on the Planning Portal.

Alternatively, appeals can be made on a form which is obtainable from Planning Inspectorate, Customer Support Unit, Room 3/15, Eagle Wing, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 or by telephone 0117 372 6372.

The First Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances that excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The First Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

4. The statutory requirements are those set out in Section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely Sections 70(1) and 72(1) of the Act.

5. If either the local planning authority of the First Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.

In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990

6. In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the First Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in Section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Appendix A – Standing Advice Regarding Coalfield Area

The proposed development lies within an area which could be subject to current coal mining or hazards resulting from past coal mining. Such hazards may currently exist, be caused as a result of the proposed development, or occur at some time in the future. These hazards include:

- Collapse of shallow coal mine workings.
- Collapse of, or risk of entry into, mine entries (shafts and adits).
- Gas emissions from coal mines including methane and carbon dioxide.
- Spontaneous combustion or ignition of coal which may lead to underground heatings and production of carbon monoxide.
- Transmission of gases into adjacent properties from underground sources through ground fractures.
- Coal mining subsidence.
- Water emissions from coal mine workings.

Applicants must take account of these hazards which could affect stability, health & safety, or cause adverse environmental impacts during the carrying out their proposals and must seek specialist advice where required. Additional hazards or stability issues may arise from development on or adjacent to restored opencast sites or quarries and former colliery spoil tips.

Potential hazards or impacts may not necessarily be confined to the development site, and Applicants must take advice and introduce appropriate measures to address risks both within and beyond the development site. As an example the stabilisation of shallow coal workings by grouting may affect, block or divert underground pathways for water or gas.

In coal mining areas there is the potential for existing property and new development to be affected by mine gases, and this must be considered by each developer. Gas prevention measures must be adopted during construction where there is such a risk. The investigation of sites through drilling alone has the potential to displace underground gases or in certain situations may create carbon monoxide where air flush drilling is adopted.

Any intrusive activities which intersect, disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) require the prior written permission of the Coal Authority. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, digging of foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes.

Failure to obtain Coal Authority permission for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action. In the interests of public safety the Coal Authority is concerned that risks specific to the nature of coal and coal mine workings are identified and mitigated.

The above advice applies to the site of your proposal and the surrounding vicinity. You must obtain property specific summary information on any past, current and proposed surface and underground coal mining activity, and other ground stability information in order to make an assessment of the risks. This can be obtained from The Coal Authority's Property Search Service on 0845 762 6848 or at www.groundstability.com