

7 - 9 PICCADILLY, MANCHESTER, M1 1LZ
SURFACE WATER MEANS OF DISPOSAL REPORT

November 2021

Job No. 21518

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Prepared by	Issued
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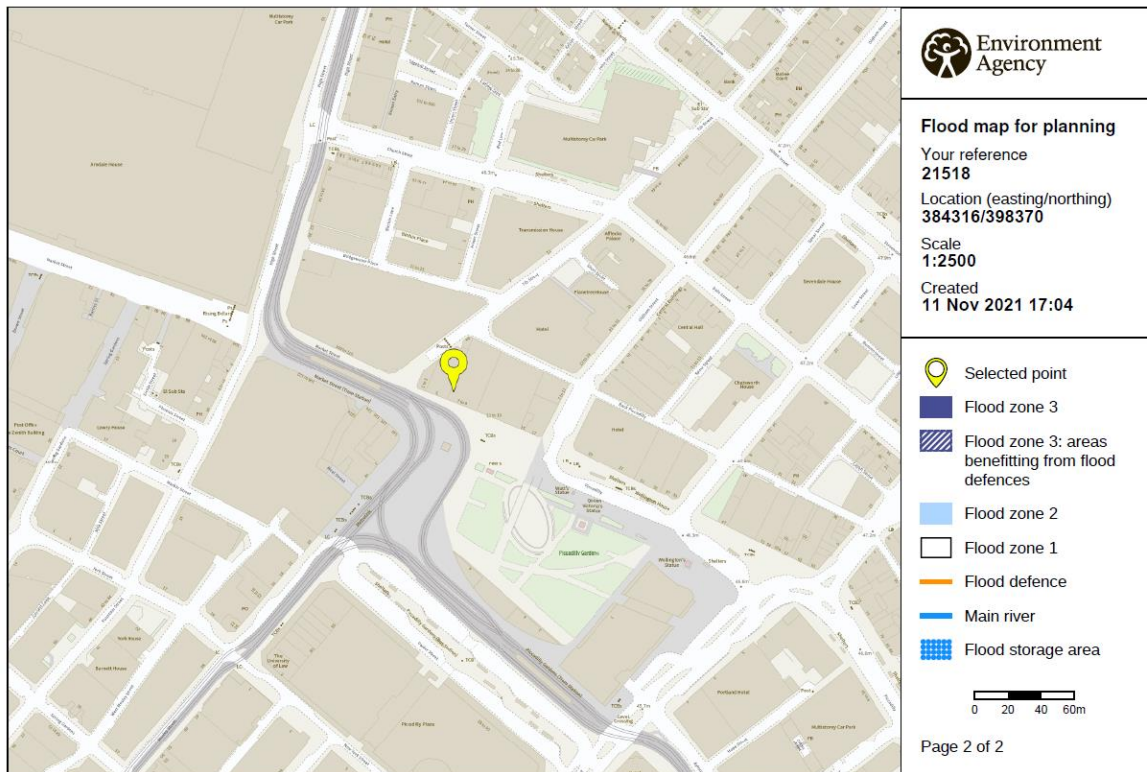
1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This report has been prepared in connection with the above development and no responsibility is accepted to any third party for all or part of this study in connection with this or any other development.
- 1.2 The location, size, depth and identification of existing services that may be shown or referred to in this report have been assessed from non-intrusive observations, record drawings and the like. Any Contractor shall safely carry out intrusive investigations, trial holes or soundings, prior to commencing any work, to satisfy himself that it is safe to proceed and that the assessments are accurate. Any discrepancies shall be notified to the Client prior to the commencement of any works.
- 1.3 This Report has been prepared by Axiom Structures on behalf of its Client, Thackeray Investments (the "Applicant") to accompany a full planning application for the proposed redevelopment of the property at 7-9 Piccadilly, Manchester City Centre. The development to which this report relates comprises the retention of the commercial unit on the ground floor, with the conversion of the upper floors into high quality Grade A office accommodation, including the sensitive introduction of a third, fourth and fifth floor onto Piccadilly Gardens/Back Piccadilly with a sixth floor set back to provide the opportunity for an attractive roof terrace. In terms of access, the proposals include for a main entrance to the proposed offices from Back Piccadilly.
- 1.4 The Application Site extends to approximately 0.07 hectares and comprises a three-storey building with commercial premises (currently comprising a Superdrug and Greggs store) at ground floor level with storage on the upper floors.
- 1.5 This report is produced to show how a retrospective SuDS installation can be incorporated into the redevelopment of this property and to demonstrate how the existing volumetric surface water discharge is to be controlled and the storm water attenuated.

2.0 INVESTIGATION

2.1 Flood Risk

The Environment Agency's website supplied the following flood map for planning (see below) which confirms that the site is located in the area classified as FLOOD ZONE 1 an area with a low probability of flooding:-



2.2 Existing Drainage Survey

White Young Green, Consulting Engineers, carried out a drainage survey of the basement and this was recorded on drawing number A003362 2701 CS 030 T2 dated 15th October 2001, which shows the existing combined drainage within the basement. A copy of this drawing can be seen on the next page.

The drainage routes indicated on this drawing have been reproduced on Axiom's drawing 21518 ASL ZZ ZZ DR D 0600 P1 Existing and Proposed Basement Drainage and can be seen in Section 4.0 Proposed Surface Water Drainage.

2.6 Retrofitting SuDS techniques into the existing combined drainage system is not practical. The existing combined drainage within the basement would have to be totally replaced with separate foul and surface water drainage systems. This is because the two existing tenanted retail units within the basement would be severely disrupted. Therefore, the attenuation is to be stored within a blue roof at seventh floor level.

- 2.7 The surface water is to be attenuated using a blue roof at seventh floor level, with a flow control rainwater outlet orifice size of 45mmØ passing 1.00 litre per second. The fifth floor balconies and the first floor light well are to discharge surface water unrestricted.

2.8 Drainage Roof Areas

The following calculations use BSEN 12056 Drainage Inside Buildings Figure NB.1 - Rainfall intensity, for a 2 minute duration storm event with a return period of 1 year.

Application Site Area 700m²

Existing surface water runoff = 12.6 litres per second

Unrestricted Roofs

Ground floor light well area 30m² = 0.54 litres per second

2No. Balcony areas 175m² = 3.15 litres per second

Restricted Roof with a controlled discharge

Blue roof area 323m² = 1.00 litre per second

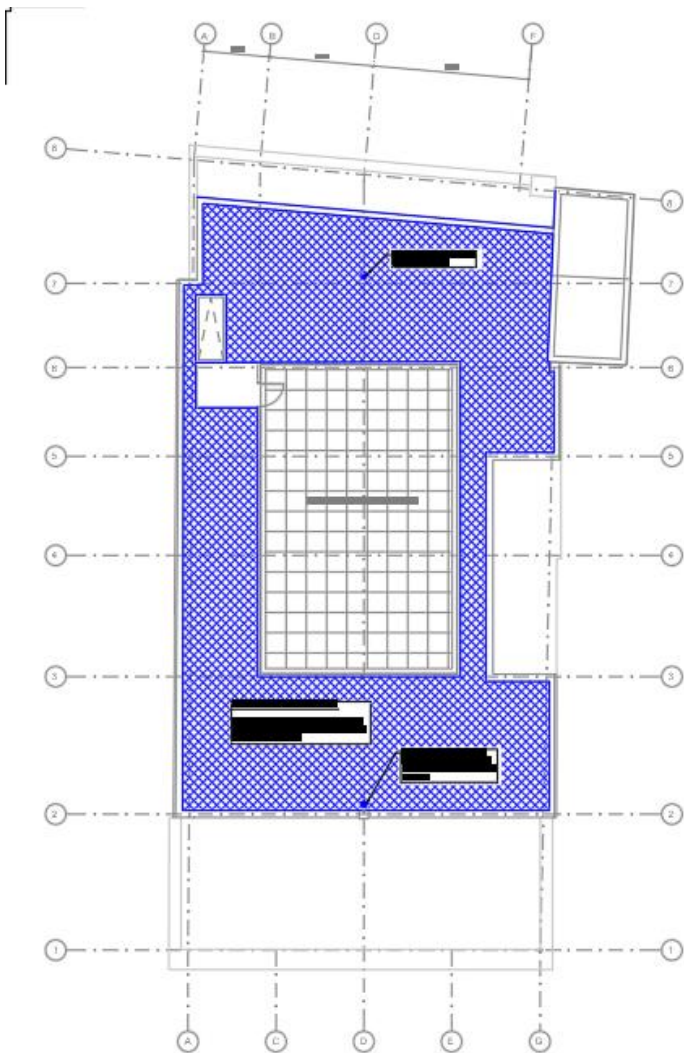
Total runoff from proposed roofs = 4.69 litres per second

Subtract existing runoff from proposed **=7.91 litres per second**
Achieving a reduction
of 63% in
volumetric discharge

2.9 Greenfield Runoff

MicroDrainage source control 2020.1.3 software was used to calculate the QBAR (the (arithmetic) mean annual maximum flood) flow rate in litres per second for the area of greenfield site to be occupied by the proposed development of 700m² (0.07 hectares).

- 2.10 The MicroDrainage greenfield calculations in Section 3.0 Calculations, show that QBAR Q100 years is 0.08 litres per second.
- 2.11 The SuDS C753 v3 Manual recommends in Chapter 3, page 44 – 3.3.1 Water Quantity Standard 1: Control of Runoff Volume b) Volume Control For Extreme Rainfall Events - Item number 2: All the runoff from the site for the 1:100 year event should be discharged at either a rate of 2 litres per second per Hectare (ha) or the average annual peak flow rate (ie the mean annual flood QBAR) whichever is the greater. Therefore, 2 litres per ha x 0.07 hectares = 0.14 litres per second and is to be considered.
- 2.12 A volumetric restriction of 0.14 litres per second would require a very small orifice, which is likely to block within a blue roof installation. Therefore, the restricted discharge is increased to 1.00 litre per second, with an orifice size of 45mmØ to mitigate this risk.
- 2.13 The following drawing 21518 ASL ZZ ZZ DR D 0602 P3 Proposed Blue Roof shows that the upper flat roof is 490m² however, the screened plant enclosure cannot be used to store attenuated rainwater and is to be banded from the surrounding roof, which has a floodable surface area of 323m². A .pdf copy of this drawing is appended to this report:-



2.14 Attenuation Volume

MicroDrainage source control 2020.1.3 software was used to calculate the storage volume required to accommodate the 1:100 year period + 40% climate change, without the blue roof overflowing.

- 2.15 The calculations show that the required attenuation storage is 24.7m³, peaking at 360 minutes during a winter storm.
- 2.16 This volume equates to an attenuation blue roof size of 323m², with a water depth of 77mm.
- 2.17 The flow control is a rainwater outlet, with a 45mmØ orifice and an emergency overflow, set at 80mm above the roof.
- 2.18 The MicroDrainage calculations supporting the above statements are contained within Section 3.0 Calculations, of this report.

3.0 CALCULATIONS

Greenfield Runoff calculation page 1 of 1

AXIOM STRUCTURES Tel 020 3637 2751 177 Southwark Bridge Road London, SE1 0ED		Page 1 
Date 11/11/2021 19:27 File 211111 Piccadilly Green...		Designed by jdh Checked by
Micro Drainage		Source Control 2020.1.3

ICF BUDE Mean Annual Flood

Input

return period (years)	100	soil	0.450
Area (ha)	0.070	Urban	0.000
GAAR (mm)	860	Region Number	Region 10

Results 1/0

QEAR Rural	0.4
QEAR Urban	0.4
Q100 years	0.6
Q1 year	0.3
Q30 years	0.7
Q100 years	0.8

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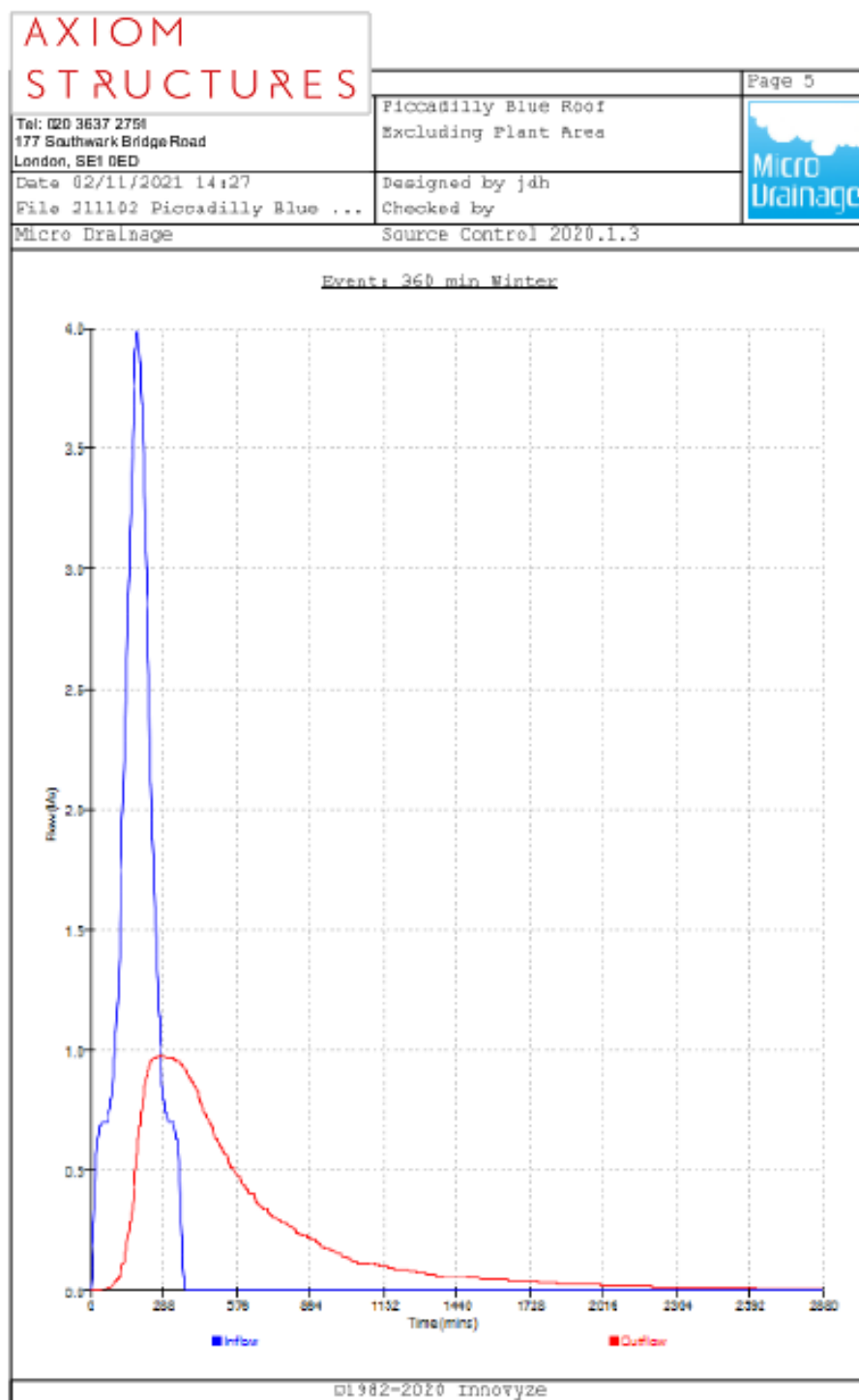
Summary Results for 100 year return period (+ 40%) page 3 of 5

AXIOM STRUCTURES		Page 3																																											
Tel: 020 3637 2751 177 Southwark Bridge Road London, SE1 0ED		Piccadilly Blue Roof Excluding Plant Area																																											
Date 02/11/2021 14:27 File 211102 Piccadilly Blue ...		Designed by jdh Checked by																																											
Micro Drainage		Source Control 2020.1.3																																											
<u>Rainfall Details</u> <table> <tr> <td>Rainfall Model</td> <td>FSR</td> <td>Winter Storms</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Return Period (years)</td> <td>100</td> <td>Cv (Summer)</td> <td>0.750</td> </tr> <tr> <td>region</td> <td>england and wales</td> <td>Cv (Winter)</td> <td>0.840</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M5-60 (mm)</td> <td>18.800</td> <td>Shortest Storm (mins)</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ratio R</td> <td>0.361</td> <td>Longest Storm (mins)</td> <td>10080</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Summer Storms</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Climate Change %</td> <td>+40</td> </tr> </table> <u>Time Area Diagram</u> Total Area (ha) 0.049 <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Time (mins)</th> <th>Area</th> <th>Time (mins)</th> <th>Area</th> <th>Time (mins)</th> <th>Area</th> </tr> <tr> <th>FROM: TO: (ha)</th> <th></th> <th>FROM: TO: (ha)</th> <th></th> <th>FROM: TO: (ha)</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>4 0.016</td> <td>4</td> <td>8 0.016</td> <td>8</td> <td>12 0.016</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Rainfall Model	FSR	Winter Storms	Yes	Return Period (years)	100	Cv (Summer)	0.750	region	england and wales	Cv (Winter)	0.840	M5-60 (mm)	18.800	Shortest Storm (mins)	15	Ratio R	0.361	Longest Storm (mins)	10080	Summer Storms	Yes	Climate Change %	+40	Time (mins)	Area	Time (mins)	Area	Time (mins)	Area	FROM: TO: (ha)		FROM: TO: (ha)		FROM: TO: (ha)		4	4 0.016	4	8 0.016	8	12 0.016
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Summary Results for 100 year return period (+ 40%) page 4 of 5

AXIOM STRUCTURES		Page 4												
Tel 020 3637 2751 177 Southwark Bridge Road London, SE1 0ED		Piccadilly Blue Roof Excluding Plant Area												
Date 02/11/2021 14:27 File 211102 Piccadilly Blue ...		Designed by jdh Checked by												
Micro Drainage		Source Control 2020.1.3												
<u>Model Details</u> Storage is Online Cover Level (m) 101.000 <u>Tank or Pond Structure</u> Invert Level (m) 100.000 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Depth (m)</th> <th>Area (m²)</th> <th>Depth (m)</th> <th>Area (m²)</th> <th>Depth (m)</th> <th>Area (m²)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.090</td> <td>323.0</td> <td>0.150</td> <td>323.0</td> <td>0.151</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <u>Orifice Outflow Control</u> Diameter (m) 0.045 Discharge Coefficient 0.600 Invert Level (m) 101.010			Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	0.090	323.0	0.150	323.0	0.151	0.0
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©1982-2020 innovyze														

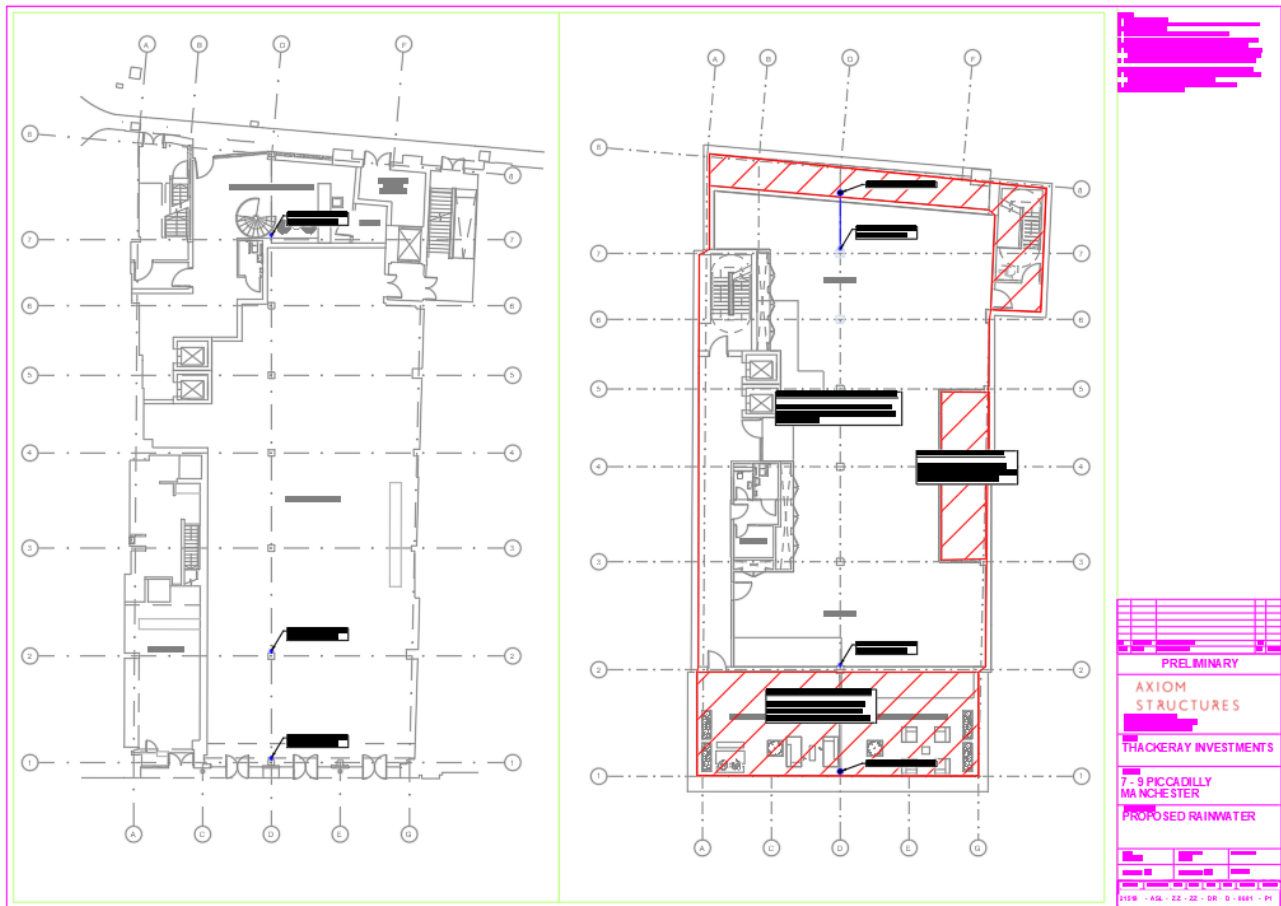
Summary Results for 100 year return period (+ 40%) page 5 of 5



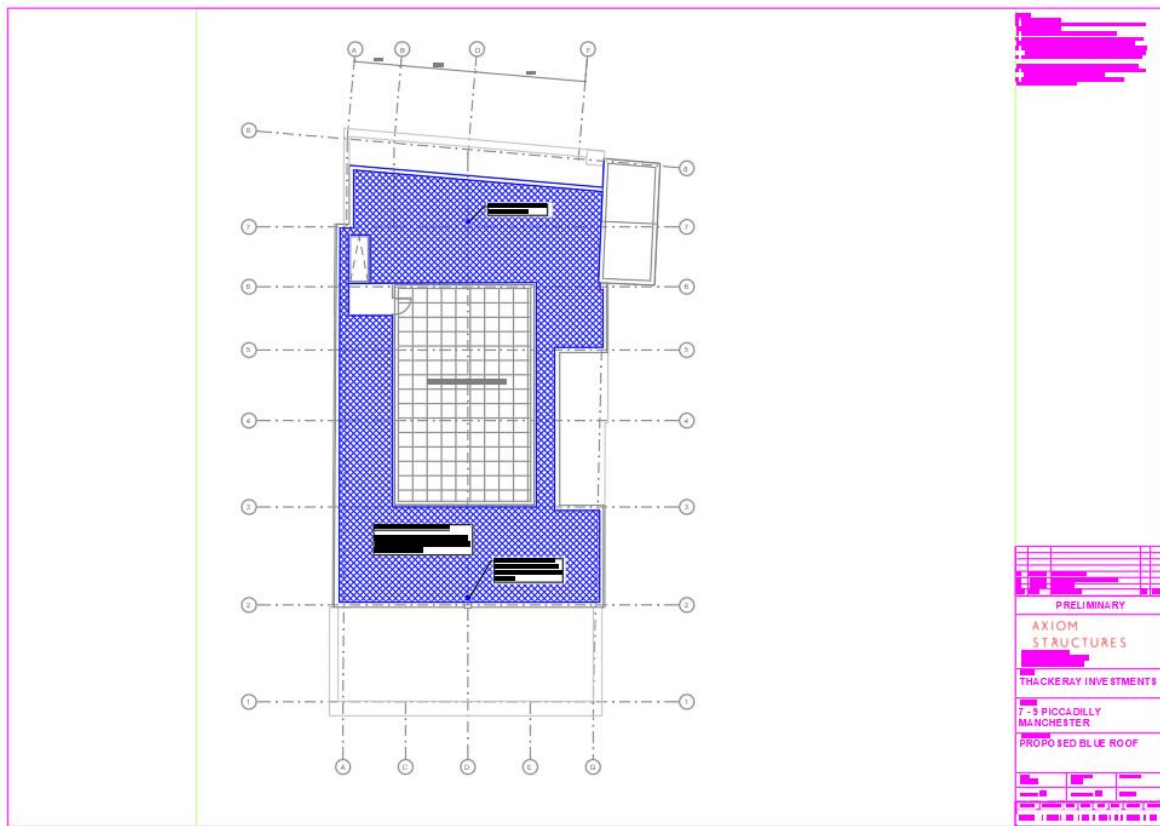
4.0 PROPOSED SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE



The drawing above – 21518 ASL ZZ ZZ DR D 0600 P1 Existing and Proposed Basement Drainage is appended to this report.



The drawing above – 21518 ASL ZZ ZZ DR D 0601 P1 Proposed Rainwater is appended to this report.



The drawing above – 21518 ASL ZZ ZZ DR D 0602 P3 Proposed Blue Roof is appended to this report.

5.0 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SuDS INSTALLATION

- 5.1 The Management of all maintenance for the building, is to be carried out by the Management Company, who are to maintain and repair all common areas to the development. The works to be undertaken include drain cleaning, gully/leaf guard maintenance and gutter cleaning, landscape garden maintenance, external repairs, repairs to internal common parts and window cleaning. The Management Company will arrange all regulatory inspections and tests.

SuDS Maintenance Schedule for:-

7 - 9 PICCADILLY, MANCHESTER, M1 1LZ

Maintenance Schedule	Description	Frequency
Regular maintenance	Inspect and identify any areas that are not operating correctly. Remove debris from the catchment surfaces ie: keep roofs, balconies, rainwater outlets and emergency overflows free from debris, such as rubbish, leaf mulch, nesting materials/dead birds etc.	Monthly for the first 3 months, then annually.
	Remove sediment from around and within rainwater outlets	Annually, or as required.
	Repair, rehabilitate rainwater outlets, emergency overflows and flow control outlet.	As required.
Remedial action	Inspect/check rainwater outlets, emergency overflows and flow control outlet, to ensure that they are in good condition and operating as designed.	Annually.
Monitoring	In the event of emergency overflows operating, inspect flow control orifice for blockage.	Following emergency overflow discharge.

6.0 SUMMARY

- 6.1 The site is located within FLOOD ZONE 1 an area with a low probability of flooding.
- 6.2 Retrofitting SuDS into the existing combined drainage system is not practical. Therefore, the attenuation is to be stored within a blue roof at seventh floor level.
- 6.3 The surface water system is designed in accordance with CIRIA C753 v3 The SuDS Manual. The SuDS system shall accommodate the 1:100 year return period + 40% climate change.
- 6.4 The above calculations demonstrate that 24.7m³ of storm water storage is required when the surface water runoff is restricted to 1.00 litre per second. This storage is contained within a blue roof at seventh floor level, with a water depth of 80mm.
- 6.5 The introduction of a blue roof into the development, results in a 63% reduction in surface water discharge from the brownfield site, thereby reducing the risk of flooding within the local area.