MANCHESTER CITY COUNCIL

Important – Planning permission & notices of consent

Compliance with conditions

- Your planning approval or consent is attached. It will contain conditions that you must comply with.
- Please read the conditions and understand their requirements and restrictions, for example submission and approval of details or measures to protect trees.
- Some conditions will require action before you start development and it is imperative that you seek to have these discharged before any work commences.
- Whilst every effort has been made to group conditions logically, it is your responsibility to ensure that you are aware of the requirements and/or restrictions of all conditions.
- If you fail to comply with the conditions this may result in a breach of planning control and this may lead to enforcement action.
- Failure to comply with conditions may also result in the development not being lawful.
- It is in your interests to demonstrate that conditions have been complied with. Failure to do so may cause difficulties if the property is sold or transferred.
- A fee is payable for each request to discharge conditions.
- For advice on any of these matters, please contact Planning, Manchester City Council, PO Box 532, Town Hall, Manchester M60 2LA or email planning@manchester.gov.uk

MANCHESTER CITY COUNCIL

Planning (Listed Building & Conservation Area) Act 1990 (as amended)

Conservation Area Consent

Applicant

Mr Andrew Mullet
6 Rufford Road
Whalley Range
Manchester
M16 8AE

Agent (if used)

Mrs Sonia Pabla-Thomas
SPACE: Architecture + Planning
4 Manchester Road
Chorlton
Manchester
M21 9JG

Part 1 – Particulars of the application/development

Proposal: Conservation Area Consent for demolition of existing dwellinghouse

Location: 6 Rufford Road, Whalley Range, Manchester, M16 8AE

Date of application: 13 September 2013

Application number: 103497/CC/2013/S1

Part 2 – Particulars of decision

Manchester City Council gives notice that the development referred to in Part 1 has been **granted** in accordance with the application and plans submitted subject to the condition(s) listed below (if any).

Article 31 Declaration

Positive and proactive working - Officers have worked with the applicant in a positive and proactive manner based on seeking solutions to problems arising in relation to dealing with the planning application. No significant problems have arisen during the consideration of this application.

Condition(s) attached to this decision

1) The works to which this consent relates must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this consent.

Reason - Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 18 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 as applied and modified in relation to buildings in conservation areas.

2) The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the following drawings and documents:

Stamped received on 30th August 2013 numbered 0129/00-002, 0129/00-001, 0129/00-111, 0129/00-112, 0129/00-113, 0129/20-002, 0129/20-2010129/20-202, 0129/21-201 Rev A, 0129/21-203, 0129/21-204, 0129/99-901 and Planning Report

Revised plans stamped received on 15th november 2013 numbered 0129/20-206 and 0129/21-202 A

Reason - To ensure that the development is carried out in accordance with the approved plans. Pursuant to policies SP1 and DM1 of the Core Strategy.

3) The demolition hereby permitted shall not be undertaken before a contract for the carrying out of the building works for the redevelopment of the site in accordance with application 103496/FO/2013/S1 including a date for the commencement of works within a reasonable time has been made, and planning permission has been granted for the redevelopment for which the contract provides, and evidence of that contract has been supplied to the City Council as local planning authority.

Reason - In the interests of the preservation of the Conservation Area, and to ensure that redevelopment of the site takes place following demolition of the existing building, pursuant to policy EN3 of the Manchester Core Strategy (2012) and extant policy DC18 in the Unitary Development Plan for the City of Manchester (1995).

Informatives

This permission does not grant approval under Building Regulations.

The proposed development lies within an area which could be subject to current coal mining or hazards resulting from past coal mining. Please read the Standing Advice from the Coal Authority in Appendix A.

Date: 26 November 2013

Signed: 

Julie Roscoe
Head of Planning, Building Control & Licensing

Manchester City Council, P O Box 532, Town Hall, Manchester M60 2LA

Notes

1. This consent refers only to that required under the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment, byelaw, order or regulation.

2. If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse consent or approval for the proposed development, or to grant consent or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the First Secretary of State in accordance with sections 20 and 21 of the Act within six months of the date of the notice of the decision.

The Planning Inspectorate have introduced an online appeals service that can be used to make appeals online. This service is available through the Appeals area of the Planning Portal – www.planningportal.gov.uk/pcs. The Inspectorate will publish details of your appeal on the internet (on the Appeals area of the Planning Portal).

4. If consent is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the First Secretary of State, and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the Council of the district in which the land is situated a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of section 27 of the Act.

5. In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where consent is refused or granted subject to conditions by the First Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in Section 27 of the Act.

Appendix A – Standing Advice Regarding Coalfield Area

The proposed development lies within an area which could be subject to current coal mining or hazards resulting from past coal mining. Such hazards may currently exist, be caused as a result of the proposed development, or occur at some time in the future. These hazards include:

- Collapse of shallow coal mine workings.
- Collapse of, or risk of entry into, mine entries (shafts and adits).
- Gas emissions from coal mines including methane and carbon dioxide.
- Spontaneous combustion or ignition of coal which may lead to underground heatings and production of carbon monoxide.
- Transmission of gases into adjacent properties from underground sources through ground fractures.
- Coal mining subsidence.
- Water emissions from coal mine workings.

Applicants must take account of these hazards which could affect stability, health & safety, or cause adverse environmental impacts during the carrying out their proposals and must seek specialist advice where required. Additional hazards or stability issues may arise from development on or adjacent to restored opencast sites or quarries and former colliery spoil tips.

Potential hazards or impacts may not necessarily be confined to the development site, and Applicants must take advice and introduce appropriate measures to address risks both within and beyond the development site. As an example the stabilisation of shallow coal workings by grouting may affect, block or divert underground pathways for water or gas.

In coal mining areas there is the potential for existing property and new development to be affected by mine gases, and this must be considered by each developer. Gas prevention measures must be adopted during construction where there is such a risk. The investigation of sites through drilling alone has the potential to displace underground gases or in certain situations may create carbon monoxide where air flush drilling is adopted.

Any intrusive activities which intersect, disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) require the prior written permission of the Coal Authority. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, digging of foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes.
Failure to obtain Coal Authority permission for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action. In the interests of public safety the Coal Authority is concerned that risks specific to the nature of coal and coal mine workings are identified and mitigated.

The above advice applies to the site of your proposal and the surrounding vicinity. You must obtain property specific summary information on any past, current and proposed surface and underground coal mining activity, and other ground stability information in order to make an assessment of the risks. This can be obtained from The Coal Authority's Property Search Service on 0845 762 6848 or at www.groundstability.com